					Accountancy Marking Scher				
					PART				
1		(Acco	unting f		it Organization Sheet of N			and Companies)	
			Liabi	ilities	Amount (₹)		Assets	Amount (₹)	(1)
			nament F Tournam nses	,	66,000				
2	(c) 6	% p.a.							(1)
3	i		to each distingui	ished from capita	nately what is do	ue to hir an);	n/her from the fir	m for advances as	(1)
4	b) ₹4	5,000						(1)
5	7 ½ r	months							(1)
6					Journ	ıal			(1)
		Date		Particulars		L.F.	Debit (₹)	Credit (₹)	
		2018 April,1	L	Ankit's capital Ay Unnati Capital Ay Aryan's Capital Ay To Profit and (Being Profit and balance distribut change in profit	/c Dr /c Dr Loss A/c Loss debit led at time of		30,250 18,150 12,100	60,500	(1)
7		-	-	r C's Share (4, of A,B,C (10,0	00,000 X (5/1)	*	20,00,0 14,00,0		
	Valu	ue of fi	rm's Go			ŕ	6,00,0		(1/2)
									(1/2)
8	Dat	te	Particu	ılars	Journ	lal L.F	Dr Amount	Dr Amount	7
			1 41 0100				(₹)	(₹)	1 1
	201 Nov		To K (Being date of	nd Loss Suspense avleen's Capital A Kavleen's share o her death transfe account)	/c f profit up to the	2	9,375	9,375	(1)
9	<u> </u>				Journ	ıal			_

	Date	Particulars	L.F	Dr Amount (₹)	Dr Amount (₹)	
	2019 April, 1	Investment Fluctuation Reserve A/c To Investment A/c To A's capital A/c To B's Capital A/c (Being the transfer of excess Investment Fluctuation reserve to partner's capital acold profit sharing ratio)	Dr.	60,000	20,000 24,000 16,000	(1
assi	umed.	claim of the partner against the firm		y the amoun	t of liability	(1
A's B's Nev	Share = Share = w Profit S	quired from A and B each = $\frac{1}{5} X \frac{1}{2} = \frac{3}{5} - \frac{1}{10} = \frac{5}{10} = \frac{3}{10}$ Sharing ratio of A: B: C is 5:3: 2 of it sharing ratio is 5:3:2	1 10			1
	£ 2,50,000					(1
	erve Capi					\1
	Add: Less: Less: Add:	Particulars unt paid for medicines during the year Opening Stock of medicines Closing stock of medicines Opening Creditors Closing creditors Closing creditors cine consumed during the year	,		Amount (₹) 2,00,000 50,000 (95,000) (20,000) 10,000 —— 1,45,000 ———	6
Ba	ısis of dist	O Income and Evnendi		Passint an	d Doumont Account	_
 	iture	Inction Income and Expendit It is like as profit and loss account.	ount, hence	It is the sumr	d Payment Account nary of the cash a real account.	
	ture of Ite	nature only.		of cash and b		
Pe	riod	Items in Income and Expendit account relate to the current	period.	Receipts and relate to pred	payments items may ceding and eriods.	1

				Jo	urna	ıl							
Date	÷	P	articulars					L.F	Dr Am	ount ₹)	Dr Am	nount (₹)	
Sept 2019	tember 30	P	na's Capital A/c ranjal's Capital A/c To Danish's				Dr Dr		18,000 12,000)	30,000		
Sept 2019	tember 30	0, Of Pr		nse A/c s Capital A/c			Dr		5,400		5,400		
Sept 2019	tember 30	0, tr D	Being Danish's share ansferred to his capit anish's Capital A/c To Danish' Being amount due to ecount)	s Executor's A/c			Dr		5,35,40	00	5,35,4	00	
= 2 Profit %	2,00,00 2,00,00 = 10%	00 + 209 00 +40,0 6 - 1% = 9		X 9/100 X 5/1	0 X 6	/12 = ₹	5,400						
			I	Jo	urna								
	Date		Particulars			L.F.	Dr Ar	nount (₹)	I	Or Aı	mount (₹)		
	20 Marc	018 ch,31	(Being the de	tal A/c Dr. s Capital A/c			2,40,0 1,60,0	000		4,00	0,000		
Dr				and Loss Appr year ended 3	-								Cr
	Partic	ulars		ount (₹)	Pa	rticular	S				Amount	t (₹)	
To Net		oss A/c)	22,	00,000	Ma Bh	Loss tra aanika's aavi's ca amal's C	s capit pital a	al a/c /c			12,00,00 8,00,000 2,00,000	0	
				00,000							22,00,0		=
	the firr share	m : 22,00 of loss :	0,000 =22,00,000 X1/ profit=2,00,00		OR								
Loss of t Komal's Guarant	the firr share	m : 22,00 of loss :	=22,00,000 X1/ profit=2,00,00		OR		Bha	anu's		1	Chand's		
Loss of t Komal's Guarant	the firr share teed m	m : 22,00 of loss :	=22,00,000 X1/	00	OR	Cr	Bha	anu's	Cr		Chand's Or	Cr	
Loss of t Komal's Guarant	the firr share teed m	m : 22,00 of loss : ninimum	=22,00,000 X1/ profit=2,00,00	OO Alia	OR 's	Cr	Dr	anu's	Cr			Cr	
Loss of t Komal's Guarant	the firr share teed m	m : 22,00 of loss : ninimum	=22,00,000 X1/ profit=2,00,00 Particular's	Alia Dr	OR 's	Cr 18,000	Dr		Cr 4,000		Or	Cr 18,00	00

				30,000	33,000	30,0	000 1	19,000	20,000	28,000	
			RECT	IFYING JOU	RNAL EN	ITRY					
Date		Particulars			L.F.	Amo (₹)	ount		Amount (₹)		
31st Marc	h, 2017		nd's Capital a's Capital A , profit share	c incorrectly		11,00	00		3	3,000	
Partic	ulars	Extra	act of Bala	nce Sheet As at _	of Bliss	No te	Amo Curr	unt ent	Pr	nount evious	
						No ·	Year		Ye	ear	
I.	_	UITY AND Shareholder a. Share		ΓIES		1	39,70),000			
Notes to	o Accour	nts:									
Note No.		culars						A	Amount	: (₹)	
1	A	e Capital uthorized C 0 Equity sha		0 each				9	90,00,00	0	
		d Capital 0 Equity sha	res of ₹ 10	0 each				5	50,00,00	0	
	Subse	c ribed Capi t c ribed and I 0 Equity sha	Fully Paid		2	39,00,	000				
		Forfeited Sh					,000	3	39,70,00	0	
										,	
Data	Doution	-lawa		Journ	1	A	4		A	.4	
Date	Partici				L.F.	(₹)	ount		Amoun (₹)	ıt	
	(Being partner	,		Dr l by the		6,00	00			6,000	
		ntion A/c To Bank A/c	ditor's paid	Dr		27,0	000		2	7,000	

		K's Capital Account		Or	3,000			
		To Realization A					3,000	
		(Being unrecorded ma	achine taken ov	er				
		by a partner)						
		R's Capital A/c		r	5,000			
		K's Capital A/c		r	5,000			
		S's Capital A/c)r	5,000			
		To Profit and Lo					15,000	
		(being debit balance of		SS				
		distributed amongst pa	artners)					
19	_				_		_	
	Dr.		Income and Exp				Cr	
	Evmon	J:4	For the year end				umt (₹)	
	Expend		Amount (₹)	Inco			unt (₹)	
		vertisement	13,100		onations	20,00)0	
		t, Rates and Taxes	14,000		roceeds fr			(½ X
	To Rep		15,000		ity show	16,20		10) = 5
		iting and Stationery	16,000		ubscriptio			+ 1
		ephone expenses	1,000		ntrance fe			(subs)
	_	reciation on furniture	7,875	_	nterest on	7,200)	
	`	x15/100x9/12)		inves	stments			
		ess of Income over	34,425					
	expend	iture					_	
			1,01,400			1,01,	400	
			=======			====	==	
	D.:		Carlo a suiturati a		_		C	
	Dr Particul	orc .	Subscriptio Amount (₹)	Particula			Cr Amount (₹)	
		cription in arrears in the	6,000			advance at	4,000	
	beginni	•	0,000	end		auvance at	4,000	
	_	ne and Expenditure	52,000		ipts and Pa	vments	52,000	
		cription in advance at en		-	-	arrears at end	7,000	
	10 3003	emperon in advance at en	63,000	by Subst	on peron in t	arrears at erra	63,000	
			00,000				03,000	
20			Io	urnal				
20	Date	Particulars	30	ui iiai	L.F	Amount	Amount	
	2					(₹)	(₹)	
a)		Bank A/c		Dr.		1,05,000		[2]
α)			cation and Allotme				1,05,000	[2]
		(Being the application				1.05.000		
		Debenture Applicat				1,05,000		[2]
		Loss on Issue of De To 12% Debent		Dr		2,000	100000	[2]
		To Security Pre					5000	
			Redemption A/c				2000	
		(Being 1,000 deben		emium of				
		5% and redeemable						[2]
					4	_		
		Vendor A/c	CD-1 4/	Dr		9,00,000		
		Discount on issue of To 12% Debentu				1,00,000	10,00,000	
		(Being Debentures		at a			10,00,000	[2]
		(Being Debentures	issued to vendors	at a				

	discount of 10%	6)					
b)		Debenture A/c 11% debentures of ₹ 100) issued		1000000	1000000	[2]
			Or				
c)	Date Particulars	S		L.F	Amount (₹)	Amount (₹)	
	To Ba	Redemption Investment ank A/c ified investments purch			30,000	30,000	[1 ½
	10% Deber To Deb	nture A/c penture Holder A/c	Dr	2	2,00,000	2,00,000	[1 ½
	Debenture 1	enture due for redemption Holder A/c nk A/c	on) Dr		2,00,000	2,00,000	[1 ½
	Debenture To Ger (Being the Reserve to	ment made to debenture Redemption Reserve A/ neral Reserve A/c transfer of Debenture R General Reserve on the of debentures)	c Dr	:	50,000	50,000	[1 ½
21	Dr.	Revaluati	on Account			Cr.	
	Particulars	Amount (₹)	Particulars		Amount (₹)	
	To Machinery A/c To Furniture A/c To Provision for doubtful debts To partner's Capital A/c- Gain on revaluation Gautam's Capital A/c 27,000 Yashica's Capital A/c 9,000	21,000 5,000 8,000 36,000	By Stock A/	' c		70,000	[3]

Dr.		Partnei	r's Capital <i>i</i>	Account		Cr.		
Particulars	Gautam	Yashica	Asma	Particulars	Gautam	Yashica	Asma	
	(₹)	(₹)	(₹)		(₹)	(₹)	(₹)	
To Gautam's	2,67,000			By balance b/d	4,00,000	1,00,000		
current A/c				By RevaluationA/c	27,000	9,000		
				By Bank A/c			2,10,000	
				By Premium for	50,000			[:
				Goodwill				
To balance				By Yashica's current		31,000		
c/d	2,10,000	1,40,000	2,10,000	A/c				
	4,77,000	1,40,000	2,00,000		4,77,000	1,40,000	2,10,000	
	======	======	======		======	======	=======	

Balance sheet of Gautam, Yashica and Asma As at 31.3.2018

Liabilities	Amount (₹)	Assets		Amount (₹)
Sundry Creditors	50,000	Cash		3,50,000
Bills Payable	30,000	Debtors	80,000	
Capital Accounts:-		(-) Provision for	8,000	72,000
Gautam- 2,10,000		doubtful debts		
Yashica- 1,40,000		Stock		2,10,000
Asma <u>2,10,000</u>	5,60,000	Furniture	60,000	
		(-) Depreciation	5,000	55,000
Gautam's current	2,67,000			
A/c		Machinery	2,10,000	
		(-) Depreciation	2 <u>1,000</u>	1,89,000
		Yashica's current A	A/c	31,000
	9,07,000			9,07,000
	=======			=======

Working Note:- Total Capital of the firm =2,10,000 x 8/3 = 5,60,000

Gautam's capital in the firm $=5,60,000 \times 3/8$

= 2,10,000

Yashica'S capital in the firm = 5,60,000x2/8

= 1,40,000

OR

Dr.	Revaluation Account	Cr.

Particulars	Amount (₹)	Particulars	Amount (₹)
To Provision for	700	By Creditors A/c	2,500
doubtful debts			
To Partner's Capital			
A/c – Gain on			
Revaluation			
X 900			
Y 600			
Z <u>300</u>	1,800		
			2,500
	2,500		=======
	=========		

Dr. **Partner's Capital Account** Cr.

Particulars	X (₹)	Y (₹)	Z (₹)	Particulars	X (₹)	Y (₹)	Z (₹)	
To Z's capital A/c	9,000		3,000	By balance b/d	90,000	60,000	30,000	
•				By Reserve A/c	3,000	2,000	1,000	
To Cash a/c		9,000		By Revaluation A/c	900	600	300	
				By Workmen				
To Y's Loan A/c		68,600		compensation Fund	4,500	3,000	1,500	
		•		A/c				
To balance c/d	90,000		30,000					
				By X's Capital A/c		9,000		
				By Y's Capital A/c		3,000		[3
				1				
				By Cash A/c	600		200	
	99,000	77,600	33,000		99,000	77,600	33,000	
	======		======		======	======	======	

[3]

[2]

Balance sheet of X and Z As at 31st March, 2018

Liabilities	Amount (₹)	Assets		Amount (₹)
Sundry Creditors	14,100	Cash		6,800
		Debtors 2	21,000	
Y's Loan A/c	68,600	(-) Provision for	<u>2,100</u>	18,900
		doubtful debts		
Capital Accounts:-		Stock		19,000
X- 90,000		Machinery		58,000
Y <u>- 30,000</u>	1,20,000	Building		1,00,000
	2,02,700			2,02,700

[2]

Working note:-

1. Calculation of Gaining Ratio:

	^	I	_
Old Ratio	3/6	2/6	1/6
New Ratio	3/4		1/4
Gaining Ratio	3/12		1/12

2. Y's share of Goodwill 36,000X 2/6 = 12,000

1	1
,	,
_	_

Date	Particulars	L.F	Amount	Amount	
			(₹)	(₹)	
	Bank A/c Dr		36,00,000		
	To Share Application A/c			36,00,000	
	(Being application money received)				
	Share Application A/c Dr		36,00,000		
	To Share Capital A/c			24,00,000	
	To Call in Advance A/c			12,00,000	
	(being application money transferred to				
	share capital, securities premium reserve,				
	calls)				
	Share Allotment A/c Dr		24,00,000		
	To Share Capital A/c			16,00,000	
	To Security Premium Reserve A/c			8,00,000	
	(Being allotment money due)				
	Bank A/c Dr	1	11,76,000		
	Call in Advance A/c Dr		12,00,000		
	Call in arrear A/c Dr		24,000		
	To Share Allotment A/c			24,00,000	
	(Being first call money received)				
	Share First Call A/c DR		24,00,000		
	To Share Capital A/c			24,00,000	
	(Being first call money due)				
	Bank A/c Dr		22,32,000		
	Call in Arrears A/c Dr		1,68,000		
	To Share First Call			24,00,000	
	(Being first call money received)				
	Share Capital A/c Dr		4,48,000		
	Security Premium Reserve A/c Dr		16,000		
	To Call in Arrear A/c DR			2,72,000	
	To Share Forfeited A/c			1,92,000	
	(Being Dhwani and Sargam's share's				
	forfeited for non- payment of allotment				
	and/or call money)				
	Bank A/c Dr		19,00,000		
	To Share Capital A/c			1,60,000	

		To Security Premium Reserve A/c (Being forfeited share's reissued for 95 per share ₹ 80 paid up) Share Forfeited A/c To Capital Reserve A/c (Being balance in share forfeiture account		92,00	00	30,000 92,000	[11/2
		transferred to capital reserve)					[1]
		Or					[1]
a)	Date	Particulars	L.F	Amour (₹)	nt Amount		
		Equity Share Capital A/c Dr To Equity Share Forfeited A/c To Calls in Arrears A/c (Being forfeiture of 10 shares executed)		70	50 20		
		Bank A/c Dr To Share Capital A/c (Being eight shares reissued to Y as ₹ 8 per share paid up for ₹ 8 per share)		64	64		[1]
		Equity Share Forfeited A/c Dr. To Capital Reserve A/c (Being gain on reissue of forfeited shares transferred to Capital Reserve)		40	40		
b)							[1]
	Date		L.F A	Amount (₹)	Amount (₹)		[1]
		Equity Share Capital A/c Dr Security Premium A/c Dr To Equity Share Forfeited A/c To Calls in Arrears A/c (Being Mr. M's shares forfeited)		1,600 800	1,200 1,200		[2]
c)			·				
	Date	Particulars	L.F	Amoun (₹)	t Amount (₹)		
		Equity Share Capital A/c Dr To Share Forfeited A/c To Calls in Arrears A/c (Being 50 shares forfeited for non-payment of calls)		500	350 150		[1]
		Bank A/c Dr Share Forfeited A/c Dr To Share Capital A/c (Being 20 shares reissued for ₹ 8 per share)		160 40	200		[1]
		Share Forfeited A/c Dr. To Capital Reserve A/c (Being gain on reissue of forfeited shares transferred to Capital Reserve)		100	100		[1]
The	e current	ratio will increase					1
	a) Inve	entory Turnover Ratio and Working Ca	pital	Turnove	r Ratio		[1]
+	creased	as analyza the financial statements					[1]
Lai	a) To ab) To c	as analyze the financial statements: assess whether an enterprise can increase theck whether an enterprise can increase ices to absorb a wage increase.			or raise th	e prices of products/	[½

	(any other relevant point to be marked)								
27		ow from Investin	g Activities		T				
	Inflow				Amount (₹)				
		vidend Received			70,000				F 1 / 3
		ale of Old Machi	nery		69,000				[½]
	Outflo				(0.00.000)				Γ 14
		urchase of Mach	from Investing Ac	ctivitios	(9,00,000) (7,61,000)				$\begin{bmatrix} 1/2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$
28	ı,	iet Casii outilow	Hom investing At	Luvities	(7,01,000)]
20	False.								[1]
29	Answe	r – I-c; II- b; II	I- a						[1]
30	Net Profit Before Tax – Tax paid = Net Profit After Tax $x - 30/100 (x) = ₹ 7,00,000$ $x = ₹ 7,00,000 (100/70)$ $x = ₹ 10,00,000$								
	Earning Before Interest and Tax = Net Profit Before Tax + Interest Payment = ₹ 10,00,000 + ₹ 1,20,000							[1]	
	Interes	t Coverage ratio	$a - Earning\ Before$	re Interess st Expens	t and Tax				
	Interest Coverage Ratio = ₹ 11,20,000/ ₹ 1,20,000 Interest Coverage Ratio = 9.33 times							[1]	
		Ι_			Or		T		
	S. No	Item			Major Head		Sub Head		[1]
	i.	current finance		iod in	Current Liab	oilities	Other Liabili	Current ities	[1]
	ii)	Securities Pre	emium Reserve		Shareholder	's Fund	Reserv		[1]
	iii)	Provident Fur	nd		Non-Current Long Terr Liabilities Provision		Term		
31	Partic	ulars	2016-17 (₹)	201	7-18 (₹)	Absolut Increas Decreas	e/	Percentage Increase/ Decrease (%)	
	Reveni Operat	ue from ions	10,00,000	12,0	00,000	2,00,000)	20%	[½ X 8]
	Add ot	her Income	50,000	60,0		10,000		20%]
	Total I	Revenue	10,50,000		50,000	210,000		20%	
	Expens		50,000	60,0		0 10,000		20%	_
			00,000	2,00,000		20%	4		
		ax (50%) after tax	5,00,000 5,00,000		0,000	1,00,000		20%	-
Or						-			

Particulars	Note no.	Absolute	Amounts	Percentag Balance si Total	
		31.3.2018 (₹)	31.3.2019 (₹)	31.3.2018 (%)	31.3.2019 (%)
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES					
1. Shareholder's Funds:					
a. Share Capital		4,00,000	5,00,000	66.7	62.5
b. Reserve and Surplus		1,20,000	1,60,000	20	20
2. Current Liabilities:					
a. Trade Payable		80,000	1,40,000	13.3	17.5
Total		6,00,000	8,00,000	100	100
I ASSETS					
1. Non-Current Assets:					
a. Fixed Assets:i. Tangible Assets		2,40,000	3,20,000	40	40
ii. Intangible Assets		60,000	40,000	10	5
2. Current Assets					
		60,000	1 60 000	10	20
a. Inventoriesb. Trade Receivables		60,000 2,00,000	1,60,000 2,40,000	10 33.3	30
c. Cash and Cash Equivalents		40,000	40,000	6.7	5
Total		6,00,000	8,00,000	100	100
Cash Flow Statement As	s per AS	3 (Revise	<u> </u> ed)		
Particulars	_		,		
I Cash from Operating Activity					
Net Profit Before Tax					
Profit during the year		1,50,000			
Add transfer to Reserve		<u>50,000</u>			
				2,00,000	
Add:- Non Cash Non-Operating Expenses					
Depreciation provided		40,000			
Loss on Sale of Assets		18,000			
Goodwill Amortised		5,000		63,000	
Less Non-Operating Income					
Operating Profit before Working Capital				2,63,000	
Add Increase in Trade Payable		17,000		17,000 2,80,000	
Less : Increase in Inventory		(75,000)			
Increase in Trade Receivable		(67,000)		(1,42,000))
Cash From Operating Activities before Tax		(- / , = 0 0)		1,38,000	
Less Tax Paid				(30,000	
Cash From Operating Activities After tax				1,08,000	

	Dr	Machinery A	A/c	Cr	
	Particulars	Amount (₹)	Particulars	Amount (₹)	[1]
	To Balance b/d	2,00,000	By Accumulated Depreciation	20,000	-
	To Bank A/c	1,60,000	By Loss on sale of Fixed Asset	18,000	
	(Purchases)		By Bank A/c	42,000	
			By Balance c/d	2,80,000	
		3,60,000	By Balance C/G	3,60,000	
		2,00,000		2,00,000	
	Dr	Accumulated Dep	preciation A/c	Dr	[1]
	Particulars	Amount (₹)	Particulars	Amount (₹)	[-]
	To Machinery A/c	20,000	By balance b/d	80,000	
	To Balance c/d	1,00,000	By Statement of Profit and loss	40,000	
			account		
		1,20,000		1,20,000	
			PART B PTION 2		
		_	rised Accounting)		
	Attributes of information to	be stored in Pay	roll data base: (Any two)		[½]
	(i) Name				
	(ii) ID				[½
	(iii) Designation				
	(iv) Location				
	(v) Basic Pay				
+	Angwan a) Conquetion of m	moute and inform	action in fixed format		[1]
+	Answer :- c) Generation of re	eports and inform	nation in fixed format		
\dashv	a); c); b)				[1]
4	Ans :- a) - ii; b) - i); c) - iii)				[1]
	The activity sequence of the	basic information	n mode is collect data, org	ganize and process	[1]
	it and				
_	Then communicate the information				
		tenance is genera	ally low with Generic Software	e and is relatively	[1]
	high with Specific software				
	4 1				[4]
4	Ans :- d)				[1]
	have been sublet on March 3	1, and three mor	figures to the trading period. So this rent, has been received in	advance amounting	
			31st March, one should take i		
		-	account (accounting period co		
	, ,		year and will be credited to pr	ofit and loss account	
	next year. The adjusting entry	y will be:			
- 1	D	4 4 4 5			[3]
	Ren	t Account Dr	D (A)		ا ا
		To Advan	ce Rent Account		
	D + D + 1 + 1 + + + + + + + + + + + + +		.1. , 1. 1	1 ,	
	Rent Received in advance Ad		ility' and is shown in the balar	ice sheet.	
	Rent Received in advance Ad		ility' and is shown in the balar Or	ice sheet.	
		ecount is a 'Liab	Or		
	Transparency and control CA	ecount is a 'Liab S provides suffi	Or cient time to plan, increases da	ata accessibility and	
	Transparency and control CA enhances user satisfaction. W	ecount is a 'Liab AS provides suffi ith computerise	Or cient time to plan, increases dad accounting, the organisation	ata accessibility and will have greater	
	Transparency and control CA enhances user satisfaction. W	ecount is a 'Liab AS provides suffi ith computerise	Or cient time to plan, increases da	ata accessibility and will have greater	
	Transparency and control CA enhances user satisfaction. W transparency for day to day b	AS provides sufficient computerises usiness operation	Or cient time to plan, increases dad accounting, the organisation and access to the vital infor	ata accessibility and will have greater mation.	[3]
	Transparency and control CA enhances user satisfaction. We transparency for day to day be Scalability CAS enables in control CAS enables	AS provides sufficient computerise usiness operation	Or cient time to plan, increases dad accounting, the organisation	ata accessibility and will have greater mation. with the change in	[3]

_					
31	PMT:- The PMT function calculates the periodic payment for an annuity assuming equal				
	payments and a constant rate of interest.				
	The syntax of PMT function is as follows:				
	= PMT (rate, nper, pv, [fv], [type])				
	where Rate is the interest rate per period,				
	Nper is the number of periods,				
	Pv is the present value or the amount the future payments are worth presently,				
	future value or cash balance that after the last payment is made (a future value of zero when we omit this optional argument)				
	Type is the value 0 for payments made at the end of the period or the value 1 for payments made				
	at the beginning of the period. The PMT function is often used to calculate the payment for	[4]			
	mortgage loans that have a fixed rate of interest				
32	A format change, such as background cell shading or font colour that is applied to a cell when a				
	specified condition for the data in the cell is true. Conditional formatting				
	is often applied to worksheets to find:				
	a. Data that is above or below a certain value. Duplicate data values.				
	b. Cells containing specific text. Data that is above or below average.				
	c. Data that falls in the top ten or bottom ten values.				
	Benefits of using conditional formatting:				
	i) Helps in answering questions which are important for taking decisions.	563			
	ii) Guides with help of using visuals.	[6]			
	iii) Helps in understanding distribution and variation of critical data.				

Accountancy - Class XII

SQP (2019-20)

General Instructions:

- (i) This question paper contains two parts A and B.
- (ii) Part A is compulsory for all.
- (iii) Part B has two options Analysis of Financial Statements and Computerised Accounting.
- (iv) Attempt only one option of Part B.
- (v) All parts of a question should be attempted at one place.

	PART A							
	(Accounting for Not-for-Profit Organizations, Partnership Firms and Companies)							
1	How are the following items presented in financial statements of a Not-for- Profit	1						
	organisation:-							
	(a) Tournament Fund- ₹ 80,000							
	(b) Tournament expenses- ₹ 14,000							
2	At what rate is interest payable on the amount remaining unpaid to the executor of deceased	1						
	partner, in absence of any agreement among partners, when (s)he opts for interest and not share							
	of profit.							
	(a) 12% p.a.							
	(b) 8% p.a.							
	(c) 6% p.a.							
	(d) 7.5%p.a.							
3	State the order of payment of the following, in case of dissolution of partnership firm.	1						
	to each neutron moneration stally what is due to him/how from the firm for advances as							
	i. to each partner proportionately what is due to him/her from the firm for advances as							
	distinguished from capital (i.e. partner' loan);							
	ii. to each partner proportionately what is due to him on account of capital; and							
1	iii. for the debts of the firm to the third parties;	1						
4	A and B are partners in a firm having a capital of $\leq 54,000$ and $\leq 36,000$ respectively. They admitted C for $1/3^{rd}$ share in the profits C brought proportionate amount of capital. The Capital	1						
	brought in by C would be: a) ₹ 90,000							
	b) ₹ 45,000 c) ₹ 5,400							
	c) ₹ 5,400 d) ₹ 36,00							
		1						
5	Amit, a partner in a partnership firm withdrew ₹ 7,000 in the beginning of each quarter. For	1						
-	how many months would interest on drawings be charged?	1						
6	Ankit, Unnati and Aryan are partners sharing profits in the ratio of 5:3:2. They decided to share	1						
	future profits in the ratio of 2:3:5 with effect from 1 st April,2018. They had the following							
	balance in their balance sheet, passing necessary Journal Entry:							
	Particulars Amount(₹)							
	Profit and loss Account (Dr) 60,500	1						
7	A and B are partners in a firm. They admit C as a partner with 1/5 th share in the profits of the	1						
	firm. C brings ₹ 4,00,000 as his share of capital. Calculate the value of C's share of Goodwill							
	on the basis of his capital, given that the combined capital of A and B after all adjustments is ₹							
	10,00,000							
8	Riyansh, Garv and Kavleen were partners in a firm sharing profit and loss in the ratio of 8:7:5.	1						
	On 2 nd November 2018, Kavleen died. Kalveen's share of profits till the date of her death was							

	calculated at₹ 9,375. Pass the necessary journal entry.					
9	A and B are partners in a firm sharing profits and losses in the ratio of 3:2.On 1 st April, 2019 they decided to admit C their new ratio is decided to be equal. Pass the necessary journal entry to distribute Investment Fluctuation Reserve of ₹ 60,000 at the time of C's admission, when Investment appear in the books at ₹ 2,10,000 and its market value is ₹1,90,000.	1				
10	'Complete the following statement'	1				
	When a liability is discharged by a partner, at the time of dissolution, Capital Account is credited because					
11	A and B are in partnership sharing profits and losses in the ratio of 3:2. They admit C into					
	partnership with 1/5 th share which he acquires equally from A and B. Accountant has calculated					
	new profit sharing ratio as 5:3:2. Is accountant correct?					
12	Wellness Co. Ltd. has issued 20,000, 9% Debentures of ₹ 100 each at a premium of 10% on 1 st	1				
	April, 2018 redeemable as follows:					
	31 st March, 2021 – 10,000 debentures					
	31 st March, 2022 – 4,000 debentures					
	31 st March, 2023 – balance debentures.					
	It transferred to Debentures Redemption Reserve the required amount as applicable rules of the					
	Companies Act and Rules, 2014 on due date. How much amount will be transferred to General					
	Reserve on 31 st March, 2021					
	a) ₹ 1,00,000 b) ₹ 2,50,000					
	b) ₹ 2,50,000					
	c) ₹ 5,00,000 d) ₹ 20,00,000					
13	A portion of share capital that is reserved by the company and will be utilized only on the	1				
13	happening of winding up of the company is called	1				
	nappening of winding up of the company is cance					
14	a) Calculate the amount of medicines consumed during the year ended 31st March,2019					
	Particulars Amount (₹)					
	Opening Stock of Medicines 50,000					
	Closing stock of Medicines 45,000 more than					
	opening stock	3				
	Amount paid for medicines during the year 2,00,000					
	Opening Creditors 20,000					
	Closing Creditors 50% of opening creditors					
	Or					
	Distinguish between Income and Expenditure Account and Receipt and payment Account on					
	basis of :-					
	i. Nature					
	ii. Nature of items	3				
	iii. Period					
15	Danish, Ana and Pranjal are partners in a firm sharing profits and losses in the ratio of 5:3:2.	4				
13	Their books are closed on March 31 st every year.	7				
	Danish died on September 30 th , 2019, The executors of Danish are entitled to:-					
	i. His share of Capital i.e. ₹ 5,00,000 along-with his share of goodwill. The total goodwill					
	of the firm was valued at $₹60,000$.					
	ii. His share of profit up to his date of death on the basis of sales till date of death. Sales					
	for the year ended March 31, 2019 was ₹ 2,00,000 and profit for the same year was 10%					
	on sales. Sales shows a growth trend of 20% and percentage of profit earning is reduced					
	by 1%.					
	iii. Amount payable to Danish was transferred to his executors.					
	Pass necessary Journal Entries and show the workings clearly.					

Maanika, Bhavi and Komal are partners sharing profits in the ratio of 6:4:1. Komal is guaranteed a minimum profit of ₹ 2,00,000. The firm incurred a loss of ₹22,00,000 for the year ended 31st March,2018. Pass necessary journal entry regarding deficiency borne by Maanika and Bhavi and prepare Profit and Loss Appropriation Account.

OR

The partners of a firm, Alia, Bhanu and Chand distributed the profits for the year ended 31st March, 2017, ₹ 80,000 in the ratio of 3:3:2 without providing for the following adjustments:

- a) Alia and Chand were entitled to a salary of ₹ 1,500 each p.m.
- b) Bhanu was entitled for a salary of $\stackrel{?}{\stackrel{?}{\sim}} 4,000$ p.a.

Pass the necessary Journal entry for the above adjustments in the books of the firm. Show workings clearly.

Bliss Products Ltd. registered with capital of ₹ 90,00,000 divided into 90,000 equity shares of ₹ 100 each. The company issued prospectus inviting applications for 50,000 equity shares of ₹ 100 each payable as ₹ 20 on application, ₹ 30 on allotment, ₹ 20 on first call and balance on second call.

Applications were received for ₹40,000 shares. Raman to whom 1600 shares were allotted failed to pay final call money and these shares were forfeited. Of the forfeited shares, 600 shares were reissued to Sukhman, credited as fully paid for ₹ 90 per share.

Present the Share Capital as per Schedule III of Companies Act, 2013

- 18 The firm of R, K and S was dissolved on 31.3.2019. Pass necessary journal entries for the following after various assets (other than cash and Bank) and the third party liabilities had been transferred to realisation account.
 - (i) K agreed to pay off his wife's loan of \ge 6,000.
 - (ii) Total Creditors of the firm were ₹ 40,000. Creditors worth ₹10,000 were given a piece of furniture costing ₹8,000 in full and final settlement. Remaining creditors allowed a discount of 10%.
 - (iii) A machine that was not recorded in the books was taken over by K at ₹ 3,000 whereas its expected value was ₹ 5,000.
 - (iv) The firm had a debit balance of ₹ 15,000 in the profit and loss A/c on the date of dissolution.

6

From the following Receipts and Payments Accounts of Rolaxe Club, for the year ended 31st March, 2019. Prepare Income and Expenditure Account for the year ended 31st March, 2019.

Receipts and Payments Account for the year ended 31st March, 2019

Receipts	Amount (₹)	Payments	Amount (₹)
To Balance b/d		By Advertisement	13,100
Cash in hand	17,050	By Rent rates and Taxes	14,000
Current a/c with bank	18,570	By Repairs	15,000
To Donations	20,000	By Printing and Stationery	16,000
To Proceeds from charity	16,200	By Government Bonds	5,000
Show			
To Subscription	52,000	By Telephone Expenses	1,000
To Life membership fees	5,250	By Furniture (purchased on	70,000
_		1 st July, 2018)	
To Entrance Fees	6,000	By Balance c/d	
To Interest on investment @	7,200	Cash in hand	3,170
7% for the year.			
_		Cash at Bank	5,000
	1,42,270		1,42,270

Additional Information :-

- i) Depreciate furniture by 15% p.a.
- ii) There were 416 Life Members on 31.3.2018 the subscription payable by each

member, to be a life time member is ₹ 125	
Subscription outstanding on 31st March, 2018	6,000
G 1 ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' '	7.000

Subscription outstanding on 31st March, 2018	6,000
Subscription outstanding on 31st March, 2019	7,000
Subscription received in advance on 31st March, 2018	4,000
Subscription received in advance on 31st March, 2019	5,000

20 Journalise the following transactions

iii)

- a) Mehar Ltd. issued ₹ 1,00,000, 12% Debentures of ₹ 100 each at a premium of 5% redeemable at a premium of 2%
- b) 12 % Debentures were issued at a discount of 10% to a vendor of machinery for payment of ₹ 9,00,000
- c) Issue of 10,000 11% debentures of ₹ 100 each as collateral in favour of State Bank of India. Company opted to pass necessary entry for issue of debentures.

Or

Faith and Belief Ltd has total redeemable debentures of ₹ 5,00,000. It decides to redeem these debentures in two instalments of ₹ 3,00,000 and ₹ 2,00,000 on December 31st 2018 and March 31st 2020 respectively. Assuming that the Company has sufficient funds in Debenture Redemption Reserve Account, pass necessary journal entries for the year ending March 31st 2020.

Gautam and Yashica are partners in a firm, sharing profits and losses in 3:1 respectively. The balance sheet of the firm as on 31st March 2018 was as follows:

Balance Sheet As at 31.3.2018

Liabilities		Amt(₹)	Assets	Amt(₹)
Sundry credi	tors	50,000	Furniture	60,000
Bills payable)	30,000	Stock	1,40,000
Capitals			Debtors	80,000
Gautam	4,00,000		Cash in hand	90,000
Yashica	1,00,000		Machinery	2,10,000
		5,00,000		
		5,80,000		5,80,000

Asma is admitted as a partner for 3/8th share in the profits with a capital of ₹2,10,000 and ₹50,000 for her share of goodwill. It was decided that:

- i. New profit sharing ratio will be 3:2:3
- ii. Machinery will depreciated by 10% and Furniture by ₹5,000.
- iii. Stock was re-valued at ₹ 2,10,000.
- iv. Provision for doubtful debts is to be created at 10% of debtors.
- v. The capitals of all the partners were to be in the new profit sharing ratio on basis of capital of new partner any adjustment to be done through current accounts.

Prepare Revaluation Account, Partners Capital Account and the Balance Sheet of the new firm.

Or

X,Y and Z were in partnership sharing profits in proportion to their capitals. Their Balance Sheet as on 31st March, 2018 was as follows:

Liabilities	Amount (₹)	Particulars	Amount (₹)
Sundry Creditors	16,600	Cash	15,000
Workmen's Compensation Fund	9,000	Debtors 21,000 Less-Prov for Doubtful Debts (1400)	19,600
General Reserve	6,000	Stock	19,000

8

Capitals:	1,80,000	Machinery Building	58,000 1,00,000	
	2,11,600		2,11,600	
X and Z, who will share c) Included in the value of S which will not arise. d) X and Z also decided tha profit sharing ratio. Actu e) Y to be paid ₹ 9,000 imn Prepare Revaluation Account, Pa after Y's retirement.	Y. Debts to be increvalued at ₹ 36,0 profits in future Sundry Credito at the total capital cash to be be nediately and be artner's Capital	eased to 10% of Debtors. 000 and be adjusted into the Cape in the ratio of 3:1. ors was ₹ 2,500 for an outstandital of the new firm will be ₹ 1,2 rought in or to be paid off as the ralance to be transferred to his I Accounts and Balance Sheet of	pital Accounts of ng legal claim, 20,000 in their e case may be. Loan Account. of the new firm	
Saregama Ltd invited application of ₹ 10. The amount was payable On Application ₹ 30.	_	30,000 equity shares of ₹ 100 ea	ach at a premium	8
On Application – ₹ 30				i

On allotment $- \ge 30$ (including a premium of ≥ 10)

On 1st call – ₹ 30

On Final Call Balance

Applications of 1,20,000 shares were received. Allotment was made on pro rata basis to all applicants. Excess money received on application was adjusted on sums due on allotment. Dhwani, who was allotted 1,600 shares, failed to pay allotment money and Sargam who applied of 6,000 shares did not pay 1st call money. These shares were forfeited immediately after 1st call. 2,000 of these shares (including all shares of Dhwani were issued to Tarang for ₹ 95 per share as 80 paid up. Pass necessary journal entries in books of Saregama Ltd. by opening call in arrear, call in advance account, if final call has not been made.

Or

- a. X Ltd. forfeited 10 shares of ₹ 10 each, ₹ 7 called up on which the shareholder had paid application and allotment money of ₹ 5 per share. Out of these, 8 shares were re-issued to Y for ₹8 per share at ₹ 8 per paid up per share. Record the journal entries for forfeiture and reissue of shares by opening call in arrear, call in advance account.
- b. L ltd forfeited Mr M's shares who has applied for 600 shares and was allotted 400 shares failed to pay allotment money of ₹ 4 per share including premium of ₹ 2 on which he had paid application money of ₹ 2 only. Pass necessary journal entries for forfeiture of shares by opening call in arrear, call in advance account.
- c. Crown Ltd forfeited 50 shares of ₹ 10 each, for non- payment of final call money of ₹ 3 per share. Out of these 20 shares were reissued to Taj at₹ 8 per share. Record the journal entries for forfeiture and reissue of shares assuming that the company maintains call in arrear, call in advance account.

1

1

PART B **OPTION 1** (Analysis of Financial Statements)

What will be the effect on current ratio if a bills payable is discharged on maturity? 23

24 The two basic measures of operational efficiency of a company are

- a) Inventory Turnover Ratio and Working Capital Turnover Ratio
- b) Liquid Ratio and Operating Ratio
- c) Liquid Ratio and Current Ratio

Debt Equity Ratio of	a company is 1:2.	Purchase of a Fixed	d asset for ₹ 5,00,00	00 on long term		
deferred payment bas						
State the importance						
M/s Mevo and Sons.						
9,00,000. It received			-	•		
old machine of the bo	ook value of $\stackrel{?}{\checkmark}$ 79,0	000 at a loss of ₹ 10	,000. Compute Cas	sh flow from		
Investing Activities.	1 1		1 ' (011 ' 4	11 1)		
Common size analys			— analysis. (fill in the	ne blank)		
While preparing Casl I. Payment	of cash to acquire		nancing activity			
•	re by an Investing	a. 11	mancing activity			
Compan	•					
	of Goodwill	b. In	vesting Activity			
	d paid by manufact		perating activity			
company						
From the following d		erest Coverage Rati	io:			
Net profit after tax -						
6% debentures of ₹ 2	0,00,000					
Tax Rate 30%						
I Indonesiale maion le	ما بایده است ما می	Or		tha Dalamaa		
Under which major h			•	the Balance		
Sheet of the company as per Schedule III, Part I of the Companies Act, 2013?						
(i) Debentures v	vith maturity perio	d in current financia				
(i) Debentures v	vith maturity perio emium Reserve					
(i) Debentures v(ii) Securities Pro	vith maturity perio emium Reserve nd	d in current financia	al year	rypto Finance		
(i) Debentures v(ii) Securities Provident Fu	vith maturity perio emium Reserve nd on is extracted fron ed 31 st March 201	n the Statement of F 7 and 31st March 20	Profit and Loss of C			
(i) Debentures v (ii) Securities Provident Fu (iii) Provident Fu Following information Ltd. For the year end	vith maturity perio emium Reserve nd on is extracted fron ed 31 st March 201' Comparative	n the Statement of F 7 and 31 st March 20 2 Statement of Prof	Profit and Loss of Collection 18. Fill in the missing and Loss	ing figures		
(i) Debentures v (ii) Securities Provident Fu (iii) Provident Fu Following information Ltd. For the year end	vith maturity perio emium Reserve nd on is extracted fron ed 31 st March 201' Comparative	n the Statement of F 7 and 31st March 20	Profit and Loss of Collection 18. Fill in the missing and Loss	ing figures		
(i) Debentures v (ii) Securities Provident Fullowing information Ltd. For the year end	vith maturity perio emium Reserve nd on is extracted fron ed 31 st March 201' Comparative the years ended 3	n the Statement of F 7 and 31 st March 20 2 Statement of Prof 1 st March 2017 an	Profit and Loss of C 018. Fill in the missi it and Loss ad 31st March 2018	ing figures		
(i) Debentures v (ii) Securities Provident Fu (iii) Provident Fu Following information Ltd. For the year end	vith maturity perio emium Reserve nd on is extracted fron ed 31 st March 201' Comparative	n the Statement of F 7 and 31 st March 20 2 Statement of Prof	Profit and Loss of Collection 18. Fill in the missing and Loss	ing figures		
(i) Debentures v (ii) Securities Provident Fullowing information Ltd. For the year end	vith maturity perio emium Reserve nd on is extracted fron ed 31 st March 201' Comparative the years ended 3	n the Statement of F 7 and 31 st March 20 2 Statement of Prof 1 st March 2017 an	Profit and Loss of C 018. Fill in the missing and Loss and 31st March 2018 Absolute	Percentage		
(i) Debentures v (ii) Securities Provident Fullowing information Ltd. For the year end	vith maturity perio emium Reserve nd on is extracted fron ed 31 st March 201' Comparative the years ended 3	n the Statement of F 7 and 31 st March 20 2 Statement of Prof 1 st March 2017 an	Profit and Loss of C 018. Fill in the missi it and Loss ad 31st March 2018 Absolute Increase/ Decrease (₹)	Percentage Increase/		
(i) Debentures v (ii) Securities Pr (iii) Provident Fu Following information Ltd. For the year end for Particulars Revenue from	vith maturity perio emium Reserve nd on is extracted fron ed 31 st March 201 Comparative the years ended 3	n the Statement of F 7 and 31 st March 20 2 Statement of Prof 1 st March 2017 an	Profit and Loss of Constitution of Constitutio of Constitution of Constitution of Constitution of Constitution	Percentage Increase/		
(i) Debentures v (ii) Securities Pr (iii) Provident Fu Following information Ltd. For the year end for Particulars	vith maturity perio emium Reserve nd on is extracted fron ed 31 st March 201' Comparative the years ended 3	n the Statement of F 7 and 31 st March 20 8 Statement of Prof 1st March 2017 an 2017-18 (₹)	Profit and Loss of C 018. Fill in the missi it and Loss ad 31st March 2018 Absolute Increase/ Decrease (₹)	Percentage Increase/ Decrease (%)		
(i) Debentures v (ii) Securities Pr (iii) Provident Fu Following information Ltd. For the year end for Particulars Revenue from Operations	vith maturity perio emium Reserve nd on is extracted from ed 31 st March 201 Comparative the years ended 3	n the Statement of F 7 and 31 st March 20 2 Statement of Prof 1st March 2017 an 2017-18 (₹)	Profit and Loss of C 018. Fill in the missi it and Loss ad 31st March 2018 Absolute Increase/ Decrease (₹)	Percentage Increase/ Decrease (%)		
(i) Debentures v (ii) Securities Pr (iii) Provident Fu Following information Ltd. For the year end for Particulars Revenue from Operations Add other Income	vith maturity perio emium Reserve nd on is extracted from ed 31 st March 201 Comparative the years ended 3	n the Statement of F 7 and 31 st March 20 2 Statement of Profilst March 2017 an 2017-18 (₹) ?	Profit and Loss of Control of Co	Percentage Increase/ Decrease (%) 20%		
(i) Debentures v (ii) Securities Pr (iii) Provident Fu Following information Ltd. For the year end for Particulars Revenue from Operations Add other Income Total Revenue	vith maturity perio emium Reserve nd on is extracted from ed 31 st March 201' Comparative the years ended 3 2016-17 (₹) 10,00,000	n the Statement of F 7 and 31 st March 20 2 Statement of Prof 1st March 2017 an 2017-18 (₹) ? 60,000 12,60,000	Profit and Loss of Constant Loss it and Loss it and Loss it and Loss id 31st March 2018 Absolute Increase/ Decrease (₹) 2,00,000	Percentage Increase/Decrease (%) 20% 20%		
(i) Debentures v (ii) Securities Pr (iii) Provident Fu Following information Ltd. For the year end for Particulars Revenue from Operations Add other Income Total Revenue Less Employee	vith maturity perio emium Reserve nd on is extracted from ed 31 st March 201 Comparative the years ended 3	n the Statement of F 7 and 31 st March 20 2 Statement of Profilst March 2017 an 2017-18 (₹) ?	Profit and Loss of Control of Co	Percentage Increase/ Decrease (%) 20%		
(i) Debentures v (ii) Securities Pr (iii) Provident Fu Following information Ltd. For the year end for Particulars Revenue from Operations Add other Income Total Revenue Less Employee Benefit Expenses	vith maturity perio emium Reserve nd on is extracted from ed 31 st March 201 Comparative the years ended 3 2016-17 (₹) 10,00,000 ? ? ? 50,000	and in current financials In the Statement of F 7 and 31 st March 20 2 Statement of Profilst March 2017 and 2017-18 (₹) ? 60,000 12,60,000 60,000	Profit and Loss of Constitution of Constituti	Percentage Increase/Decrease (%) 20% 20% 20% ?		
(i) Debentures v (ii) Securities Pr (iii) Provident Fu Following information Ltd. For the year end for Particulars Revenue from Operations Add other Income Total Revenue Less Employee Benefit Expenses Profit before tax	vith maturity perio emium Reserve nd on is extracted from ed 31 st March 201	n the Statement of F 7 and 31 st March 20 2 Statement of Prof 1st March 2017 an 2017-18 (₹) ? 60,000 12,60,000 12,00,000	Profit and Loss of Control 18. Fill in the mission and Loss and 31st March 2018 Absolute Increase/ Decrease (₹) 2,00,000 ? ? 10,000 2,00,000	Percentage Increase/Decrease (%) 20% 20% 20% ? ?		
(i) Debentures v (ii) Securities Pr (iii) Provident Fu Following information Ltd. For the year end for Particulars Revenue from Operations Add other Income Total Revenue Less Employee Benefit Expenses Profit before tax Less Tax (50%)	vith maturity perio emium Reserve nd on is extracted from ed 31 st March 201 Comparative the years ended 3 2016-17 (₹) 10,00,000 ? ? ? 50,000 10,00,000 5,00,000	n the Statement of F 7 and 31 st March 20 2 Statement of Profilst March 2017 and 2017-18 (₹) 60,000	Profit and Loss of C 018. Fill in the missing and Loss and Solute Increase/Decrease (₹) 2,00,000 2,00,000 2,00,000 1,00,000	Percentage Increase/Decrease (%) 20% 20% 20% ? ? ?		
(i) Debentures v (ii) Securities Pr (iii) Provident Fu Following information Ltd. For the year end for Particulars Revenue from Operations Add other Income Total Revenue Less Employee Benefit Expenses Profit before tax	vith maturity perio emium Reserve nd on is extracted from ed 31 st March 201	n the Statement of F 7 and 31 st March 20 2 Statement of Prof 1st March 2017 an 2017-18 (₹) ? 60,000 12,60,000 12,00,000	Profit and Loss of Control 18. Fill in the mission and Loss and 31st March 2018 Absolute Increase/ Decrease (₹) 2,00,000 ? ? 10,000 2,00,000	Percentage Increase/Decrease (%) 20% 20% 20% ? ?		
(i) Debentures v (ii) Securities Pr (iii) Provident Fu Following information Ltd. For the year end for Particulars Revenue from Operations Add other Income Total Revenue Less Employee Benefit Expenses Profit before tax Less Tax (50%)	vith maturity perio emium Reserve nd on is extracted from ed 31 st March 201 Comparative the years ended 3 2016-17 (₹) 10,00,000 ? ? ? 50,000 10,00,000 5,00,000	n the Statement of F 7 and 31 st March 20 2 Statement of Prof 1st March 2017 an 2017-18 (₹) ? 60,000 12,60,000 60,000 12,00,000 6,00,000 6,00,000	Profit and Loss of C 018. Fill in the missing and Loss and Solute Increase/Decrease (₹) 2,00,000 2,00,000 2,00,000 1,00,000	Percentage Increase/Decrease (%) 20% 20% 20% ? ? ?		
(i) Debentures v (ii) Securities Pr (iii) Provident Fu Following information Ltd. For the year end for Particulars Revenue from Operations Add other Income Total Revenue Less Employee Benefit Expenses Profit before tax Less Tax (50%)	vith maturity perio emium Reserve nd on is extracted from ed 31 st March 201 Comparative the years ended 3 2016-17 (₹) 10,00,000 ? ? ? 50,000 10,00,000 5,00,000	n the Statement of F 7 and 31 st March 20 2 Statement of Profilst March 2017 and 2017-18 (₹) 60,000	Profit and Loss of C 018. Fill in the missing and Loss and Solute Increase/Decrease (₹) 2,00,000 2,00,000 2,00,000 1,00,000	Percentage Increase/Decrease (%) 20% 20% 20% ? ? ?		

Particulars

31.3.2018

(₹)

Note

no.

31.3.2019 (₹)

I EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		
1. Shareholder's Funds:		
a. Share Capital	5,00,000	4,00,000
b. Reserve and Surplus	1,60,000	1,20,000
2. Current Liabilities:		
a. Trade Payable	1,40,000	80,000
Total	8,00,000	6,00,000
II ASSETS		
1. Non-Current Assets:		
a. Fixed Assets:		
i. Tangible Assets	3,20,000	2,40,000
ii. Intangible Assets	40,000	60,000
2. Current Assets		
a. Inventories	1,60,000	60,000
b. Trade Receivables	2,40,000	2,00,000
c. Cash and Cash Equivalents	40,000	40,000
Total	8,00,000	6,00,000

From the following Balance Sheet of Dreams Converge Ltd as at 31.3.2018 and 31.3.2017; Calculate Cash from operating activities. Showing your workings clearly **32**

6

Calculate Cash from operating activities. Showing your working	s cicari	ı y	
Particulars	Note	31.3.2018	31.3.2017
	No.	(₹)	(₹)
I. EQUITY AND LIABILITY:			
1. Shareholder's Fund:		7,00,000	5,00,000
a. Share Capital			
b. Reserve and Surplus		3,50,000	2,00,000
2. Non-Current Liabilities:			
Long Term Borrowings		50,000	1,00,000
3. Current Liabilities:			
a. Trade Payables		1,22,000	1,05,000
b. Short term Provisions (Provision for tax)		50,000	30,000
TOTAL		12,72,000	9,35,000
		======	======
II. ASSETS:			
1. Non Current Assets:			
a. Fixed Assets:			
i. Tangible Assets	1	5,00,000	5,00,000
ii. Intangible Assets	2	95,000	1,00,000
b. Non-current Investments		1,00,000	Nil
2. Current Assets:			
a. Inventory		1,30,000	55,000
b. Trade Receivable		1,47,000	80,000
c. Cash and Cash Equivalents		3,00,000	2,00,000
TOTAL		12,72,000	9,35,000
		======	======

Notes

Note Number	Particulars	31.3.2018 (₹)	31.3.2017 (₹)
1	Tangible Assets:		
	Machinery	2,80,000	2,00,000
	Accumulated depreciation	(1,00,000)	(80,000)
		1,80,000	1,20,000

		Equipment			3,20,000	3,80,000	
					5,00,000	5,00,000	
	2	Intangible Assets	:				
		Goodwill			95,000	1,00,000	
	Additi	ional Information: Machinery of the b sold at a loss of ₹ 1		value of 80,000 (accumul) PART B	ated depreciation	ı ₹ 20,000) was	
				OPTION 2			
			(C	omputerised Accountin	ng)		
23	List a	ny two attributes of infor	rmatio	on to be stored in Payroll	data base.		1
24		_		vantage of computerised	accounting syste	em	1
		Efficient record keepir					
		Ensures effective contra					
		-		formation in fixed forma	ıt		
25		Economy in the proces			-4: C(: T-11- '	1
25			cons	tructing Bank Reconcilia	ation Statements	in Tally in	1
		ological sequence	1,, 6111	nmary of Bank Book. Br	inging the ourse	to the first menth	
	(a)	and pressing enter.	iy Sui	illiary of Dalik Book. Di	iniging the cursor	to the first month	
	b)	1 0	Zdit S	creen in Reconciliation n	node. The primar	v components are	
				Date' Amounts not reflec			
		banks	KCI5 I	oute 7 milounts not reflee	tea in banks and	outainee as per	
	c)		chers	for the month. Since this	s is a bank accou	nt. an additional	
		<u> </u>		visible on the right Press		,	
26	Match	the following					1
	a)	Single valued	i)	Attributes that can be d	livided in smaller	sub parts to	
		attributes		represent some more ba	asic attribute with	1	
				independent meaning			
	b)	Composite attribute	ii)	Attributes that cannot b	e further sub div	ided in	
				smaller parts.			
	c)	Atomic attributes	iii)	Attributes with single v	value for an entity	¥	
27				basic information proce			1
28			e soft	ware and Specific Softwa	are on basis of co	st of installation	1
		naintenance					
29				nay not require the use of			1
		-		loes not apply to an entit	y.		
		Value of an attribute is					
		Unknown because it de					
20			nay b	e nested (or grouped) to	constitute compl	ex ones.	2
30	Expla	in adjusting entries.		Ο			3
	Evento	in 'Transmananav aantra	ار مید دا	Or	of Commutanian	A a a a symptim a	
	_	• •	and	'Scalability' as features	oi Computerized	Accounting	
	Syster	ш.					
31	Nama	and explain the function	whi	ch returns the future valu	e of an investmen	nt which has	4
J1		ant payment and interest		ai returns the ruture valu	e or an investine	iii wiiicii iias	-
32		1 7		atting? Give its two uses	and three benefits	c c	6
J4	vviiat	is meant by conditional	1011116	umg: Orve its two uses	and unce beliefft	o.	U

MARKING SCHEME SAMPLE QUESTION PAPER 2019-20 CLASS XII (BIOLOGY)

TIME 3 HOURS MM 70

	Section – A	
1.	b) Leydig cells OR b)Amniocentesis	1
2.	d) Cell-mediated immune response OR d) ii and iv	1
3.	d) P enzyme is Restriction endonuclease and Q enzyme is ligase	1
4.	a) Sal I	1
5.	b) Habitat loss and fragmentation	1
	Section B	l
6.	Encysted <i>Amoeba</i> divides by multiple fission / produces amoeba or pseudopodiospores /cyst wall bursts out/spores are liberated to grow as amoebae(sporulation) OR Gemmule-asexual reproductive structure in sponges Conidia-asexual reproductive structure in <i>Penicillium</i> .(or any other correct example) $(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} = 1 \text{ Mark})$	2
7.	CuT,Cu7,Multiload 375 (Any two) ($\frac{1}{2}$ and $\frac{1}{2}$ =1Mark) Cu ions released suppresses sperm motility and the fertilizing capacity of sperms. ($\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} = 1$ Mark)	2
8.	Control crosses cannot be performed in human beings, Alternate method-Pedigree analysis (study of the traits in several generations of a family). (1+1=2 Marks)	2
9.	A is more reactive 2'-OH group present in the pentose sugar Makes it more labile/ catalytic and easily degradable. 1/2 Mark 1/2 Mark 1/2 +1/2 =1 Mark	2
10.	 Tissue culture Meristem apical or axillary is excised. Explant grown in a test tube under sterile condition/special nutrient medium ½+½ = 1 Mark 	2

11.	 RNA interference	2
12.	T ₃ Fishes T ₂ Zooplanktons Phytoplanktons Pyramid of biomass The pyramid is inverted because the biomass of fishes is much more than that of the zooplankton and phytoplankton. 1+1= 2 Marks	2
	Section C	
13.	Pollen tube Antipodal Polar nuclei Egg cell Synergid (Diagram =1 Mark) (Any four labellings ½ x 4=2)	3
14.	Failure of segregation of chromatids during cell division cycle results in the gain or loss of a chromosome(s) (aneuploidy) (1 Mark) Autosomes:- Down's Syndrome: The cause is the presence of an additional copy of the chromosome number 21 (trisomy of 21). (½ Mark) The affected individual is • short statured with small round head, • furrowed tongue and partially open mouth • Palm is broad with characteristic palm crease. • Physical, psychomotor and mental development is retarded. (Any one symptom ½ Mark) Sex chromosomes:- Klinefelter's Syndrome: This is caused due to the presence of an additional copy of X-chromosome resulting into a karyotype of 47, XXY. ½ Mark	3

	Such an individual has overall masculine development	
	has overall masculine development	
	• feminine development is also expressed by the development of breast/ Gynaecomastia).	
	Such individuals are sterile.	
	(Any one symptom ½ Mark)	
	If students give the example of Turner's Syndrome, it should be considered and marks given.	
	OR	
	a) i. point mutation/ single base substitution ½ Mark	
	ii. point mutation/ single base deletion ½ Mark	
	b) i 4 aminoacids 1 Mark	
	ii 4 aminoacids 1 Mark	
15.	In some species, the diploid egg cell is formed without reduction division and develops into the	3
	embryo without fertilization.	
	In many <i>Citrus</i> and <i>Mango</i> varieties some of the nucellar cells surrounding the embryo sac start	
	dividing, protrudes into the embryo sac and develops into the embryos. In such species each ovule	
	contains many embryos. 2 Mark	
16.	a.) Chemical evolution – First form of life originated from pre-existing non-living organic	3
	molecules.	
	b.) Amino acids	
	c.) H_2 1x3 = 3 Mark	
17.	a.)	3
	Amino acid Phe Val	
	DNA Code in Gene AAA CAC Codon in mRNA i)UUU ii)GUG	
	Codon in mRNA i)UUU ii)GUG Anticodon in tRNA iii)AAA iv)CAC	
	1Mark	
	b.)	
	i) A polypeptide containing 14 different amino acid = 14x3=42 base pairs. 1Mark	
	ii) 14 different types of RNA are needed for the synthesis of polypeptide. 1Mark	
18.	Advantages:-Inbreeding is necessary if we want to evolve a pure line in any animal.	3
	 It helps in accumulation of superior genes and elimination of less desirable genes 	
	 Inbreeding exposes harmful recessive genes that are to be eliminated by selection. 	
	• Where there is selection at each step, it increases the productivity of inbred population.	
	(Any two 1 Mark each)	
	Disadvantages:-	
	reduces fertility	
	decreases productivity.	
	(Any two ½ x2=1 Mark)	
19.	Specific Bt toxin genes isolated from <i>Bacillus thuringiensis</i> is incorporated into cotton is coded	3
	by the genes $cryIAc$ and $cryIIAb$ that control the cotton bollworms $(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} = 1 \text{ Mark})$	
	• Bacillus forms protein crystals that contain a toxic insecticidal protein.	
	 once an insect ingest the inactive toxin, it is converted into an active form 	
	The toxin in the form of crystals gets solubilised due to alkaline pH in the gut	
	The activated toxin binds to the surface of gut epithelial cells and perforate the walls	
	causing the death of insect larva (½ x2=2 Marks)	

20.	criteria for determining biodiversity hot spots are: –	3
20.	• high levels of species richness (1 Mark)	J
	• High degree of endemism. (1 Mark)	
	hotspots In India - Western Ghats, Himalaya (Indo-Burma/Sunderland to be accepted)	
	(Any 2) ($\frac{1}{2}$ + $\frac{1}{2}$ = 1Mark)	
	OR	
	In-situ Conservation— Threatened /endangered plants and animals are provided with urgent measures to save from extinction within their natural habitat and they are protected and allowed to grow naturally.	
	Example- wildlife sanctuaries/ national parks /biosphere reserves/ sacred groves	
	(Any one example) (½ Mark, 1 Mark for difference)	
	Ex-situ Conservation – Threatened animals and plants are taken out from their natural	
	habitat and placed in a setting where they can be protected and given care	
	Example- in botanical gardens/ zoological gardens/ seed/pollen/gene banks	
	(Any one example) (½ Mark, 1 Mark for difference)	
21.	(a) To maintain the cells in their physiologically most active log/exponential phase. 1 Mark	3
	(b) Temperature, pH, substrate, salts, vitamins, oxygen (Any 4) (½ x4 = 2 Mark)	
	Section D	
22.	a.) Each primary spermatocyte will undergo meiosis-I and meiosis-2 which will result in 4	3
	spermatozoa	
	300 million/4=75 million 1 Mark	
	b) Since replication has occurred by this stage	
	46x2 = 92 chromatids 1 Mark	
	Meiosis –I is completed by this time 92/2 =46 chromatids - 1 Mark	
23.	a) Vigorous growth of useful aerobic microbes into flocs. 1 Mark	3
	b) Activated sludge – some of it is pumped back into the aeration tank to serve as the inoculum 1/2 + 1/2 Mark	
	c) During this digestion, a mixture of gases such as methane, hyrogensulphide is made and carbon	
	dioxide. These gases form biogas.	
24.	Platinum-pallidium Rhodium (Any two $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} = 1$ Mark)	3
	CO_2,H_20 and CO [any 2] $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} = 1$ Mark	
	Nitric oxide 1 Mark	
Section E		
25.	Polygenic inheritance 1 Mark	5
	• If we assume skin colour is controlled by three genes A, B, C	
	• Dominant forms (A,B,C) are responsible for dark skin colour and recessive form (a, b, c) for	
	light skin colour 1 Mark	
	• The genotype with all dominant alleles (AABBCC) will be darkest skin colour and with	
	recessive alleles will be light test skin colour (aabbcc) (1+1=2 Marks)	

	• The genotypes (AaBbCc) will be of intermediate skin colour i.e. with three dominant alleles and three recessive alleles 1 Mark			
	OR			
	 The sequences were arranged based on some overlapping regions pres of these sequences was not humanly possible) Therefore, specialized computer based programme was developed. These sequences were subsequently annotated and were assigned to each Chromosome 1 	1Mark 1Mark		
	Caenorhabditis elegans	1Mark		
26.	a) Inducing mutation artificially using chemicals /radiations /and desirable characters Mung Bean Yellow mosaic virus	selecting plants with ½ x 2 = 1Mark 1Mark 1Mark	5	
	b) AQUACULTURE PISCICU	JLTURE		
	1. It involves production and culturing of all Production and culturing	g of fishes is called		
	types of aquatic organisms in water bodies. pisciculture.	1x2=2 Mark		
		TAZ Z IVILIK		
	OR			
	a) AIDS caused by the Human Immuno deficiency Virus	$(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} = 1 \text{ Mark})$		
	b) Vaccines prevent microbial infections by initiating production of antibodies against these antigens to neutralise the pathogenic agents during later actual infection. (1/2)			
	The vaccines also generate memory – B and T-cells that recognize the subsequent exposure. (1/2)	he pathogen quickly on 1 Mark		
	c) Normal cells show a property called contact inhibition by virtue of w cells inhibits their uncontrolled growth. Cancer cells appear to have lost These cells grow very rapidly, invading and damaging the surro Cells sloughed from such tumors reach distant sites through blood lodged in the body, they start a new tumor there. This property called	t this property.(1) bunding normal tissues., and wherever they get		
	d) Physiological barriers : Acid in the stomach and saliva in the mouth.	½ Mark		
27.	a) I hystological barriers. Acid in the stomach and sanva in the inouth.	/2 IVIAIK	5	
27.	CFCs 14% 20% Methane CFCs 14% Carbon dioxide		3	
	(Marks to be given only if relative contribution is correct)	$(\frac{1}{2} \times 4 = 2 \text{ Marks})$		
	5			

Pie chart - ½ Marks to be detected if not given in form of pie chart

Clouds and gases reflect one-fourth of incoming solar radiation/absorb some of it/but almost half of incoming solar radiation falls on Earth's surface heating it/while a small is reflected backs/Earth's surface re-emits heat in the form of infra red radiation/but part of this does not escape into space as atmospheric gases absorb a major fraction of it.

 $(\frac{1}{2} \times 6 \text{ points} = 3 \text{ Marks})$

OR

(a) – Amensalism (1 Mark)

(b) – Predation (1 Mark)

Justifications-

- Nature's way of transferring energy fixed by plants to higher trophic levels/conduits for energy transfer.
- Keep prey population under control
- Predators help in maintaining species diversity in a community, by reducing the intensity of competition among competing prey species.

(1x3 Points = 3 Marks)

Sample Question Paper Class XII (2019-20) Biology (044)

Time allowed: 3 hrs.

Maximum Marks: 70

General Instructions:

- 1. There are a total of 27 questions and five sections in the question paper. All questions are compulsory.
- 2. Section A contains question numbers 1 to 5, multiple choice questions of one mark each. Section B contains question numbers 6 to 12, short answer type I questions of two marks each. Section C contains question numbers 13 to 21, short answer type II questions of three marks each.
 - Section D contains question number 22 to 24, case-based short answer type questions of three marks each.
 - Section E contains question numbers 25 to 27, long answer type questions of five marks each.
- 3. There is no overall choice in the question paper. However, internal choices are provided in two questions of one mark, one question of two marks, two questions of three marks and all three questions of five marks. An examinee is to attempt any one of the questions out of the two given in the question paper with the same question number.

SECTION - A

- 1. Androgens are synthesized by:
 - a.) Sertoli Cells
 - b.) Leydig cells
 - c.) Seminal vesicles
 - d.) Bulbourethral gland

OR

1

1

A procedure that finds use in testing for genetic disorders, but is also misused for female foeticide is:

- a.) Lactational amenorrhea
- b.) Amniocentesis
- c.) Artificial insemination
- d.) Parturition
- 2. Which type of immune response is responsible for the rejection of tissues/organs in the patient's body post transplantation?
 - a.) auto-immune response
 - b.) humoral immune response
 - c.) physiological immune response
 - d.) cell-mediated immune response

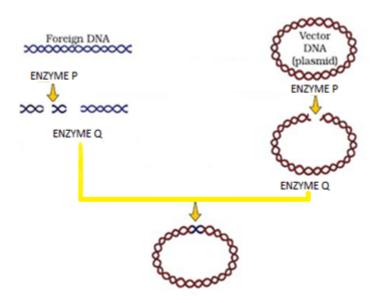
OR

Rheumatoid arthritis is caused when . . .

- i.) Lymphocytes become more active
- ii.) Body attacks self cells
- iii.) More antibodies are produced in the body
- iv.) The ability to differentiate pathogens or foreign molecules from self-cells is lost

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- a.) i and ii
- b.) iii and iv
- c.) i and iii
- d.) ii and iv
- 3. Name the enzymes 'P' and 'Q' that are involved in the processes given below.



- a.) Enzyme P-Exonuclease and Enzyme Q-Permease
- b.) Enzyme P-Exonuclease and Enzyme Q-Ligase
- c.) Enzyme P-Endonuclease and Enzyme Q- Permease
- d.) Enzyme P-Restriction endonuclease and Enzyme Q-Ligase
- 4. A biotechnologist wanted to create a colony of *E.coli* possessing the plasmid pBR322, sensitive to Tetracycline. Which one of the following restriction sites would he use to ligate a foreign DNA?
 - a.) Sal I
 - b.) Pvu I
 - c.) EcoRI
 - d.) Hind III
- 5. The most important cause of biodiversity loss is:
 - a.) Over exploitation of economic species
 - b.) Habitat loss and fragmentation
 - c.) Invasive species
 - d.) Breakdown of plant-pollinator relationships

1

1

SECTION B

6. How does an encysted *Amoeba* reproduce on return of favourable conditions?

2

OR

What are gemmules and conidia? Name one organism each in which these are formed?

7. Name any two copper releasing IUD's. State how they act as a contraceptive.

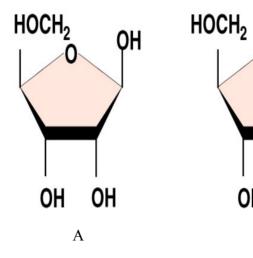
2

8. Why is it not possible to study the pattern of inheritance of traits in human beings, the same way as it is done in pea plant? Name the alternate method employed for such an analysis of human traits.

2

9. Carefully examine structures A and B of pentose sugar given below. Which one of the two is more reactive? Give reasons.

2



- 2
- 10. Name the technology and write the procedure that can help a scientist to recover virus free sugarcane plants from diseased canes for his crop breeding experiments.

В

- 2
- 11. Explain the events that occur in the host cell on introduction of nematode-resistant gene into the tobacco plant by using *Agrobacterium* vectors.
- 12. Construct a pyramid of biomass starting with phytoplankton. Label its three trophic levels. Is the pyramid upright or inverted? Justify your answer.

2

SECTION C

13. Draw a well-labelled diagram of L.S of a pistil of a flower showing the passage of growing of pollen tube up to its destination.

3

14. How does gain or loss of chromosome(s) takes place in humans? Describe one example each of chromosomal disorder along with the symptoms involving an autosome and a sex chromosome.

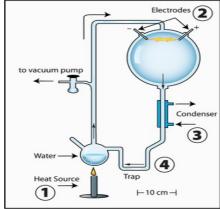
3

OR

A small stretch of DNA strand that codes for a polypeptide is shown below: 3'--- --- CAT CAT AGA TGA AAC--- --- 5'

- a.) Which type of mutation could have occurred in each type resulting in the following mistakes during replication of the above original sequence?
- b.) How many amino acids will be translated from each of the above strands i) and ii)?
- 15. "Apomixes is a form of asexual reproduction that mimics sexual reproduction in plants". Explain with the help of a suitable example.

16. Electrodes **2**



- a.) State the hypothesis which S.L. Miller tried to prove in the laboratory with the help of the set up given above.
- b.) Name the organic compound observed by him in the liquid water at the end of his experiment.
- c.) A scientist simulated a similar set up and added CH₄, NH₃ and water vapour at 800°C. Mention the important component that is missing in his experiment?

3

17. a.) Study the table given below and identify (i), (ii), (iii) and (iv)

Amino acid	Phe	Val
DNA Code in Gene	AAA	CAC
Codon in mRNA	(i)	(ii)
Anticodon in tRNA	(iii)	(iv)

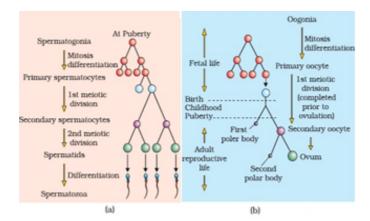
- b.) A polypeptide consists of 14 different amino acids.
 - i) How many base pairs must be there in the processed mRNA that codes for this polypeptide?
 - ii) How many different types of tRNA are needed for the synthesis of this polypeptide?
- 18. How is inbreeding advantageous as well as disadvantageous in cattle breeding programme? (Mention any **two** advantages and **two** disadvantages)
- 19. "Specific Bt Toxin gene is incorporated into cotton plant so as to control infestation of Bollworm". Mention the organism from which the gene was isolated and explain its mode of action.
- 20. State any two criteria for determining biodiversity hotspots. Name any two hotspots designated in India.

Differentiate between in-situ and ex-situ approaches for conserving biodiversity. Give an example for each.

- 21. When the gene product is required in large amounts, the transformed bacteria with the plasmid inside the bacteria are cultured on a large scale in an industrial fermenter which then synthesizes the desired protein. This product is extracted from the fermenter for commercial use
 - a.) Why is the used medium drained out from one side while fresh medium is added from the other? Explain.
 - b.) List any four optimum conditions for achieving the desired product in a bioreactor.

SECTION D

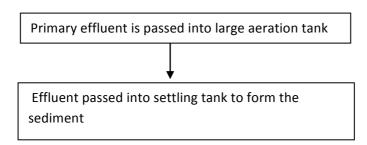
22.



With reference to the above schematic representation of (a) Spermatogenesis and (b) Oogenesis answer the following questions:

- a.) About 300 million spermatozoa may be present in a human male ejaculation at one time. Calculate how many spermatocytes will be involved to produce 300 spermatozoa.
- b.) How many chromatids are found during Oogenesis in (i) Primary oocyte and (ii) First polar body in a human female?
- 23. Large quantities of sewage is generated everyday in cities and towns, which is treated in Sewage Treatment Plants (STPs) to make it less polluted. Given below is the flow diagram of one of the stages of STP.

Observe the given flow diagram and answer the questions accordingly.



- a.) Why primary effluent is passed into large aeration tanks?
- b.) Write the technical term used for the sediment formed? Mention its significance.

3

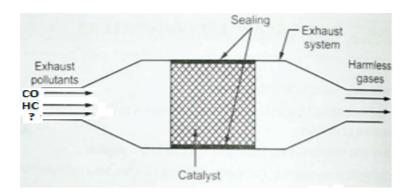
3

c.) Explain the final step that results in the formation of biogas in the large tank before the treated effluent is released into water bodies.

3

5

24.



Observe the diagram of the catalytic converter and answer the questions which follow:

- a.) Name any two metals used as catalyst in the catalytic converter.
- b.) Name the gases that are released after passing the exhaust hydrocarbons through the catalytic converter.
- c.) Name the other poisonous gas which is missing (?) in the exhaust pollutant of an automobile in the above diagram?

SECTION E

25. Certain phenotypes in human population are spread over a gradient and reflect the contribution of more than two genes. Mention the term used for the type of inheritance? Describe it with the help of an example in human population.

OR

Summarize the process by which the sequence of DNA bases in Human Genome Project was determined using the method developed by Frederick Sanger. Name a free living non-pathogenic nematode whose DNA has been completely sequenced.

- 26. a.) What is mutation breeding? Give an example of a crop and disease to which 5 resistance was induced by this method.
 - b.) Differentiate between pisci-culture and aquaculture.

OR

- a.) If a patient is advised anti-retroviral drug, name the possible infection he/ she is likely to be suffering from. Name the causative organism.
- b.) How do vaccines prevent subsequent microbial infection by the same pathogen?
- c.) How does a cancerous cell differ from a normal cell?
- d.) Many microbial pathogens enter the gut of humans along with food. Name the physiological barrier that protects the body from such pathogens.
- 27. "Indiscriminate human activities have strengthened the greenhouse effect resulting in Global Warming." Give the relative contribution of various Green House Gases in the form of a pie chart and explain the fate of the energy of sunlight reaching the earth's surface contributing towards Global Warming.

Given below is a table depicting population interactions between species A and species B.

Type of interaction	Species A	Species B
(a)	(-)	(+)
(b)	(+)	(-)

Name the types of interactions (a) and (b) in the above table. Justify giving three reason, how the type of interaction (b) is important in an ecological context.

XXXXXXXXX

Sample Question paper CLASS- XII BIO-TECHNOLOGY 2019-20

MARKING SCHEME

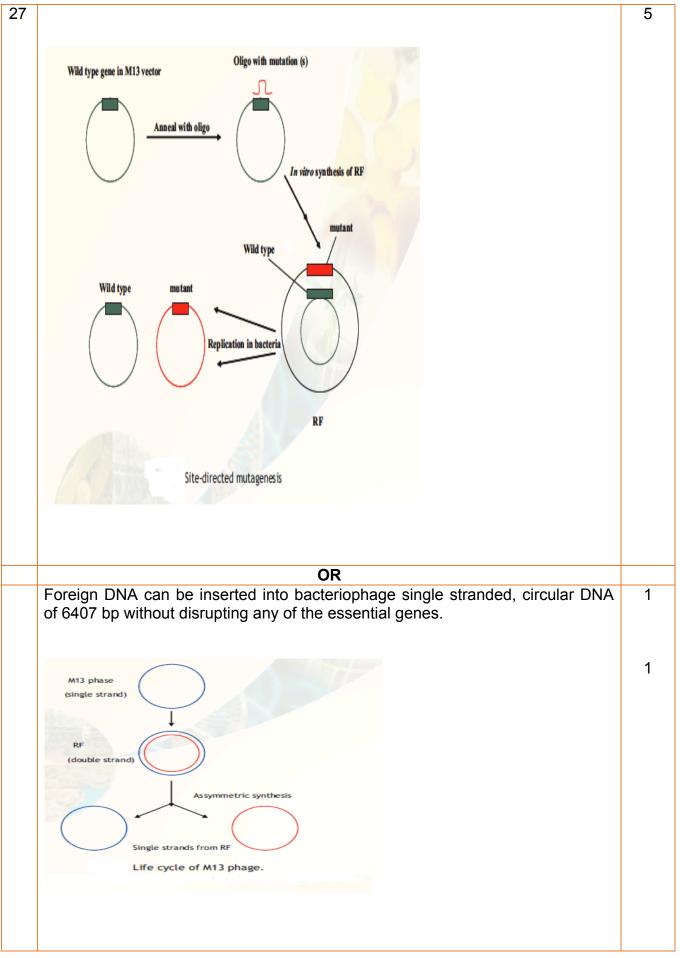
SECTION A		
1	Paul Berg, Herbert Boyer, Annie Chang and Stanley Cohen. (Any two)	1/2 *2
2	Properties for thermal and pH stability/ solvent tolerance and solubility/ catalytic potency etc. (Any two)	1/2 *2
3	By the production of stress-related osmolytes like sugars (e.g. trihalose and fructans)/ sugar alcohols (e.g. mannitol) / amino acids (e.g. proline), glycine betaine/ certain proteins (e.g. antifreeze proteins). (Any one)	1
4	OR Methylation	1
5.	To make series of maps of each human chromosome at increasingly finer resolutions.	1
6.	Serum/FCS, an essential component of animal cell culture media was missing. OR Trophoblast	1
7	Amino acids were not replaced at random but were altered with specific preferences./ Some amino acids such as tryptophan, was generally not replaced by any other amino acid / Based on several homologous sequences, a point accepted mutation (PAM) matrix could be developed. (Any one) OR	1
	Functionally related or homologous protein sequences are similar.	
8	b) NMR	1
9	b) 5.7	1
10	d) Y and N	1

11	a) SCID	1
12	(i) d) > 10 ⁶ cells /ml	1
	(ii) d) Acclimatization to the new environment.	1
	(iii) a) Log phase	1
	(iv) d) Antibiotics don't have any affect on animal cells	1
	SECTION B	
13	Synthetic media - Full composition of the medium is known.	1
	Semi-synthetic media - These media contain highly complex components such as peptone, beef extract, yeast extract or casein digest. Nutrient broth/ Typticase soya broth (TSB) / Brain heart infusion (BHI) broth	1
14	LEU2 gene codes for an enzyme required for the synthesis of amino acid	1
	leucine. Yeast cells having this plasmid can grow on a medium lacking leucine and hence can be selected.	1/2
	e.g. Yep	1/2
15	No simple correlation between the intuitive complexity of an organism and the number of genes in its genome. Relatively small number of genes in a human genome in comparison to worm /Drosophila melanogaster.	1
16	While somaclones are plant variants obtained from tissue cultures of somatic tissues, gametoclones are plant variants with gametophytic origin obtained from tissue such as pollen or egg cell. Larkin and Scowcroft (1981) proposed the term 'somaclones'	1
17	A balance between the stabilizing (mainly hydrophobic) interactions and destabilization interactions.	1
	By substituting amino acids that either favour stabilizing interactions in a folded protein or destabilizing interactions in an inactive protein.	1
18	Potential of genetically modified organisms (GMO) or recombinant strains to infect other organisms./Toxicity and allergy associated with the use of recombinant molecules./ Increasing the environmental pool of antibiotic resistant microorganisms or transfer of antibiotic resistant genes./Problems associated with the disposal of spent microbial biomass./Safety aspects associated with contamination, infection or mutation of process strains.	1*2

	(Any two)	
	OR	
	 Bulk purchase of chemicals and other raw materials would bring down costs. 	
	 The labour cost decreases sharply with increase in production. 	
19	Negatively charged Asp 102 partially borrow hydrogen ion from His-57.	1/2
-	His-57 attracts hydrogen ion from adjacent Ser 195	1/2
	Serine 195 gets negative charge.	1/2
	Serine 195 makes a nucleophilic attack on the protein substrate.	1/2
	OR	
	Normal and thallasaemic erythrocytes obtained and their lysates analysed	1/2
	Protein fingerprinting/ 2-D gel electrophoresis/ MALDI/ SDS-PAGE can identify if alpha or beta chain is absent	,-
	 Protein fingerprinting: Trypsin digestion of Purified haemoglobin Paper electrophoresis followed by paper chromatography. Spray with ninhydrin. (Student should be awarded marks if he/she describes any of the above mentioned technique.) 	½*3
	SECTION C	
20	(a) Insulin production is 100 mg/L; so fermentor volume needed for 1 Kg of insulin is 1 Kg /100mg = 1000, 000mg/100,g = 10,000mg = 10,000L.	1
	(b) Cell concentration is increased 50 times, we need 200 L reactor.	1
	(c) Insulin yield per litre of culture is 500 X 50 = 25, 000 mg / L which is 25 gram/L. We need a 40 L reactor (1000g/25g) .	1
21		3
	Digestion with EcoRI 3' 5' Ori	
	Plasmid vector Cut DNA fragment and plasmid vector with restriction enzyme (EcoRI) Sticky ends	
	Ligate together with DNA ligase Treat with alkaline phospahte	
	Recombinant vector plasmid	
	Making recombinant plasmid	

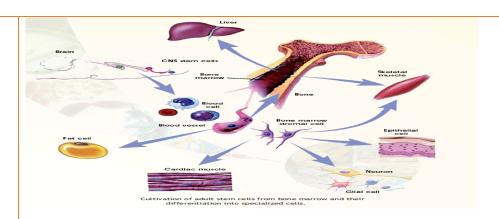
		OR	
	Haemophilus Aegyptus HaeIII	5'G-G-C-C 3' 3'C-C-G-G 5'	1
		30-0-0-3	
	Providencia stuartii Pstl	5'C-T-G-C-A-G 3'	1
		3'G-A-C-G-T-C 5'	
	Streptomyces albus Sall	5'G-T-C-G-A-C 3'	1
		3'C-A-G-C-T-G 5'	
22			3
	Functional Property	Mode of action	
	Whipping/Foaming	Forms stable film (A)	
	,	Formation and stabilization of fat emulsions	
	Gelation(C)	Protein matrix formation and setting	
	Viscosity	Thickening, water binding(D)	
	= : :	Hydrogen bonding of water;	
		entrapment of water	
	Solubility	Protein salvation(F)	
23	Replica plating.		1/2
		naster plate) on solid media with the desired	
	antibiotic overnight.Velvet paper is aligned, pre	ssed on master plate.	
	 With the same alignment it 	is pressed onto the replica plate.	
		ned colonies will not grow in replica plate	1/ * F
	comparing the two plates.	can easily be scored off from master plate by	½*5
24	•	with altered fatty acid profiles.	
	Modification of starch pro	•	1/2 * 6
	 Favourable change of grain storage products and their chemical composition to improve the processing of bread making with wheat flour, 		
	malting of barley and bre		
		oxic compounds in certain plants.	
		es/ blue coloured cotton which is otherwise not	
	pigment in roses/ cotton	plant breeding because of the absence of blue	
	 Development of tear-less 	onions, caffeine-free coffee and low nicotine	
	tobacco.	(Any three)	
25	The collective DNA(from va	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1
	restriction digestion using rest	triction endonucleases and the fragments are	

	cloned into suitable vectors	S.		1
	The clones are then screened for presence of a variety of molecules. The clones expressing novel molecules or molecules with improved characteristics are used for large-scale production by fermentation techniques.			
	OR Pilot plant: Mini version of	the commercial plant.		1
	only large investments, k	<u> </u>	ial scale has the risk of not ets, which may not be of commercialization.	2
26				
	Crop	Gene	Improved character	½ * 6
	Canola	(A) Thioesterase EPSP synthase/ Any relevant gene	Hybrid production	
	Corn	(B)Bt cry I Ac /any other	Insect resistance	
	Cotton	(C) Acetolactate synthase Nitrilase EPSP synthase Bt CryIA(c)	Insect resistance	
	Papaya	(D)Coat protein/ Any relevant gene	Virus resistance	
	Potato	(E)Bt CryllIA and coat protein/ Any relevant gene	Insect and Virus control	
	Soyabean	(F)EPSP synthase/ Any relevant gene	Weed control	
		SECTION D		



	Its genome is less than 10 kb in size.	1
	RF can be purified and manipulated exactly like a plasmid.	1
	Genes cloned into M13 based vectors can be obtained in the form of single stranded DNA.	1
28	lonic bonds:	1
	Interactions between the oppositely charged groups also known as salt bridges Hydrogen bonds:	1
	Hydrogen bonds are formed by "sharing" of a hydrogen atom between two electronegative atoms such as Nitrogen and Oxygen.	1
	Hydrogen Bonding	
	Van der Waals forces:	1
	The Van der Waals types of forces are essentially contact forces, proportional to the surface areas in contact.	
	Hydrophobic interactions:	1

	The hydrophobic interaction is a manifestation of hydrogen bonding network in water. In water, each molecule is potentially bonded to four other molecules through H-bonds	
29	Directed sequencing of Bacterial Artificial Chromosome (BAC) contigs	1/2
	Bacterial Artificial Chromosome (BAC) vectors are used to make genomic libraries in which the insert size is 80-100 kb, library is then screened by finding common restriction fragments.	1
	BAC clones are then mapped to find overlapping arrays of contiguous clones called contigs. The mapped contigs are sequenced by breaking large DNA fragments into small pieces.	1
	Random shotgun sequencing	1/2
	In random shotgun sequencing, big genomic DNA molecules are cloned in small (2.0 kb) and medium (10 kb) plasmid vectors and a library is constructed	1
	Picking many clones, sequencing them and feeding all these data into a computer program, these sequences are joined by finding overlapping parts. The result is, we get long pieces of DNA sequences.	1
	OR	
	Cystic Fibrosis (Cystic Fibrosis Trans membrane Conductance Regulator CFTR gene)	1/2
	Inheritance: autosomal recessive disease	1/2*3
	2. Genomic location: Chromosome 7 (7q31.2)	
	Mutation: The most common mutation is a deletion of 3 bps resulting in the loss of codon no. 508, which codes for phenylalanine	
	Huntington disease (Hunting tin gene HTT)	1/2
	 Inheritance: autosomal dominant Location: Chrosome 4 (4p16.3) Mutation: increased number of CAG repeats more than 35 times 	1/2*3
	Two diseases showing gene polymorphism with complex inheritance Common late-onset Alzheimer's disease Migraine	1/2 1/2
30	Cultivation of adult stem cells from bone marrow and their differentiation into	
	specialized cells	
		3



1

1/2*2

Ernest McCulloch and James Till

Leukemia (Cancerous blood cells), Heart disease, heart attack (cardiac tissue damage). Paralysis (spinal cord injury). Alzheimer's, Parkinson's, Huntington's (dead brain cells).and Burns (damaged skin cells) (Any two)

Sample Question paper CLASS- XII BIO-TECHNOLOGY (045) SESSION 2019-20

Time allowed: 3 hours
General Instructions:

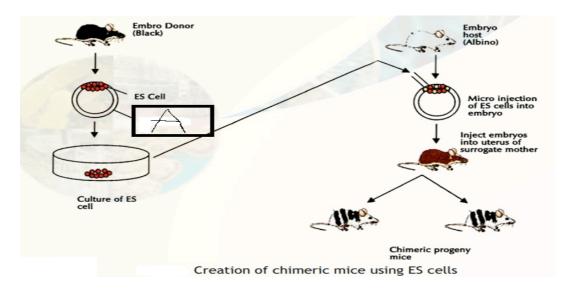
Maximum Marks: 70

1

1

- (i) The question paper comprises four Sections A, B, C and D. Attempt all the Sections.
- (ii) All questions are compulsory.
- (iii) There is no overall choice. However, an internal choice has been provided in five questions of one mark, three questions of **two** marks, three questions of **three** marks and **three** questions of **five** marks. You have to attempt only one of the choices in such questions. Questions paper contains four sections A, B, C and D.
- (iv) Question numbers **1** to **7** are very short answer questions carrying **1** mark each. Question numbers **8** to **12** are multiple choice questions carrying **1** mark each
- (v) Question numbers 13 to 19 are short answer questions, carrying 2 marks each.
- (vi) Question numbers 20 to 26 are also short answer questions, carrying 3 marks each.
- (vii) Question numbers **27** to **30** are long answer questions, carrying **5** marks each.
- (viii) Use of calculators is not permitted. However, you may use log tables, if necessary.
- **SECTION A** 1 Name any two scientists involved in designing the first recombinant DNA molecule. 2 1 Write any two properties which can be improved through protein engineering 3 Transgenic plants have been developed to survive in saline habitat. Which 1 technique might have been used to develop such plants? 4 Which vector was used in the first cloning experiment involving mammalian cell? 1 OR How does a modification enzyme protect its own DNA from digestion?
- 5 What was the strategy behind *Human Genome Project*?
- 6. An enriched medium containing salts, glucose, proteins and vitamins was made and a commercially available animal cell line was introduced. However, the cells began dying. What could be the reason behind it?

OR



7. Margaret Dayhoff observed that protein sequences undergo variation according to certain patterns. Write any one such pattern.

OF

1

1

1

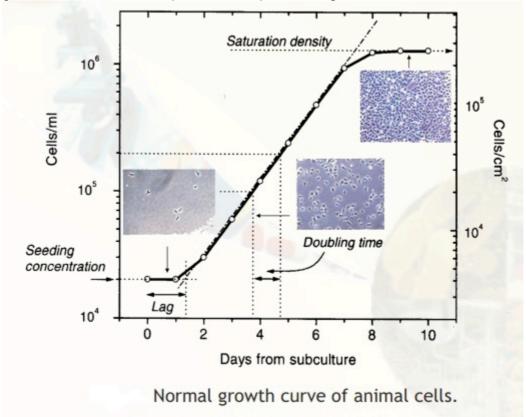
1

What is the underlying principle of "Molecular evolution"?

- 8. Crystallisation is not required due to the advent of which of the following new technique.
 - a) X-ray crystallography
 - b) NMR
 - c) Sanger's method of protein sequencing
 - d) Edman's method of protein sequencing
- 9. Optimum pH for plant tissue culture medium is
 - a) 7.5
- c) 8
- b) 5.7
- d) 8.5
- 10. The single letter codes for Tyrosine and Asparagine are
 - a) N and Y
 - b) A and T
 - c) T and A
 - d) Y and N
- 11. The disease due to the deficiency of an enzyme Adenosine Deaminase (ADA) is
 - a) SCID
 - b) Thallasemia
 - c) Haemophilia
 - d) Mad cow disease
- 12 Question numbers 12(i) to 12(iv) are based on the following text on characterization of Cell Lines:

In order to analyze the growth characteristics of a particular cell type or cell line, a growth curve can be established from which one can obtain a population doubling time, a lag time, and a saturation density. A growth curve generally will show the cell population's lag phase, that is, the time it takes for the cells to recover from subculture, attach, and spread; the log phase, in which the cell

number begins to increase exponentially and a plateau phase, in which the growth rate slows or stops due to depletion of growth factors and nutrients.



- (i). Beyond what cell concentration, saturation density is achieved?
 - a) $> 10^4$ cells /ml
 - b) 10^4 to 10^5 cells /ml
 - $c) > 10^5$ cells /ml
 - d) > 10^6 cells /ml
- (ii). There is no increase in the cell concentration in the lag phase due to the following reasons:

1

1

1

1

- a) Exhaustion of the medium.
- b) Space constraint
- c) Both "a" and "b"
- d) Acclimatization to the new environment.
- (iii). In which phase of growth is the specific growth rate of animal cell calculated?
 - a) Log phase
 - b) Lag phase
 - c) Stationary phase
 - d) Decline phase.
- (iv) A student adds antibiotic to the animal cell culture medium and still obtains the same growth curve .The probable explanation for it will be:
 - a) Antibiotics add growth factors and hormones in the medium
 - b) Antibiotics provide serum for the growth of animal cells.
 - c) Antibiotics enhance the nutrient content of the medium.
 - d) Antibiotics don't have any affect on animal cells

SECTION B

2

2

2

2

2

2

- 13 Differentiate between synthetic and complex medium used for microbial culture.
- 14 How can LEU 2 gene be used as a selectable marker?

On the basis of the table given below, state your observations pertaining to the organisation features of the organism.

ORGANISM	No. of chromoso mes	Genome size in base pairs	The number of predicted genes	Part of the genome that encodes for proteins
Worm Caenorhabditis elegans	6	100,000,000	19,000	27%
Human Homo sapiens	23	3,000,000,000	20,000- 25,000	<5%
Fly Drosophila melanogaster	4	175,000,000- 196,000,000	13600	20%

- Differentiate between somaclones and gametoclones. Who proposed the term somaclones?
- a) What are the various interactions that stabilize a folded protein?
 - b) How can the stability of protein be changed?
- 18 What are various biosafety issues in microbial technology?

OR

The laboratory scale design cannot be scaled up to industrial scale directly. Write any two points that need to be considered while going for industrial scale production.

In a variant of chymotrypsin, Asp 102 is replaced by Glu 102. Do you expect the enzyme to retain activity? Schematically indicate the role of amino acid residues participating in catalysis.

OR

Thalassemic patients produce excess alpha or beta subunits of haemoglobin leading to impaired oxygen-binding capacity by their erythrocytes. How can it be determined as to which subunit is produced in excess?

SECTION C

- 20 Recombinant insulin is produced at 100 mg/l by *E. coli* at a cell concentration of ' 3 g/l. Calculate the volume of reactor (size of the fermentor) needed to produce ' kilogram of insulin in the following conditions:
 - (a) When the cell concentration is 1 g/l and insulin production is 100 mg/l.
 - (b) When the cell concentration is 50 g/l and insulin production is 100 mg/l.
 - (c) When the cell concentration is 50 g/l and insulin production is 500 mg /l

3

3

3

3

5

OR

Students of Class XII visited Microbial Type Culture Collection, Chandigarh and observed microbial cultures of *Providencia stuartii*, *Streptomyces albus* and *Haemophilus aegyptus*. Name the restriction enzymes obtained from them and also specify their restriction sites.

22 Complete the table by filling the mode of action / functional properties indicated as A, B, C, D, E and F

Functional Property	Mode of action
Whipping/Foaming	A
В	Formation and stabilization of fat emulsions
С	Protein matrix formation and setting
Viscosity	D
E	Hydrogen bonding of water; entrapment of water
Solubility	F

- Selection is an important step in genetic engineering. You are given ampicillin and tetracycline antibiotics. Using these antibiotics, which selection technique could be used to differentiate between recombinant and non-recombinant cells?
- Write any six applications of plant genetic engineering.
- How does the metagenomics approach help to identify novel genes present in the environment? Explain the process.

OR

What is a pilot plant? Why is it necessary to validate a process in a pilot plant before commercial scale production in a bioprocess industry?

26 Given below are few transgenic crops approved by US food and drug 3 administration along with the improved character. Name the genes A to F introduced for the improved character.

Crop	Gene	Improved character
Canola	A	Hybrid production
Corn	В	Insect resistance
Cotton	С	Insect resistance
Papaya	D	Virus resistance
Potato	E	Insect and virus control
Soyabean	F	Weed Control

SECTION D

Mutation is an alteration in any of the base of a DNA sequence sometimes leading to a defective protein or prematurely terminated non-functional protein. It can be spontaneous or induced. Diagrammatically explain how mutation can be induced in a gene.

OR

A bacteriophage is known to infect *E.coli* with pili. How can it be modified to serve as a suitable vector?

What are the major advantages of developing vectors based on such bacteriophages?

- 28 Explain the non-covalent interactions involved in organizing the structure of 5 protein molecules.
- Which two main methodologies are used for genome sequencing? Explain.

 OR

Explain the diseases caused by single gene mutations following mendelian inheritance specifying the genomic location, inheritance pattern and mutation.

5

5

Name any two diseases showing gene polymorphism with complex inheritance.

Diagrammatically show the cultivation of adult stem cells from bone marrow and their differentiation into specialized cells. Name two scientists who established the field of stem cell research. For which medical conditions, stem cells can be used (Write any two)?

Business Studies Class 12 (2019-20)

Marking Scheme

- 1. c). both science and art.
- 2. Coordination.
- 3. a). Applicable only in large firms.
- 4. a). The extent and nature of government intervention in business
- 5. b). Selecting an alternative
- 6. b). Span of management.
- 7. a). Direct recruitment
- 8. a). Employer paid Insurance
- 9. b). Personal barrier
- 10. B) Leadership
- 11. A) Revise the schedule
- 12.c) Investment decision
- 13 a). Trading on equity.
- 14 d) Financing decision
- 15 a). Protective function
- 16 C). Production
- 17 c) Product
- 18 c) labelling
- 19 False
- 20. d) None of the above.
- 21. Following are the tasks that Mr. Armstrong needs to perform as a production manager in his firm to carry out the plans laid down by the Top managers: (Any three)
- i. Interpret the policies framed by top management.
- ii. Ensure that the production department has the necessary personnel.
- iii. Assign necessary duties and responsibilities to them.
- iv. Motivate them to achieve the desired objectives.
- v. Cooperate with other departments for the smooth functioning of the organization.

OR

Following are the economic objectives of management

- 1) Survival
- 2) Profit
- 3) Growth. (3marks)
- 22 Three elements of delegation are-
 - 1. Authority- Right of an individual to command his subordinates & to take action within the scope of his position. It is right to take decisions inherent in a job position.
 - 2. Responsibility- it is the obligation of subordinate to properly perform the assigned duty. It arises from superior subordinate relationship. It flows upwards.
 - 3. Accountability implies being answerable for the final outcome, i.e. subordinate will be answerable to superior for satisfactory performance of work.

 $(1/2 \text{ mark for heading and } \frac{1}{2} \text{ mark for explanation})$ (1x3 = 3)

23. Controlling. (1 mark)

It is considered an indispensable function of management because of the following reasons (Any two):

i. Accomplishing organizational goals.

- ii. Judging accuracy of standards.
- iii. Making efficient use of resources.
- iv. Improving employee motivation.
- v. Ensuring order and discipline.
- vi. Facilitating coordination in action. (1x2=2)
- 24 a) Public relations- It involves variety of activities designed to promote or protect company's image & its individual products in the eyes of public. (1/2 mark for identification and ½ mark for explanation) (1 mark)
- b) Any two of the following are the promotional tools which may also be used:
- i) Advertising
- ii) Personal Selling
- iii) Sales promotion (1/2 mark for heading and $\frac{1}{2}$ mark for explanation) (1x2 = 2)
- 25. a. Right to be heard
- b. Right to seek redressal
- c. Right to consumer education

(1x3=3)

- 26. Following are the points of importance of understanding Business Environment discussed: (Any two)
- 1. "Improve existing card facility------"- It helps the firm in identifying threat and early warning signal."
- 2. "Exploit opportunity arising-----" It helps to identify opportunities and get first mover advantage.
- 3. "Improve their performance---"- It helps in improving performance.
- 4. "Planned to hire more-----guidelines to train sales force" –It helps in assisting in planning and policy formulation.
- (1/2 mark for quoting, $\frac{1}{2}$ mark for identification, 1 mark for explanation) (2x2=4)
- 27. a). Importance of Decentralisation are- (Any two)
 - 1. Develops initiative among subordinate- It helps to promote- self-reliance & confidence among subordinates.
 - 2. Develops managerial talent for the future- Decentralisation gives subordinates a chance to prove their abilities & creates a reservoir of qualified workforce.
 - 3. Quick decision making- Since decisions are taken at the points of action. Therefore, no approval of superiors & leads to quick decision making.
 - 4. Relief to top management- Decentralisation diminishes the amount of direct supervision exercised by superior over his subordinates because they are given freedom to act within the limits set by top management & top management can concentrate on important policies.
 - (1/2 mark for identification and 1 ½ mark for explanation) (2x2=4)
 - b). Divisional structure- In a divisional structure, the organisation structure comprises of separate business units or divisions. Each division is self-contained as it develops expertise in all functions related to a product line
 - (1/2 mark for naming and ½ mark for explanation)
- 28- Factors affecting price determination-(any four)
 - 1. Product cost- One of the most important factors affecting the price is its cost. It includes cost of producing, distributing & selling the product.
 - 2. Utility& Demand- The product cost set the lower limit of price, the utility provided by the product &intensity of demand of product sets the highest price of the product.
 - 3. Extent of competition in the market- when firm does not face any competition it has complete freedom in fixing up the price. But when competition is more the price of the product is fixed keeping in mind the competitor's price.

- 4. Government regulations- In order to protect the interests of the consumers government has all rights to control prices of important commodities & services.
- 5. Marketing methods used- The price of product is also affected by the methods & techniques used to promote the product.
- 6. Pricing objectives- Apart from profit maximization other objectives are
 - a. Obtaining market share leadership-If firm wants to capture big share of market it has to keep its price low.
 - b. Surviving in competitive market- To survive in a competitive market the firm has to offer discounts.
 - c. Attaining product quality leadership- Generally high prices are charged to cover cost of R&D.

(1 mark for each statement) (1x4=4)

OR

The following are the components of physical distribution:

- 1. Transportation is the means of carrying goods and raw material from the point of production to the point of sale.
- 2. Warehousing refers to the act of storing and assorting products in order to create time utility in them.
- 3. Inventory Control- A very important decision in respect of inventory is deciding the level of inventory.
- 4. Order Processing- A good physical distribution system should provide for an accurate and speedy processing of orders.

(1 mark for each statement) (1x4=4)

29. Time Study- It determines the standard time taken to perform a well-defined job. The standard time is fixed for the whole of the task by taking several readings. The method of time study will depend upon volume and frequency of task, the cycle time of operation and time measurement costs.

For example- On the basis of several observations it is determined that standard time taken by the worker to make one cardboard box is 20 minutes. So in one hour she/he will make 3 boxes. Assuming that a worker has to put in 8 hours of work in a shift and deducting one hour for rest and lunch, it is determined that in 7 hours a worker makes 21 boxes @ 3 boxes per hour. Now this is the standard task a worker has to do. Wages can be decided accordingly.

(1 mark for naming and 4 marks for explanation)

OR

Differential Piece Wage System- The standard time and other parameters should be determined on the basis of the work study discussed above. The workers can be classified as efficient and inefficient on the basis of these standards. He wanted to reward the efficient workers. So he introduced different rate of wage payment for those who performed above standard and for those who performed below standard. For example- it is determined that standard output per worker per day is 10 units and those who made standard or more than standard will get Rs. 50 per unit and those below will get Rs. 40 per unit. Now an efficient worker making 11 units will get 11x50= Rs. 550 per day whereas, a worker who makes 9 units will get 9x40= Rs. 360 per day. According to Taylor, the difference of Rs. 190 should be enough for the inefficient worker to be motivated to perform better.

(1 mark for naming and 4 marks for explanation)

30. Standing plans are used for activities that occur regularly over a period of time. It is designed to ensure that internal operations of an organisation run smoothly. (1 mark)

Single use plans- A single use plan is developed for a one-time event or project. Such a course of action is not likely to be repeated in the future.. (1 mark)

The following type of plans discussed above are classified as standing plans:

- i. "changing the vendors......" Policy is a general statement that guides thinking or channelizes energies towards a particular direction.
- ii. "Seminar for higher levels.....supervisory management"- Method provides the prescribed ways or manner in which a task has to be performed considering the objective.
- iii. "Attending the meeting not discretion----- penalty"- Rules are specific statements that inform what is to be done. (1/2 mark for quoting; ½ mark for explaining) (1x3=3)
- 31. Meaning- Decision to invest in fixed assets are known as capital budgeting decision. (1 mark) Factors affecting fixed capital requirement- (Any four)
 - 1. Nature of business- The type of business has a bearing upon the fixed capital requirement.
 - 2. Scale of operation- A larger organization requires higher investment in fixed capital.
 - 3. Choice of technique- A capital intensive organization requires higher investment in plant and machinery.
 - 4. Technology upgradation- Such organisations which use assets which are prone to obsolescence require higher fixed capital.
 - 5. Growth prospects-Higher growth of an organization generally requires higher investment in fixed assets.
 - 6. Diversification- With diversification the fixed capital requirements increase.
 - 7. Financing alternatives- Availability of leasing facility may reduce the funds required to be invested in fixed assets.
 - 8. Level of collaboration- Collaboration reduces the level of investment in fixed assets.

(1 mark for each statement) (1x4=4)

OR

Importance of financial planning: (Any five)

- 1. It helps in forecasting what may happen in the future.
- 2. It helps in avoiding business shocks and surprises.
- 3. It helps in coordinating various business functions.
- 4. Reduce wastage, duplication of efforts.
- 5. It links present with the future.
- 6. It provides link between investment and financing decision.
- 7. It makes measurement of actual performance easier.

(1 mark for each statement) (1x5=5)

32. Staffing (1 mark)

Proper staffing ensures the following benefits to the organization-

- (i) helps in discovering and obtaining competent personnel for various jobs;
- (ii) makes for higher performance, by putting right person on the right job;
- (iii) ensures the continuous survival and growth of the enterprise through the succession planning for managers;
- (iv) helps to ensure optimum utilisation of the human resources. By avoiding overmanning, it prevents under-utilisation of personnel and high labour costs. At the same time it avoids disruption of work by indicating in advance the shortages of personnel; and
- (v) improves job satisfaction and morale of employees through objective assessment and fair rewarding of their contribution.

(1 mark for each statement)

33. Directing refers to the process of instructing, guiding, counselling, motivating and leading people in the organisation to achieve its objectives. (2 mark)

The points of importance of directing are any four:-

(i) Directing helps to initiate action by people in the organisation towards attainment of desired objectives.

- (ii) Directing integrates employees' efforts in the organisation in such a way that every individual effort contributes to the organisational performance. Thus, it ensures that the individuals work for organisational goals.
- (iii) Directing guides employees to fully realise their potential and capabilities by motivating and providing effective leadership
- (iv) Directing facilitates introduction of needed changes in the organisation.
 - (v) Effective directing helps to bring stability and balance in the organisation since it fosters cooperation and commitment among the people and helps to achieve balance among various groups, activities and the departments.

(1 mark for each statement)

OR

Motivation- Motivation means incitement or inducement to act or move. It means the process of making subordinates to act in a desired manner to achieve certain organisational goals. (2 mark) Features of motivation-

- 1. It is an internal feeling.
- 2. It produces goal directed behavior.
- 3. It can be either positive or negative.
- 4. It is a complex process.

(1 mark for each statement)

34. Method of floatation used is **offer for sale**- In this method securities are not offered directly to the public but are offered for sale through intermediaries like stock brokers. (1 mark for identification and 1½ mark for explanation)

Other methods are-

- 1. Offer through prospectus- This method involves inviting subscription from public through prospectus. The issue may be underwritten & has to be listed with one stock exchange.
- 2. E-IPO-A company proposing to issue capital to the public through online system of stock exchange.

(1/2 mark for naming and 1 and ½ mark for explanation)

OR

- a. The steps discussed in above para are-
- 1. Selection of broker- The buying & selling can be through SEBI broker. The first step is to select a broker who will buy/sell securities on behalf of investor.
- 2. Opening DEMAT account with a depository participant. (1x2=2)
- b. The next four steps of the trading procedure:
- 1. **Placing an order** Investor places an order with the broker to buy or sell shares. Brokers go ahead with the deal & order confirmation slip is issued to the investor by the broker.
- 2. **Match the order** The broker will go online match the share & the price.
- 3. **Executing order** When the shares can be bought & sold at the price mentioned it will be communicated to the broker terminal & order will be executed electronically. The broker will issue trade confirmation slip to investor.
- 4. **Issue of contract note** After the trade has been executed within 24 hours the broker issues contract note. It contains details regarding no. & price of shares.

(1 mark for each statement)

Business Studies Class 12

Sample paper (2019-20)

Duration: 3 hours Maximum Marks: 80

Section – A

Q.N.	Question	Max
		marks
1	Management is a. A Science; b. An Art; c. both science and art; d. Neither.	1
2	The purchase, production and sales managers at Sharda Ltd, a firm manufacturing	1
	readymade garments are generally at a conflict, as they have their own objectives.	
	Usually each thinks that only they are qualified to evaluate, judge and decide on	
	any matter, according to their professional criteria. Name the concept which will	
	be required by the CEO Mr. Raman, to reconcile the differences in approach,	
	interest or opinion in the organisation.	
3	Principles of management are NOT: a. Applicable only in large firms; b. Formed by	1
	practice and experience of managers; c. Flexible; d. Contingent	
4	is considered a major element of the political	1
	environment: a. The extent and nature of government intervention in business; b.	
	planned outlay in public and private sectors; c. Expectations from the work force;	
	d. Administrative order issued by government authorities.	
5	Name the step in the process of planning which is considered the "real point of	1
	decision making".	
6	gives shape to the organisation structure.	1
	a) Extent of delegation; b) Span of Management;	
	;c) No of employees; d) Planning	
7	Astra Builders has to deliver the flats to its buyers on time. Due to this there is a	1
	sudden rush of work. Therefore, the company needs to arrange workers to work at	
	the sites at a short notice. The source of recruitment which may be used by the	
	company to tap the casual vacancy is: a. Direct recruitment; b. Advertisement; c.	
	Recommendation of employees; d. Employment Exchange.	
8	SCT services CEO RajanGopinath's compensation includes salary, commission and	1
	other allowances. The company also pays for his insurance and vacations. Identify	
	one indirect payment being made by the company to the CEO.	
	a.Employer paid Insurance; b. Salary; c. Commission; d. Allowances.	
9	At Support.com, there is no reward or appreciation for a good suggestion. Thus,	1
	the subordinates are not willing to offer any useful suggestions to their superiors.	
	Identify the type of barrier to communication that has been created in the firm	
	due to this.	
	a. Semantic barrier; b. Personal barrier; c. Organisational barrier; d. Psychological	
	barrier	
10	M.R.Sarthi, the Ex-chairman of Swadesh Ltd, built up his successor before retiring.	1
	Following the norms set up by himself, he handed over the reins of the company	
	to the co-founder Mr. Shravan, who had the potential to bring about change in the	
	behaviour of others. Name the concept of management which was the reason why	
	Mr. Sarthi chose Mr. Shravan to be his successor. A. Motivation; B. Leadership; C.	
	Communication; D. Staffing.	

11	An important project at AMB consultants is running behind schedule by a month.	1
	This has upset their clients and might affect the reputation of the company in the	
	long run. No managerial action like assigning more workers, equipment or giving	
	overtime has been able to solve the problem. What managerial action may now be	
	taken by the company to avoid such a situation from arising in the future? A.	
	Revise the schedule; B. Assigning additional workers and equipment to the project;	
	C. Get permission for further overtime work; D. Both B&C.	
12	A decision to acquire a new & modern plant to upgrade an old one is known as	1
	decision.	
	a) Financing decision; (b) working capital decision; (c) Investment decision; (d)	
	Dividend decision.	
13	ABC Ltd. has Debt Equity ratio of 3:1 whereas XYZ Ltd. has Debt Equity ratio of 1:1.	1
	Name the advantage ABC Ltd will have over XYZ Ltd, when the rate of interest is	
	lower than the rate of return on investment of the company.	
	(a) Trading on equity; (b) Low risk; (c) Low cost of equity; (d) Greater flexibility.	
14	Vikrant joins his father's business of Organic masalas, near Kotgarh in Himachal	1
	after completing his MBA. In order to capture a major share of the market, he	±
	decided to sell the product in small attractive packages by using the latest	
	packaging technology. His father suggested that they hire financial consultants to	
	estimate the amount of funds that would be required for the purpose & timings	
	when it would be required. The concept being discussed by Vikrant's father, links	
	which financial decision with the investment decision.?	
	a.)Dividend decision ;(b) Financial Planning; (C) capital structure decision; (d)	
4.5	Financing decision.	
15	Raghav's friend Raman works as a Chartered Accountant in Solutions Ltd. Raman in	1
	a meeting with the Board of Directors of the Company came to know that the firm	
	would soon be declaring a Bonus issue which would result in increase in the price	
	of shares. Considering this, Raman advised Raghav to purchase the shares of	
	Solutions Ltd., who acted on his advice and bought the shares before time. Which	
	function of SEBI can control such malpractices?	
	(a) Protective functions; (b) Regulatory functions; (c) Development functions; (d)	
	All the above.	
16	Large scale production done to reduce the average cost of production is the	1
	essence ofconcept of Marketing management.	
	a) Product; b) Selling;	
	c) Production; d) Marketing	
17	Saumya decided to start a business of selling dress material from her house. She	1
	did various online surveys to find out about the preferences of prospective	
	customers. Based on this, she prepared a detailed analysis of the business. She	
	then made important decisions including deciding about the features, quality,	
	packaging, labelling and branding of the dress material. Identify the element of	
	Marketing Mix discussed above.	
	(a)Promotion; (b) Market; (c) Product; (d) Place.	
18	Tomato Ltd., a food delivery service app has recently faced criticism for the	1
	tampering of their product, by their delivery boys. Tomato Ltd. decided to put a	
	hologram seal on the food packets in order to protect the contents from spoilage,	
	leakage, pilferage, damage, along with a tag with a safety warning for the	
	consumers to check the seal. Which concept of marketing discussed above is	

	performing the important function of communicating with the potential buyer and promoting the sale.	
	(a) Branding; (b) Product designing and development;	
	(c) labelling; (d) packaging.	
19	Asserting oneself to ensure that one gets a fair deal, is the right of a consumer.	1
	(True/False)	
20	Sheela went to a free eye camp & got her eyes operated for cataract. The surgery	1
	was not done properly, due to which she lost her vision. Where can she file a	
	complaint under consumer protection act?	
	(a) At District forum (b)State commission (c) National Commission	
	(d) None of above	

Section – B

Q.N.	Question	Max marks
21	List any three tasks that Mr. Armstrong needs to do, as a production manager, in his firm, to carry out the plans laid down by the top managers. Or	3
	Enumerate the three economic objectives of management.	
22	"Delegation of authority, undoubtedly empowers an employee to act for his superior, but the superior would still be accountable for the outcome. Explain the elements of delegation of authority discussed above.	3
23	Banwari Lal is a cloth merchant in Karol Bagh. His grandsons are requesting him to let them diversify the business into bridal wear. Banwari Lal has agreed but on the condition that they will follow the function of management he has always followed, which helps an organisation in keeping track of the progress of activities and ensures that the activities conform to the standards set in advance so that the organisational goals are achieved. Name the function of management which Banwari Lal is asking his grandsons to follow. List any two reasons why it is considered an indispensable function of management.	3
24	The Research & Development department of Healthy Production Ltd. has decided to diversify from manufacturing health drinks to cereals made from millets. They are well aware of the fact that the company will have to communicate to the people the benefits of eating millets. For this purpose, they plan to sponsor various events like marathons and encourage people to switch to healthy eating through newsletters. a) Identify and briefly explain the promotional tool being discussed above. b) Also explain any two other promotional tool that can be used by the company, apart from the one discussed above.	3
25	Rita Sharma who works as a guard in a school, purchased two shirts for ₹460 each for her son. When she went back home, she realised that the shirt was small in size for her son. She decided to ask for return of money or exchange of the shirt with an appropriate size. But the store owner refused to return the money or exchange the shirt. Rita Sharma was disheartened. Her friend advised her to go to 'Seva Sadan', an autonomous voluntary organisation working for the protection of consumer	3

welfare.

The organisation helped her by explaining to her the legal procedure, as well as educated her about her rights as a consumer and helped her in filing the complaint and getting relief. With the help of the organisation Rita was able to get her money back from the store. Enumerate the rights of a consumer which Rita Sharma was able to exercise with the help of the voluntary organisation.

Section - C

Q.N.	Question	Max
		marks
26	The Government is considering a pioneer proposal to launch a single debit-cum-	4
	credit card to increase the ease and usage for the consumers. The card which will	
	be called the "National Mobility Card" will have unique advantages for making	
	payments in metro, buses, parking and making transactions during visits abroad.	
	After hearing this news, Mega Bank decided to launch a "Mega Mobility Card" on	
	similar lines , so that they could be the first to exploit the opportunity, arising due	
	to the increasing trend of digitization. In order to improve their performance, they	
	laid down a plan to hire more people in their marketing department and prepared	
	guidelines to train their sales force to market the new card facility being launched	
	by the bank. By quoting the lines, identify and explain any two points of	
	importance of understanding Business Environment discussed above.	
27	Infocom has diversified itself into several product lines: Telecommunications,	4
	Engineering, financial services. Each subsidiary is self-sufficient with their-own	
	administrative functions, propagating the belief that people can assume the	
	responsibility for the effective implementation of their decisions and should be	
	given autonomy. This has reduced the need for direct supervision by superiors,	
	has promoted flexibility, initiative and faster decision making. The orders of	
	customers are never delayed, as a result of good policy decisions of top	
	management.	
	(a). Identify and explain any two points of importance of the concept being	
	discussed above.	
	(b). Name and briefly explain a suitable framework for the company within which	
	the managerial and operating task are to be performed.	
28	State any four factors which affect the determination of the price of the product.	4
	OR	
	State the four components of physical distribution?	

Section – D

Q.N.	Question	Max marks
29	Name and explain with a suitable example the technique of Scientific Management	5
	given by Taylor, with the objective of determining the number of workers to be	
	employed for a task.	
	OR	
	Name and explain with a suitable example the technique of Scientific Management	
	given by Taylor to differentiate between the efficient and the inefficient workers.	

30	An Auto Company, Win ltd is facing a problem of declining market share due to	5
	increased competition from other new and existing players in the market. Its	
	competitors are introducing lower priced models for mass consumers who are	
	price sensitive. The Board of Directors of the Company announced a meeting to	
	discuss the decisions regarding pricing and launching a new range of models, in	
	order to increase the market share of the company. Attending the meeting was	
	not a discretion for the directors and a penalty was announced for not attending	
	the meeting. The following decisions were taken in the meeting:	
	a) to define the desired future position of the company, as acquiring a dominant	
	position in the market by increasing the market share to 10% in 1 year.	
	b) to change the criteria for choosing vendors for procuring supplies;	
	c) to invest in development of the human resources of the organisation by	
	providing training to higher levels by holding seminars and providing on the job	
	training for the supervisory management.	
	What are standing plans and single use plans? Briefly explain the plans discussed	
	above, which can be classified as standing plans, by quoting the lines.	
31	What is meant by Capital Budgeting? State any four factors affecting fixed capital	5
	requirement of a firm.	
	OR	
	Enumerate any five points of importance of financial planning.	

Section - E

Q.N.	Question		
		marks	
32	Ali Mohammad the CEO of Super Ltd believes that human resource is the most	6	
	important asset of the firm. He believes that no organisation can be successful		
	unless it can fill and keep filled the various positions provided for in the structure		
	with the right kind of people. Identify the function of management being discussed		
	above and state the benefits to the organisation that its proper application in the		
	firm will ensure.		
33	What is the meaning of Directing? State any four points of importance of Directing	6	
	as a function of management.		
	OR		
	What is the meaning of motivation? State the features of motivation as an element		
	of Directing.		
34	Kynaa, a beauty products e-commerce company, is diversifying into men's	6	
	grooming. It is also tapping the demand for beauty products in the fashion industry		
	and amid professionals such as make-up artists. As it diversifies its online		
	presence, Kynaa is also expanding its physical presence. They have 41 outlets		
	across 18 cities presently and plan to expand to 180 outlets. Each store requires a		
	capital expenditure of 60-80 lakh rupees. The company has decided to raise funds		
	by issuing equity shares but not directly to the public, rather by offering them for		
	sale through brokers. Identify and briefly explain the method of floatation		
	followed by the company. Also name & explain the other methods of floatation		
	that can be used by the company for raising funds from the public, in the primary		
	market.		

OR

Radhika got 10, 00,000 rupees after selling her parental property which she had got as a gift from her grandmother. Her friend advised her to invest in securities in the stock market. Radhika was unaware of the procedure for the same. Her friend introduced her to a stock broker, who was registered with the National Stock Exchange. Radhika approached the broker. The broker guided her to open a DEMAT account with a Depository, as well as a Bank account. Radhika opened a Bank account & DEMAT account with Exin Bank.

- (a) Identify the steps in the trading procedure for buying and selling of securities which have been discussed above.
- (b) State the next four steps of the trading procedure.

MS CLASS XII CHEMISTRY 2019-20

Q.No.	Value points	Marks
	SECTION:A	
1.	Reaction taking place at cathode when the battery is in use:	
	$PbO_2(s) + SO_4^{2-}(aq) + 4H^+(aq) + 2e^- \rightarrow PbSO_4(s) + 2H_2O(l)$	1
2.	2 F	1
3.	$Molarity = \frac{38 \times 1.294 \times 1000}{98 \times 100} = 5.02M$	1
4.	It can be recharged after use.	1
5.	At anode: O ₂ (g) At cathode: H ₂ (g)	1/2 1/2
6.	Sodium cyanide.	1
7.	Nucleotide	1
8.	Zwitterion / dipolar ion	1
9.	Condensation	1
10.	Benzaldehyde	1
11.	(c)	1
12.	(b)	1
13.	(b)	1
14.	(a)	1
15.	(b)	1
16.	(c)	1
17.	(a)	1
18.	(d)	1
19.	(d)	1
20.	(d)	1
21.	SECTION:B Lone pairs: 2	1
21.	Geometry: Square planar	1
22.	·	1
(i)	$Slope = -\frac{E_a}{2.303R}$	
(ii)	k 1> k2	1
23.	When there is dissociation of solute into ions, in dilute solutions (ignoring interionic attractions) the number of particles increases. As the value of colligative properties depends on the number of particles of the solute, the experimentally observed value of colligative property will be higher than the true value, therefore the experimentally determined (observed) molar mass is always lower than the true value.	1
	For KCl(electrolyte) the experimentally determined molar mass is always	1/2

	lower than the true value when water is used as solvent. Glucose (non-electrolyte) does not show a large variation from the true value.	1/2
24. (a)	CH ₃ -CH(CI)-COOH	1
(b)	C ₆ H ₅ CHO	1
25.	en Pt en Cl trans-[Pt(en) ₂ Cl ₂] ²⁺	1
	IUPAC Name of the entity: Dichloridobis(ethane-1,2-diamine)platinum(IV) ion OR	1
	Bonding in $[CO(NH_3)_6]^{3+}$ d^2sp^3 hybridisation Atomic orbitals of $Co(III)$ ion d^3d	1/2
	d^2sp^3 hybridised orbitals of Co (III) ion Formation of [Co(NH ₃) ₆] ³⁺ $3d$ d^2sp^3 hybrid The property of the second of the second orbitals of Co (III) ion $3d$ d^2sp^3 hybrid The property of the second orbitals of Co (III) ion $3d$ d^2sp^3 hybrid The property of the second orbitals of Co (III) ion $3d$ d^2sp^3 hybrid The property of the second orbitals of Co (III) ion $3d$	1/2
	Geometry: Octahedral	1/2
	Diamagnetic	1/2
26.	Vapour phase refining: It is a refining method in which the metal is converted into its volatile compound and collected elsewhere. It is then	1
	decomposed to give pure metal. Example: Mond's Process for refining of Nickel / van Arkel method for refining of Zirconium	1

	Equations involved:				
	$Ni + 4CO \xrightarrow{330-350K} Ni(CO)_4$	1/2			
	$Ni(CO)_4 \xrightarrow{450-470K} Ni + 4CO$				
	OR Extraction of gold involves leaching the metal with CN ⁻ Oxidation reaction: 4 Au (s) + 8 CN- (aq.) + 2H ₂ O (aq.) + O ₂ (g) →4[Au(CN) ₂] ⁻ (aq.) + 4 OH ⁻ (aq.)				
	The metal is recovered by displacement method: $2[Au(CN)_2]-(aq.) + Zn(s) \rightarrow 2 Au(s) + [Zn(CN)_4]^{2-}(aq.)$	1/2			
	Zinc acts as a reducing agent.	1/2			
27.	The following compound will undergo S _N 1 faster:				
	CH ₂ CI	1/2			
	Greater the stability of the carbocation, greater will be its ease of formation from the corresponding halide and faster will be the rate of reaction. The benzylic carbocation formed gets stabilised through resonance.				
	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1/2			
	$= \begin{bmatrix} \vdots \\ \vdots \\ (vi) \end{bmatrix}^{\oplus}$				
	CH ₃ CH ₂ CH ₂ Cl forms a 1 ^o carbocation, which is less stable than benzylic carbocation.	1/2			
	SECTION:C				
28.	$KC1 \rightarrow K^{+} + C1^{-}$ $n = 2$ $i = 1 \alpha + n \alpha$	1/2			
	$i = 1 - \alpha + n\alpha$ $i = 1 + \alpha$	1/2 1/2			

	$\Delta T_f = iK_f m$	1/2
	$= (1 + 0.92) \times 1.86 \times \frac{0.5 \times 1000}{74.5 \times 100}$	1/2
	$\Delta T_f = 0.24$	1/
	$\Delta T_f = T_f^0 - T_f$	1/2
	$T_f^{'} = -0.24 {}^{0}C$	
29.	$rate = k [A]^{x} [B]^{y}$	
	$0.05 = k[0.1]^x[0.1]^y$ (i)	
	$0.10 = k[0.2]^x[0.1]^y$ (ii)	
	$0.05 = k[0.1]^x[0.2]^y$ (iii)	
	$(ii) \div (i)$	
	$\frac{0.10}{0.05} = (2)^x$	
	$ \begin{array}{l} 0.05 \\ x = 1 \end{array} $	
	$(iii) \div (i)$	
	$\frac{0.05}{0.05} = (2)^y$	
		1/
	y = 0	1/2
	$rate = k[A]^{1}[B]^{0}$ It is a first order reaction.	
	10 15 d Thist order reaction.	
	$k = \frac{rate}{[A]} = o.5 s^{-1}$	1/2
	$t_{\frac{1}{2}} = \frac{0.693}{k} = \frac{0.693}{0.5}$	1/2
	$\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{k} = -\frac{1}{0.5}$	
	$t_{1/2} = 1.386 \text{ s}$	1/2
	OR	
	$t_{\frac{1}{2}} = \frac{0.693}{k}$	1/2
		1/2
	$k_2 = \frac{0.693}{25} \qquad 350K$	/ 2
	$k_{1} = \frac{0.693}{50} \qquad 300K$ $\frac{k_{2}}{k_{1}} = 2$	1/2
	$\kappa_1 - 50$	
	$\frac{k_2}{k} = 2$	
	κ_1	
		1/2

	, , ,]	
	$\log \frac{k_2}{k_1} = \frac{E_a}{2.303 R} \left[\frac{1}{T_1} - \frac{1}{T_2} \right]$	1/2
	$\log 2 = \frac{E_a}{2.303 \mathbf{x} 8.314} \left[\frac{350 - 300}{350 \mathbf{x} 300} \right]$	1/2
	Ea = 12.104 kJ / mol.	(1/2 +1/2)
30.		
(a)	$K_4[Fe(CN)_6]$	1
(b)	$Fe(OH)_3$ is converted into colloidal state by preferential adsorption of Fe^{3+} ions.	1
(c)	Proteins	1
31.	Moist sulphur dioxide behaves as a reducing agent, reduces MnO ₄ ⁻ to Mn ²⁺ .	1
(a)	X-X' bond in interhalogens is weaker than X-X bond in halogensexcept F-	
(b)	F bond.	1
(c)	Due to the ease with which it liberates atoms of nascent oxygen.	1
32.	1-Propoxypropane is formed. Mechanism involved:	1
	Step 1 :Formation of protonated alcohol	1/2
	$CH_3CH_2CH_2OH + H^+ \xrightarrow{H_2SO_4} CH_3CH_2CH_2 \xrightarrow{Propan-1-ol} H$	
	Step 2: Nucleophilic attack	1
	$CH_{3}CH_{2}CH_{2} - \ddot{O} + CH_{3} - CH_{2} - CH_{2} - \ddot{O} + CH_{3}CH_{2}CH_{2} - \ddot{O} - CH_{2}CH_{2}CH_{3}$	
	Step 3: Deprotonation	
	$CH_3CH_2CH_2 - O - CH_3CH_2CH_2 \longrightarrow CH_3CH_2CH_2 - O - CH_2CH_2CH_3 + H^+$ $I - Propoxypropane$	1/2
	H I – Propoxypropane	
33. (a) (i)		
(1)		

	Experiment	Ethanal	Propanone	
	1. Tollens Test:		•	
	Warm the organic	A bright silver mirror	No silver mirror is	
	compound with	is produced	formed.	
	freshly prepared			
	ammonical silver			
	nitrate			
	solution(Tollen's			
	reagent).			
	2.Fehlings Test:			1
	Heat the organic	A reddish bown	No precipitate is	
	compound with	precipitate is	obtained	
(ii)	Fehling's reagent.	obtained.		
	Any one test			
		1		
	Experiment	Pentan-2-one	Pentan-3-one	
	IodoformTest:			
	The organic	A yellow precipitate	No yellow precipitate	
	compound is heated	is obtained.	is obtained.	
	with iodine in			
	presence of sodium			
(b)	hydroxide solution.			
	Or any other suitable test. 4- Methoxybenzoic acid <benzoic -="" 293="" 3,4-dinitrobenzoic="" acid="" acid<="" acid<4-="" atom="" benzaldehyde="" carbon="" carbonyl="" ch="CH" cho="" due="" electrophilic="" ethanal.="" group="" hence="" in="" is="" k<="" less="" nitrobenzoic="" of="" oh="" or="" polarity="" present="" reactive="" reduced="" resonance="" td="" than="" the="" to=""><td>1 1 1 1</td></benzoic>			1 1 1 1
34. (a)	negative bacteria. e.g. Chloramphenicol.	inhibit a wide range of (Gram-positive and Gram-	1 1 1/2
(1)	any other suitable examp	ple.		
(b)	Analgesics:			

	Reduce or abolish pain without causing impairement of consciousness,	
	mental confusion, incoordination or paralysis or some other disturbances of nervous system.	
	e.g. Aspirin / paracetamol etc.	1
	any other suitable example.	
		1/2
2.5	SECTION:D	
35. (a)	$E \rightarrow 2H^{+} \rightarrow H \rightarrow E^{2+}$	
(a)	$Fe + 2H^+ \rightarrow H_2 + Fe^{2+}$	
	$E_{cell} = E_{cell}^{0} - \frac{2.303RT}{nF} \log \frac{Fe^{2+}}{[H^{+}]^{2}}$	1
	$E_{cell}^{0}\!=\!E_{H^{+}/H_{2}}^{0}-E_{Fe^{2+}/Fe}^{0}$	
	= 0 - (-0.44) = 0.44V	1/2
	$0.1745 = 0.44 - \frac{0.0591}{2} \log \frac{[0.1]}{[x]^2}$	/ 2
	$\frac{0.1743 - 0.444 - \frac{1}{2} \log \frac{1}{[x]^2}}{2}$	1/2
	Log x = -5	
	$Log[H^+] = -5$ $[H^+] = 10^{-5}$	1/2
		/ 2
(b)	The mass of copper and silver deposited at the cathode will be different.	1
	The amount of different substances deposited by the same quantity of	1
	electricity passing through the electrolytic solution are directly proportional to their chemical equivalents.	1
	to their enemical equivalents.	
	OR	
(a)	A ⁰ (CH COOH) 2 ⁰ + 2 ⁰	1/2
(4)	$\Lambda^{o}(CH_{3}COOH) = \lambda^{o}_{H^{+}} + \lambda^{o}_{CH_{3}COO^{-}}$, -
	$= 349.6 + 40.9 = 390.5 \text{ S cm}^2 \text{ mol}^{-1}$	1/2
		1/2
	$\Lambda_m = \frac{\kappa \times 1000}{c}$	72
	$8.0 \times 10^{-5} \text{S cm}^{-1} \times 1000 \text{cm}^{3} L^{-1}$	1/2
	$\Lambda_m = \frac{8.0 \times 10^{-5} S cm^{-1} \times 1000 cm^3 L^{-1}}{0.0024 mol L^{-1}} = 33.33 S cm^2 mol^{-1}$	
	$\alpha = \Lambda_m$	1/2
	$lpha = rac{\Lambda_m}{\Lambda_m^o}$	/ 2
	$\alpha = \frac{33.33 \ S \ cm^2 \ mol^{-1}}{390.5 \ S \ cm^2 \ mol^{-1}} = 0.085$	
	$\alpha - \frac{1}{390.5 \ S \ cm^2 \ mol^{-1}} = 0.085$	1/2
(b)	Electrolyte B is a strong electrolyte.	1
(0)	Limiting molar conductivity increases only to a smaller extent for a strong	1/2
	electrolyte, as on dilution the interionic interactions are overcome.	
	Limiting molar conductivity increases to alarger extent for a weak	
	Limiting molar conductivity increases to alarger extent for a weak electrolyte, as on dilution the degree of dissociation increases, therefore the	1/2

36.		
	(A) (B) (C)	
	$\begin{array}{c} \text{CONH}_2 \\ \hline \\ $	
	Br_2 H_2O \triangle CH_3CH_2OH NH_2	
	Br + CH ₃ CHO + N ₂ + HCl	
	(E) (D)	5
	$(1/2 \times 5)$ marks for structure and $\frac{1}{2} \times 5$ for writing equations)	
(a)	OR	
(i)	$ \begin{array}{c c} NH_2 & N_2^+C \Gamma \\ \hline NaNO_2 + HCI \\ \hline 0^0 C & HBF_4 \\ \hline Heat \end{array} $	1
(ii)	$\begin{array}{c} \text{CONH}_2 \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \Delta, \text{ether} \\ \end{array}$	1
(iii)	· ·	1
	$CH_{3}CH_{2}NH_{2} \xrightarrow{C_{2}H_{5}Cl} \begin{array}{c} H \\ C_{2}H_{5}-N-C_{2}H_{5} \end{array} \xrightarrow{C_{2}H_{5}Cl} C_{2}H_{5} -N-C_{2}H_{5}$ $C_{2}H_{5}-N-C_{2}H_{5} -C_{2}H_{5}$ $C_{2}H_{5}$	1
(b)		1/2
(i)		1/2
(ii)	A: CH ₃ CH ₂ CONH ₂ B: CH ₃ CH ₂ NH ₂	1/ ₂ 1/ ₂

	A: CH ₃ CH ₂ CH ₂ NH ₂ B:CH ₃ CH ₂ CH ₂ OH		
37.		(1/2x	
(a)	$A = FeCr2O4 \qquad B = Na2CrO4 \qquad C = Na2Cr2O7$ D = K2Cr2O7	2)	
(b)			
(i)	5f, 6d and 7s levels in actinoids are of comparable energies.		
(ii)	This is due to poorer shielding by 5f electrons in actinoids as compared to shielding by 4f electrons in lanthanoids.		
(iii)	In actinoids, 5f electrons are more effectively shielded from the nuclear charge than the 4f electrons of the corresponding lanthanoids. Since the outer electrons are less firmly held, they are available for bonding in the actinoids.		
	OR		
(a)			
(i)	MnO_4^{2-} ions disproportionate in acidic medium to give Permanganate ions and Manganese(IV) oxide.		
	$3MnO_4^{2-} + 4H^+ \rightarrow 2MnO_4^- + MnO_2 + 2H_2O$	1/2	
(ii)	Lanthanum sulphide if formed.		
	$2La + 3S \xrightarrow{heat} La_2S_3$	1/2	
(1-)	(Deduct overall ½ mark if equation not balanced/ statements not written)		
(b)			
(i)	Copper has high enthalpy of atomisation and low enthalpy of hydration. Since the high energy to transform Cu(s) to Cu ²⁺ (aq) is not balanced by hydration enthalpy, therefore $E^o(M^{2+}/M)$ value for copper is positive(+0.34 V).	1	
(ii)	Cr^{2+} is reducing as its configuration changes from d^4 to d^3 , the latter having more stable half filled t_{2g} level. On the other hand, the change from Mn^{3+} to Mn^{2+} results in extra stable d^5 configuration.	1	

(iii)	This is due to the increasing stability of the species of lower oxidation state to which they are reduced.	1

SAMPLE PAPER XII 2019-20

CHEMISTRY

Time: 3 hrs. M. Marks: 70

General Instructions

- (a) All questions are compulsory.
- (b) Section A: Q.no. 1 to 20 are very short answer questions (objective type) and carry 1 mark each.
- (c) Section B: Q.no. 21 to 27 are short answer questions and carry 2 marks each.
- (d) Section C: Q.no. 28 to 34 are long answer questions and carry 3 marks each.
- (e) Section D: Q.no. 35 to 37 are also long answer questions and carry 5 marks each.
- (f) There is no overall choice. However an internal choice has been provided in two questions of two marks, two questions of three marks and all the three questions of five marks weightage. You have to attempt only one of the choices in such questions.
- (g) Use log tables if necessary, use of calculators is not allowed.

SECTION - A

Read the given passage and answer the questions 1 to 5that follow:

A Lead storage battery is the most important type of secondary cell having a lead anode and a grid of lead packed with PbO₂ as cathode. A 38% solution of sulphuric acid is used as electrolyte. (Density=1.294 g mL⁻¹) The battery holds 3.5 L of the acid. During the discharge of the battery, the density of H₂SO₄ falls to 1.139 g mL⁻¹. (20% H₂SO₄ by mass)

- (1) Write the reaction taking place at the cathode when the battery is in use.
- (2) How much electricity in terms of Faraday is required to carry out the reduction of one mole of PbO₂?
- (3) What is the molarity of sulphuric acid before discharge?
- (4) Lead storage battery is considered a secondary cell. Why?
- (5) Write the products of electrolysis when dilute sulphuric acid is electrolysed using Platinum electrodes.

Questions 6 to 10 are one word answers:

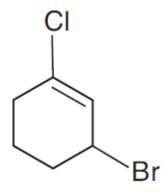
- (6) Name the substance used as depressant in the separation of two sulphide ores in Froth floatation method.
- (7) Name the unit formed by the attachment of a base to 1' position of sugar in a nucleoside.
- (8) Name the species formed when an aqueous solution of amino acid is dissolved in water?
- (9) What type of reaction occurs in the formation of Nylon 6,6 polymer?

(10) Which of the following compoundswould undergo cannizzaro reaction:

Benzaldehyde, Cyclohexanone, 2- Methylpentanal.

Questions 11 to 15 are multiple choice questions:

(11) The IUPAC name of the compound shown below is:



- (a) 2-bromo-6-chlorocyclohex-1-ene
- (b) 6-bromo-2-chlorocyclohexene
- (c) 3-bromo-1-chlorocyclohexene
- (d) 1-bromo-3-chlorocyclohexene
- (12) When one mole of CoCl₃.5NH₃ was treated with excess of silver nitrate solution, 2 mol of AgCl was precipitated. The formula of the compound is:
 - (a) $[Co(NH_3)_5Cl_2]Cl$
 - (b) $[Co(NH_3)_5Cl]Cl_2$
 - (c) $[Co(NH_3)_4Cl_2](NH_3)Cl$
 - (d) $[Co(NH_3)_3Cl_3](NH_3)_2$
- (13) The absorption maxima of several octahedral complex ions are as follows:

S.No	Compound	$\lambda_{ ext{max}}$ nm
1	$[Co(NH_3)_6]^{3+}$	475
2	$[\mathrm{Co}(\mathrm{CN})_6]^{3}$	310
3	$[Co(H_2O)_6]^{3+}$	490

The crystal field splitting is maximum for:

- (a) $[Co(H_2O)_6]^{3+}$
- (b) $[Co(CN)_6]^{3-}$
- (c) $[Co(NH_3)_6]^{3+}$

- (d) All the complex ions have the same splitting, Δ_a ,
- (14) Predict the number of ions produced per formula unit in an aqueous solution of [Co(en)₃]Cl₃
 - (a) 4
 - (b) 3
 - (c) 6
 - (d) 2
- (15) The incorrect statement about LDP is:
 - (a) It is obtained through the free radical addition of ethene.
 - (b) It consists of linear molecules.
 - (c) It is obtained by the H-atom abstraction.
 - (d) Peroxide is used as an initiator.

Questions 16 to 20:

- (A) Both assertion and reason are correct statements, and reason is the correct explanation of the assertion.
- (B) Both assertion and reason are correct statements, but reason is not the correct explanation of the assertion.
- (C) Assertion is correct, but reason is wrong statement.
- (D) Assertion is wrong, but reason is correct statement.
- **16. Assertion**: The two strands in double strand helix structure of DNA are complementary to each other

Reason: Disulphide bonds are formed between specific pairs of bases

17. Assertion: Glucose reacts with hydroxylamine to form an oxime and alsoadds a molecule of hydrogen cyanide to give cyanohydrin.

Reason: The carbonyl group is present in the open chain structure of glucose.

18. Assertion: The acidic strength of halogen acids varies in the order HF>HCl>HBr>HI

Reason: The bond dissociation enthalpy of halogen acids decreases in the HF>HCl>HBr>HI

19. Assertion: C₂H₅OH is a weaker base than phenol but is a stronger nucleophile than phenol. (1)

order

Reason: In phenol the lone pair of electrons on oxygen is withdrawn towards the ring due to resonance.

20. Assertion: Aryl halides undergo nucleophilic substitution reactions with ease.

Reason: The carbon halogen bond in aryl halides has partial double bonds character.

SECTION: B

21. Calculate the number of lone pairs on central atom in the following molecule and predict the geometry.

XeF₄

22. The rate of a reaction depends upon the temperature and is quantitatively expressed as

$$k = A e^{-E_a/RT}$$

- i) If a graph is plotted between log k and 1/T, write the expression for the slope of the reaction?
- ii) If at under different conditions E_{a1} and E_{a2} are the activation energy of two reactions If $E_{a1} = 40$ J/mol and $E_{a2} = 80$ J/mol. Which of the two has a larger value of the rate constant?
- 23. The experimentally determined molar mass for what type of substances is always lower than the true value when water is used as solvent. Explain. Give one example of such a substance and one example of a substance which does not show a large variation from the true value.
- 24. Write structure of the products formed:

(a)
$$CH_3CH_2COOH \xrightarrow{cl_2, red P_4} \xrightarrow{\Delta}$$
(b) $C_6H_5COCl \xrightarrow{H_2, Pd-BaSO_4} \xrightarrow{\Delta}$

25. Draw one of the geometrical isomers of the complex $[Pt(en)_2Cl_2]^{2+}$ which is optically inactive. Also write the name of this entity according to the IUPAC nomenclature.

OR

Discuss the bonding in the coordination entity $[CO(NH_3)_6]^{3+}$ on the basis of valence bond theory. Also, comment on the geometry and spin of the given entity. (Atomic no. of Co= 27)

26. What is meant by Vapour phase refining? Write any one example of the process which illustrates this technique, giving the chemical equations involved.

Write and explain the reactions involved in the extraction of gold.

27. Which one of the following compounds will undergo hydrolysis at a faster rate by S_N1 mechanism? Justify.

SECTION: C

28. Calculate the freezing point of a solution containing 0.5 g KCl (Molar mass = 74.5 g/mol) dissolved in 100 g water, assuming KCl to be 92% ionized.

 K_f of water = 1.86 K kg / mol.

29. For the reaction A + B → products, the following initial rates were obtained at various given initial concentrations

S.No.	[A] mol / L	[B] mol / L	Initial rate M/s
1.	0.1	0.1	0.05
2.	0.2	0.1	0.10
3.	0.1	0.2	0.05

Determine the half-life period.

OR

A first order reaction is 50 % complete in 50 minutes at 300 K and the same reaction is again 50 % complete in 25 minutes at 350 K. Calculate activation energy of the reaction.

- 30. Answer the following questions:
 - (a) Which of the following electrolytes is most effective for the coagulation of AgI/Ag^+sol ?
 - a. MgCl₂, K₂SO₄, K₄[Fe(CN)₆]
 - (b) What happens when a freshly precipitated Fe(OH)₃ is shaken with a little amount of dilute solution of FeCl₃.
 - (c) Out of sulphur sol and proteins, which one forms macromolecular colloids?
- 31. Account for the following:
 - a) Moist SO₂ decolourises KMnO₄ solution.

- b) In general interhalogen compounds are more reactive than halogens (except fluorine).
- c) Ozone acts as a powerful oxidizing agent
- 32. Identify the product formed when propan-1-ol is treated with Conc. H₂SO₄ at 413 K . Write the mechanism involved for the above reaction.
- 33. (a) Give chemical tests to distinguish between the following pairs of compounds:
 - (i) Ethanal and Propanone.
 - (ii) Pentan-2-one and Pentan-3-one.
 - (b) Arrange the following compounds in increasing order of their acid strength: Benzoic acid, 4- Nitrobenzoic acid, 3,4-Dinitrobenzoic acid,
 - 4- Methoxybenzoic acid.

OR

Compare the reactivity of benzaldehyde and ethanal towards nucleophilic addition reactions. Write the cross aldol condensation product between benzaldehyde and ethanal.

- 34. Define and write an example for the following:
 - (a) Broad spectrum antibiotics.
 - (b) Analgesics

SECTION: D

35. (a) The e.m.f. of the following cell at 298 K is 0.1745 V

Fe (s) / Fe
$$^{2+}$$
 (0.1 M) // H⁺ (x M)/ H₂ (g) (1 bar)/ Pt (s)

Given:
$$E_{Fe^{2+}/Fe}^0 = -0.44V$$

Calculate the H⁺ ions concentration of the solution at the electrode where hydrogen is being produced.

(b) Aqueous solution of copper sulphate and silver nitrate are electrolysed by 1 ampere current for 10 minutes in separate electrolytic cells. Will the mass of copper and silver deposited on the cathode be same or different? Explain your answer.

(a) Calculate the degree of dissociation of 0.0024 M acetic acid if conductivity of this solution is 8.0×10^{-5} S cm⁻¹.

Given
$$\lambda_{H^{+}}^{o} = 349.6 \, S \, cm^{2} \, mol^{-1}$$
; $\lambda_{CH_{3}COO^{-}}^{o} = 40.9 \, S \, cm^{2} \, mol^{-1}$

- (b) Solutions of two electrolytes 'A' and 'B' are diluted. The limiting molar conductivity of 'B' increases to a smaller extent while that of 'A' increases to a much larger extent comparatively. Which of the two is a strong electrolyte? Justify your answer.
- 36. An organic compound A' with molecular formula C₇H₇NO reacts with Br₂/aqKOH to give compound B', which upon reaction with NaNO₂& HCl at O°C gives C'. Compound C' on heating with CH₃CH₂OH gives a hydrocarbon D'. Compound B' on further reaction with Br₂ water gives white precipitate of compound E'. Identify the compound A, B, C, D&E; also justify your answer by giving relevant chemical equations.

OR

- (a) How will you convert:
 - (i) Aniline into Fluorobenzene.
 - (ii) Benzamide into Benzylamine.
 - (iii) Ethanamine to N,N-Diethylethanamine.
- (b) Write the structures of A and B in the following:

i)

$$CH_3CH_2CN \xrightarrow{OH^-} A \xrightarrow{NaOH + Br_2} B$$
Partial hydrolysis

ii)

$$CH_3CH_2Br \xrightarrow{i) KCN} A \xrightarrow{HNO_2} B$$

- 37. (a) When a chromite ore (A) is fused with an aqueous solution of sodium carbonate in free excess of air, a yellow solution of compound (B) is obtained. This solution is filtered and acidified with sulphuric acid to form compound (C). Compound (C) on treatment with solution of KCl gives orange crystals of compound (D). Write the chemical formulae of compounds A to D.
- (b) Describe the cause of the following variations with respect to lanthanoids and actinoids:
 - (i) Greater range of oxidation states of actinoids as compared to lanthanoids.

- (ii) Greater actinoid contraction as compared to lanthanoid contraction.
- (iii) Lower ionisation enthalpy of early actinoids as compared to the early lanthanoids.

OR

- (a) What happens when
 - (i) Manganate ions (MnO_4^{2-}) undergoes disproportionation reaction in acidic medium?
 - (ii) Lanthanum is heated with Sulphur?
- (b) Explain the following trends in the properties of the members of the First series of transition elements:
 - (i) $E^{o}(M^{2+}/M)$ value for copper is positive(+0.34 V) in contrast to the other members of the series.
 - (ii) Cr^{2+} is reducing while Mn^{3+} is oxidising, though both have d^4 configuration.
 - (iii) The oxidising power in the series increases in the order $VO_2^+ < Cr_2O_7^{2-} < MnO_4^-$.

COMPUTER SCIENCE - NEW (083) MARKING SCHEME - SQP (2019-20) CLASS- XII

Max. Marks: 70 Time: 3 hrs

General Instructions:

• All questions are compulsory.

• Question paper is divided into 4 sections A, B, C and D.

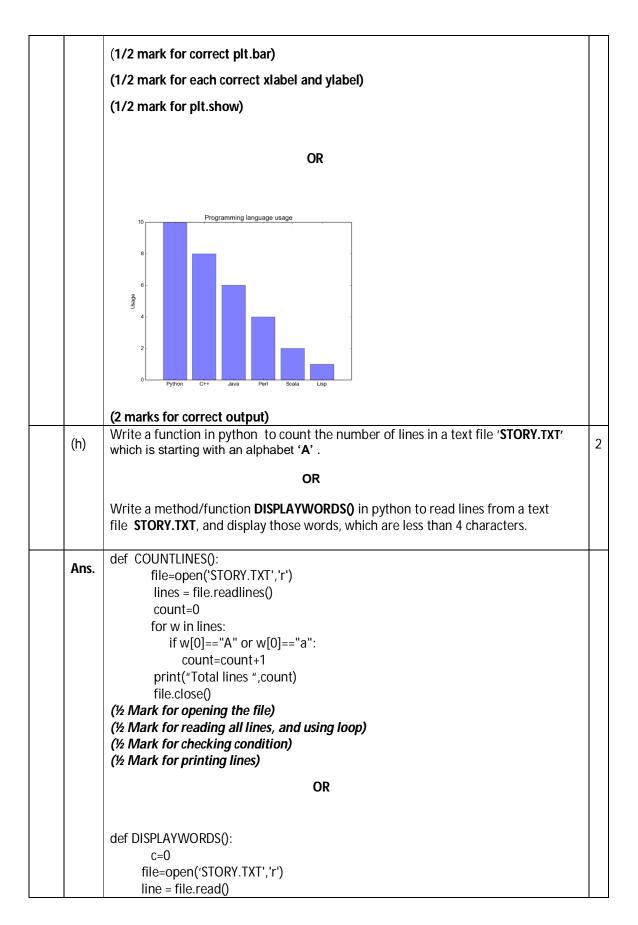
Section A: Unit-1
Section B: Unit-2
Section C: Unit-3
Section D: Unit-4

	SECTION-A			
Q1.	(a)	Which of the following is valid arithmetic operator in Python: (i) // (ii) ? (iii) < (iv) and	1	
	Ans.	(i) //		
		(1 mark for correct answer) Write the type of tokens from the following:		
	(b)	(i) if (ii) roll_no	1	
	Ans.	(i) Key word (ii) Identifier (1/2 mark for each correct type)		
	(c)	Name the Python Library modules which need to be imported to invoke the following functions: (i) sin() (ii) randint ()	1	
	Ans.	(i) math (ii) random (1/2 mark for each module)		
	(d)	Rewrite the following code in python after removing all syntax error(s). Underline each correction done in the code. 30=To for K in range(0,To) IF k%4==0: print (K*4) Else: print (K+3) To=30	2	
	Ans.	for K in range(0,To): if k%4==0: print (K*4) else: print (K+3) (1/2 mark for each correction)		
	(e)	Find and write the output of the following python code: def fun(s): k=len(s)	2	

```
for i in range(0,k):
                     if(s[i].isupper()):
                           m=m+s[i].lower()
                    elif s[i].isalpha():
                           m=m+s[i].upper()
                    else:
                       m=m+'bb'
                print(m)
      fun('school2@com')
      SCHOOLbbbbCOM
Ans.
      (2 marks for correct output)
      Note: Partial marking can also be given
                                                                                           3
(f)
      Find and write the output of the following python code:
      def Change(P,Q=30):
               P=P+Q
               Q=P-Q
               print( P,"#",Q)
               return (P)
      R=150
      S=100
      R=Change(R,S)
      print(R,"#",S)
      S=Change(S)
      250 # 150
Ans.
      250 # 100
      130 # 100
      (1 mark each for correct line)
      What possible outputs(s) are expected to be displayed on screen at the time of
                                                                                           2
(g)
      execution of the program from the following code? Also specify the maximum
      values that can be assigned to each of the variables FROM and TO.
      import random
      AR=[20,30,40,50,60,70];
      FROM=random.randint(1,3)
      TO=random.randint(2,4)
      for K in range(FROM,TO+1):
           print (AR[K],end="# ")
      (i) 10#40#70# (ii) 30#40#50#
```

		(iii) 50#60#70# (iv) 40#50#70 #	
	Ans.	(ii) 30#40#50# Maximum value FROM,TO is 3,4)	
		(1/2 mark each for maximum value) (1 mark for correct option)	
Q2.	(a)	What do you understand by the term Iteration?	1
	Ans.	Repeatation of statement/s finite number of times is known as Iteration.	
		(1 mark for correct answer)	
	(b)	Which is the correct form of declaration of dictionary?	1
		(i) Day={1:'monday',2:'tuesday',3:'wednesday'} (ii) Day=(1:'monday',2:'tuesday',3:'wednesday') (iii) Day=[1:'monday',2:'tuesday',3:'wednesday']	
		(iv) Day={1'monday',2'tuesday',3'wednesday']	
	Ans.	(i) Day={1:'monday',2:'tuesday',3:'wednesday'}	
		(1 mark for correct answer) Identify the valid declaration of L:	
	(c)	L = [1, 23, 'hi', 6]. (i) list (ii) dictionary (iii) array (iv) tuple	1
		(i) List	
	Ans.	(1 mark for correct answer)	
	(d)	Find and write the output of the following python code:	1
		x = "abcdef"	
		i = "a"	
		while i in x: print(i, end = " ")	
	Ans.	aaaaaa OR infinite loop	
		(1 mark for correct answer)	
	(e)	Find and write the output of the following python code:	1
		a=10	
		def call():	
		global a	
		a=15	
		b=20	
		print(a)	
		call()	
	Ans.	15	

	(1 mark for correct answer)	
(f	What do you understand by local and global scope of variables? How can you access a global variable inside the function, if function has a variable with same name.	2
A	A global variable is a variable that is accessible globally. A local variable is one that is only accessible to the current scope, such as temporary variables used in a single function definition.	
	A variable declared outside of the function or in global scope is known as global variable. This means, global variable can be accessed inside or outside of the function where as local variable can be used only inside of the function. We can access by declaring variable as global A .	
	(1 mark for correct difference)	
	(1 mark for explanation)	
((A bar chart is drawn(using pyplot) to represent sales data of various models of cars, for a month. Write appropriate statements in Python to provide labels Month - June and Sale done to x and y axis respectively.	2
	OR	
	Give the output from the given python code:	
	<pre>import matplotlib.pyplot as plt; plt.rcdefaults() import numpy as np import matplotlib.pyplot as plt</pre>	
	<pre>objects = ('Python', 'C++', 'Java', 'Perl', 'Scala', 'Lisp') y_pos = np.arange(len(objects)) performance = [10,8,6,4,2,1]</pre>	
	<pre>plt.bar(y_pos, performance, align='center', alpha=0.5) plt.xticks(y_pos, objects) plt.ylabel('Usage') plt.title('Programming language usage')</pre>	
	plt.show()	
А	ns. import matplotlib.pyplot as plt	
	import numpy as np	
	model=('i20','Grandi10','Creta','Eon','Verna','Tucson','Elantra')	
	y_pos=np.arange(len(model))	
	sale=[12369,12174,9390,4663,4077,3712,200,150]	
	plt.bar(y_pos,sale,align='center',alpha=0.5)	
	plt.xticks(y_pos,model)	
	plt.xlabel('Month-June')	
	plt.ylabel('Sale done')	
	plt.title('Sales Bar Graph')	
	plt.show()	



```
word = line.split()
            for w in word:
               if len(w)<4:
                  print(w)
            file.close()
       (1/2 Mark for opening the file)
       (½ Mark for reading line and/or splitting)
       (½ Mark for checking condition)
       (1/2 Mark for printing word)
(i)
       Write a Recursive function in python BinarySearch(Arr,I,R,X) to search the given
       element X to be searched from the List Arr having R elements where I represents
       lower bound and R represents upper bound.
                            OR
       Write a Recursive function recurfactorial(n) in python to calculate and return the
       factorial of number n passed to the parameter.
Ans.
       def BinarySearch (Arr,I,R,X):
         if R >= 1:
             mid = I + (R-I)//2
             if Arr[mid] == X:
               return mid
            elif Arr[mid] > X:
              return BinarySearch(Arr,I,mid-1,X)
            else:
               return BinarySearch(Arr,mid+1,r,X)
         else:
           return -1
       Arr = [2, 3, 4, 10, 40]
       X =int(input(' enter element to be searched'))
       result = BinarySearch(Arr, 0, len(Arr)-1, X)
       if result != -1:
         print ("Element is present at index ", result)
         print ("Element is not present in array")
       (1/2 mark for mid)
```

```
(1/2 mark for return mid)
      (1 mark each for returning function)
      (1 mark for invoking function)
                                  OR
      def recurfactorial(n):
         if n == 1:
          return n
        else:
          return n*recurfactorial(n-1)
      num = int(input("Enter a number: "))
      if num < 0:
        print("Sorry, factorial does not exist for negative numbers")
      elif num == 0:
        print("The factorial of 0 is 1")
      else:
        print("The factorial of",num,"is",recurfactorial(num))
      (2 marks for correct recursive function)
      (1 mark for invoking)
      Write a function in Python, INSERTQ(Arr,data) and DELETEQ(Arr) for performing
(i)
      insertion and deletion operations in a Queue. Arr is the list used for implementing
      queue and data is the value to be inserted.
      Write a function in python, MakePush(Package) and MakePop(Package) to add a
      new Package and delete a Package from a List of Package Description, considering
      them to act as push and pop operations of the Stack data structure.
      def INSERTQ(Arr):
Ans.
           data=int(input("enter data to be inserted: "))
           Arr.append(data)
      def DELETEQ(Arr):
           if (Arr==[]):
             print( "Queue empty")
          else:
             print ("Deleted element is: ",Arr[0])
            del(Arr[0])
       ( ½ mark insert header)
      ( 1/2 mark for accepting a value from user)
      ( ½ mark for adding value in list)
      ( ½ mark for delete header)
       ( 1/2 mark for checking empty list condition)
```

		(½ mark for displaying "Queue empty")	
		(½ mark for displaying the value to be deleted) (½ mark for deleting value from list)	
		OR	
		def MakePush(Package): a=int(input("enter package title:")) Package.append(a) def MakePop(Package): if (Package==[]): print("Stack empty") else: print ("Deleted element:",Package.pop()) (½ mark for MakePush() header) (½ mark for accepting a value from user) (½ mark for adding value in list) (½ mark for MakePop() header) (½ mark for checking empty list condition) (½ mark for displaying "Stack empty") (½ mark for displaying the value to be deleted) (½ mark for deleting value from list)	
		SECTION-B	ı
Q.3		Questions 3 (a) to 3 (c): Fill in the blanks	
	(a)	is an example of Public cloud.	1
	Ans.	Google Drive or any other correct example	
		(1 mark for correct answer)	
	(b)	is a network of physical objects embedded with electronics, software, sensors and network connectivity.	1
	Ans.	The internet of things OR Internet	
		(1 mark for correct answer)	
	(c)	is a device that forwards data packets along networks.	1
	Ans.	Router	
		(1 mark for correct answer)	
	(d)	describes the maximum data transfer rate of a network or Internet connection.	1
	Ans.	Band width	
		(1 mark for correct answer)	
	(e)	Give the full forms of the following	2

		$\overline{}$
	(i) HTTP	
	(ii) FTP	
	(iii) VoIP	
	(iv) SSH	
Ans.	(i) Hyper text transfer protocol (ii) File transfer protocol (iii) Voice over internet protocol (iv) Secure shell	
	(1/2 mark for each correct expansion) How many pair of wires are there in twisted pair cable(Ethernet)?What is the name	
(f)	of port, which is used to connect Ethernet cable to a computer or a labtop?	2
Ans.	Two insulated copper wires , Ethernet port (1 mark for each correct Answer)	
(g)	Identify the type of cyber crime for the following situations:	3
	 (i) A person complains that Rs. 4.25 lacs have been fraudulently stolen from his/her account online via some online transactions in two days using NET BANKING. (ii) A person complaints that his/her debit/credit card is safe with him still some body has done shopping/ATM transaction on this card. (iii) A person complaints that somebody has created a fake profile on Facebook and defaming his/her character with abusive comments and pictures. 	
Ans.	(i) Bank Fraud (ii) Identity Theft (iii) Cyber Stalking	
	(1 mark for each correct answer)	
(h)	Software Development Company has set up its new center at Raipur for its office and web based activities. It has 4 blocks of buildings named Block A, Block B, Block C, Block D.	4
	Number of Computers	
	Block A 25	

		Block B 50	
		Block C 125	
		Block D 10	
		Shortest distances between various Blocks in meters:	
		Block A to Block B 60 m Block B to Block C 40 m Block C to Block A 30 m Block D to Block C 50 m	
		 (i) Suggest the most suitable place (i.e. block) to house the server of this company with a suitable reason. Ans. Block C, It has maximum number of computer. (1 mark for correct answer) 	
		(ii) Suggest the type of network to connect all the blo)cks with	
		suitable reason .	
		Ans. LAN	
		(1 mark for correct answer)	
		(iii)The company is planning to link all the blocks through secure and high-speed wired medium. Suggest a way to connect all the blocks.	
		Ans. Star topology	
		OR Diagram	
		 (1 mark for correct answer) (iv) Suggest the most suitable wired medium for efficiently connecting each computer installed in every block out of the following network cables: Coaxial Cable Ethernet Cable 	
		Single Pair Telephone Cable.	
		Ans. Ethernet Cable	
		(1 mark for correct answer)	
	I	SECTION-C	
Q.4	(a)	Which key word is used to sort the records of a table in descending order?	1
	Ans.	DESC	

(1 mark for correct answer)

(b)		
(b)	Which clause is used to sort the records of a table?	Ŀ
Ans.	ORDER BY	
	(1 mark for correct answer)	
(c)	Which command is used to modify the records of the table?	
Ans.	UPDATE	
	(1 mark for correct answer)	
(d)	Which clause is used to remove the duplicating rows of the table?	
Ans.	DISTINCT	
	(1 mark for correct answer)	
(e)	Differentiate between Primary key and Candidate key.	
	OR	
	Differentiate between Degree and Cardinality.	
Ans.	A Candidate Key can be any column or a combination of columns that can qualify as unique key in database. There can be multiple Candidate Keys in one table where as A Primary Key is a column or a combination of columns that uniquely identify a record. Only one Candidate Key can be Primary Key.	
	(2 marks for correct difference)	
	OR	
	Degree: It is the total number of attributes in the table.	
	Cardinality: It is the total number of tuples in the table	
	(2 marks for correct difference)	
(f)	· ·	
(f) Ans.	(2 marks for correct difference)	
	(2 marks for correct difference) Differentiate between Django GET and POST method. GET and POST. GET and POST are the only HTTP methods to use when dealing with forms. Django's login form is returned using the POST method, in which the browser bundles up the form data, encodes it for transmission, sends it to the server, and then	
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	RollNo	Name	Class	DOB	Gender	City	Marks
	1	Nanda	X	06-06-1995	М	Agra	551
	2	Saurabh	XII	07-05-1993	М	Mumbai	462
	3	Sanal	XI	06-05-1994	F	Delhi	400
	4	Trisla	XII	08-08-1995	F	Mumbai	450
	5	Store	XII	08-10-1995	M	Delhi	369
	6	Marisla	XI	12-12-1994	F	Dubai	250
	8	Neha Nishant	X	08-12-1995 12-06-1995	F M	Moscow Moscow	377 489
	(i)			ty FROM STUD	1	<u> </u>	
	Ans.	COUNT(*)	City	,			
		2	Mum	bai			
		2	Delh	i			
		2	Mos	cow			
		(1 mark for co	rrect out	put)			
	(ii)	SELECT MAX(I	OOB),MIN	I(DOB) FROM ST	UDENT;		
	Ans.	MAX(D	OB)	MIN(DOB)			
		08-12-1	995	07-05-1993			
		(1 mark for	correct o	utput)			
	(iii)	SELECT NAME	GENDER	FROM STUDENT	WHERE (CITY="Delh	ni";
	Ans.	NAME		GENDER			
		Sanal		F			
		Store		М			
		(1 mark for	correct o	utput)			
)	Write SQL question 4		o (iv), wh	ich are based on	the table	: STUDENT	given in the
	(i)	To display the the name of t		from table stud nt.	lent in alp	ohabetical	order as per
	Ans.	SELECT * F	ROM STU	JDENT ORDER B\	/ NAME;		
		(1 mark f	or correct	t statement)			
	(ii)	To display Cla	ss, Dob a	nd City whose m	arks is be	tween 450	and 551.
	Ans.	SELECT CLASS	,DOB,CIT\	FROM STUDEN	T WHERE	MARKS	
		BETWEEN 450	O AND 55	1;			
		(1 mark fo	r correct	statement)			

		(iii) To display Name, Class and total number of students who have secured more than 450 marks, class wise.					
		Ans. SELECT NAME, CLASS, COUNT(*) FROM STUDENT GROUP BY CLASS					
		HAVING MARKS>450;					
		(1 mark for correct statement)	(1 mark for correct statement)				
		(iv) To increase marks of all students by 20 whose class is "XII".					
		Ans. UPDATE STUDENT SET MARKS=MARKS+20 where class="XII";					
		(1 mark for correct statement)					
		SECTION-D					
Q.5	(a)	It is an internet service for sending <u>written</u> messages electronically from one <u>computer</u> to another. Write the service name.	1				
	Ans.	e-mail					
		(1 mark for correct answer)					
	(b)	As a citizen of india, What advise you should give to others for e-waste disposal?	1				
	Ans.	As a citizen of india , We can advice the following principle of waste management: Reduce , Reuse and Recycle.					
		(1 mark for correct answer)					
	(c)	What can be done to reduce the risk of identity theft? Write any two ways.	2				
	Ans.	Don't Give out Personal Information to anyone Don't Carry Your Social Security Card.					
		(1 mark for each point)					
	(d)	From: Internal Revenue Service [mailto:admin@irs.gov] Sent: Wednesday, March 01, 2006 12:45 PM To: john.doe@idoe.com Subject: IRS Notification - Please Read This .	2				
		After the last annual calculations of your fiscal activity we have determined that you are eligible to receive a tax refund of \$63.80. Please submit the tax refund request and allow us 6-9 days in order to process it.					
		A refund can be delayed for a variety of reasons. For example submitting invalid records or applying after the deadline.					
		To access the form for your tax refund, please click here					
		Ravi received a mail form IRS department (as shown above). On clicking " Click-Here", he was taken to a site designed to imitate an official-looking website, such as IRS.gov. He uploaded some important information on it.					
		Identify and explain the cyber crime being discussed in the above scenario.					

Ans.	It is an example of phishing. phishing is a term used to describe a malicious individual or group of individuals who scam users. They do so by sending e-mails or creating web pages that are designed to collect an individual's online bank, credit card, or other login information.	
	(1 mark for identification)	
	(1 mark for explanation)	
(e)	Differentiate between open source and open data.	2
Ans.	These licenses are based on the copyright protection of the code; thus, the "open" of open source refers to the source code. Difference between open data and open source is that of data versus application. Data can be numbers, locations, names, etc. (2 Marks for correct difference)	
(f)	Enumerate any two disability issues while teaching and using computers.	2
Ans.	There are several types of disabilities that can affect computer accessibility. Although there is no single universally accepted classification, an indicative list of impairments includes the following: Visual impairments: blindness, low vision and color blindness.	
	(1 mark for each point)	

COMPUTER SCIENCE – NEW (083) SAMPLE QUESTION PAPER (2019-20) CLASS- XII

Max. Marks: 70 Time: 3 hrs

General Instructions:

• All questions are compulsory.

Question paper is divided into 4 sections A, B, C and D.

Section A: Unit-1
Section B: Unit-2
Section C: Unit-3
Section D: Unit-4

Q1. (a) Which of the following is valid arithmetic operator in Python: (i) // (ii) ? (iii) < (iv) and (b) Write the type of tokens from the following: (i) if (ii) roll_no (c) Name the Python Library modules which need to be imported to invoke the following functions: (i) sin((ii) randint () (d) Rewrite the following code in python after removing all syntax error(s). Underline each correction done in the code. 30=To for K in range(0,To) IF k%4==0: print (K*4) Else: print (K*4) Else: print (K*3) (e) Find and write the output of the following python code: def fun(s):			SECTION-A	
(b) (i) if (ii) roll_no (c) Name the Python Library modules which need to be imported to invoke the following functions: (i) sin() (ii) randint () (d) Rewrite the following code in python after removing all syntax error(s). Underline each correction done in the code. 30=To for K in range(0,To) IF k%4==0: print (K*4) Else: print (K*3) (e) Find and write the output of the following python code: def fun(s): k=len(s)	Q1.	(a)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1
(c) following functions: (i) sin() (ii) randint () (d) Rewrite the following code in python after removing all syntax error(s). Underline each correction done in the code. 30=To for K in range(0,To) IF k%4==0: print (K*4) Else: print (K+3) (e) Find and write the output of the following python code: def fun(s): k=len(s) m="" for i in range(0,k): if(s[i].isupper()):		(b)	j	1
Underline each correction done in the code. 30=To for K in range(0,To) IF k%4==0: print (K*4) Else: print (K+3) (e) Find and write the output of the following python code: def fun(s): k=len(s) m=" " for i in range(0,k): if(s[i].isupper()):		(c)	following functions:	1
def fun(s):		(d)	Underline each correction done in the code. 30=To for K in range(0,To) IF k%4==0: print (K*4) Else:	2
		(e)	Find and write the output of the following python code: def fun(s): k=len(s) m=" " for i in range(0,k): if(s[i].isupper()): m=m+s[i].lower() elif s[i].isalpha(): m=m+s[i].upper() else: m=m+'bb' print(m)	2
		(f)		2

		def Change(P,Q=30):	
		P=P+Q	
		Q=P-Q	
		print(P,"#",Q)	
		return (P)	
		R=150	
		S=100	
		R=Change(R,S)	
		print(R,"#",S)	
		S=Change(S)	
	(g)	What possible outputs(s) are expected to be displayed on screen at the time of execution of the program from the following code? Also specify the maximum values that can be assigned to each of the variables FROM and TO. import random AR=[20,30,40,50,60,70]; FROM=random.randint(1,3) TO=random.randint(2,4) for K in range(FROM,TO+1): print (AR[K],end="#") (i) 10#40#70# (ii) 30#40#50#	2
	, ,	(iii) 50#60#70# (iv) 40#50#70#	
Q2.	(a)	What do you understand by the term Iteration?	1
	(b)	Which is the correct form of declaration of dictionary? (i) Day={1:'monday',2:'tuesday',3:'wednesday'} (ii) Day=(1;'monday',2;'tuesday',3;'wednesday') (iii) Day=[1:'monday',2:'tuesday',3:'wednesday'] (iv) Day={1'monday',2'tuesday',3'wednesday'] Identify the valid declaration of L:	1
	(c)	L = [1, 23, 'hi', 6]. (i) list (ii) dictionary (iii) array (iv) tuple	1
	(d)	Find and write the output of the following python code: x = "abcdef" i = "a" while i in x: print(i, end = " ")	1

(e)	Find and write the output of the following python code:	1
	a=10	
	def call():	
	global a	
	a=15	
	b=20	
	print(a)	
	call()	
(f)	What do you understand by local and global scope of variables? How can you access a global variable inside the function, if function has a variable with same name.	2
(g)	A bar chart is drawn(using pyplot) to represent sales data of various models of cars, for a month. Write appropriate statements in Python to provide labels Month - June and Sale done to x and y axis respectively.	2
	OR	
	Give the output from the given python code:	
	<pre>import matplotlib.pyplot as plt; plt.rcdefaults() import numpy as np import matplotlib.pyplot as plt</pre>	
	<pre>objects = ('Python', 'C++', 'Java', 'Perl', 'Scala', 'Lisp') y_pos = np.arange(len(objects)) performance = [10,8,6,4,2,1]</pre>	
	<pre>plt.bar(y_pos, performance, align='center', alpha=0.5) plt.xticks(y_pos, objects) plt.ylabel('Usage') plt.title('Programming language usage')</pre>	
	plt.show()	
(h)	Write a function in python to count the number of lines in a text file 'STORY.TXT' which is starting with an alphabet 'A'.	2
	OR	
	Write a method/function DISPLAYWORDS() in python to read lines from a text file STORY.TXT , and display those words, which are less than 4 characters.	
(i)	Write a Recursive function in python BinarySearch(Arr,I,R,X) to search the given element X to be searched from the List Arr having R elements, where I represents lower bound and R represents the upper bound.	3
	OR	

	1		1
		Write a Recursive function recurfactorial(n) in python to calculate and return the factorial of number n passed to the parameter.	
	(j)	Write a function in Python, INSERTQ(Arr,data) and DELETEQ(Arr) for performing insertion and deletion operations in a Queue. Arr is the list used for implementing queue and data is the value to be inserted.	4
		OR	
		Write a function in python, MakePush(Package) and MakePop(Package) to add a new Package and delete a Package from a List of Package Description, considering them to act as push and pop operations of the Stack data structure.	
		SECTION-B	
Q.3		Questions 3 (a) to 3 (c): Fill in the blanks	
	(a)	is an example of Public cloud.	1
	(b)	is a network of physical objects embedded with electronics, software, sensors and network connectivity.	1
	(c)	is a device that forwards data packets along networks.	1
	(d)	describes the maximum data transfer rate of a network or Internet connection.	1
	(e)	Give the full forms of the following	2
		(i) HTTP	
		(ii) FTP	
		(v) VoIP (vi) SSH	
	(f)	How many pair of wires are there in twisted pair cable(Ethernet)?What is the name of port ,which is used to connect Ethernet cable to a computer or a labtop?	2
	(g)	Identify the type of cyber crime for the following situations:	3
		(i) A person complains that Rs. 4.25 lacs have been fraudulently stolen from his/her account online via some online transactions in two days using NET BANKING.	
		(ii) A person complaints that his/her debit/credit card is safe with him still some body has done shopping/ATM transaction on this card.	
		(iii) A person complaints that somebody has created a fake profile on Facebook and defaming his/her character with abusive comments and pictures.	
	(h)	Software Development Company has set up its new center at Raipur for its office and web based activities. It has 4 blocks of buildings named Block A, Block B, Block C, Block D.	4
		Number of Computers	

Block A	25
Block B	50
Block C	125
Block D	10

Shortest distances between various Blocks in meters:

Block A to Block B	60 m
Block B to Block C	40 m
Block C to Block A	30 m
Block D to Block C	50 m

- (i) Suggest the most suitable place (i.e. block) to house the server of this company with a suitable reason.
- (ii) Suggest the type of network to connect all the blocks with suitable reason .

(iii)The company is planning to link all the blocks through a secure and high speed wired medium. Suggest a way to connect all the blocks.

- (iv) Suggest the most suitable wired medium for efficiently connecting each computer installed in every block out of the following network cables:
 - Coaxial Cable
 - Ethernet Cable
 - Single Pair Telephone Cable.

		SECTION-C	
Q.4	(a)	Which key word is used to sort the records of a table in descending order?	1
	(b)	Which clause is used to sort the records of a table?	1
	(c)	Which command is used to modify the records of the table?	1
	(d)	Which clause is used to remove the duplicating rows of the table?	1
	(e)	Differentiate between Primary key and Candidate key.	2
		OR	
		Differentiate between Degree and Cardinality.	
	(f)	Differentiate between Django GET and POST method.	2
	(g)	Write a output for SQL queries (i) to (iii), which are based on the table: STUDENT	3

RollNo							
1 Nanda X 06-06-1995 M Agra 551 2 Saurabh XII 07-05-1993 M Mumbai 462 3 Sanal XI 06-05-1994 F Delhi 400 4 Trisla XII 08-08-1995 F Mumbai 450 5 Store XII 08-10-1995 M Delhi 369 6 Marisla XI 12-12-1994 F Dubai 250 7 Neha X 08-12-1995 F Moscow 377 8 Nishant X 12-06-1995 M Moscow 489 (i) SELECT COUNT(*), City FROM STUDENT GROUP BY CITY HAVING COUNT(*)>1; (ii) SELECT MAX(DOB), MIN(DOB) FROM STUDENT; (iii) SELECT NAME, GENDER FROM STUDENT WHERE CITY="Delhi";							
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/h\							
/h\							
the question 4(g).							
(i) To display the records from table student in alphabetical order as per the name of the student.							
(ii) To display Class, Dob and City whose marks is between 450 and 551.							
(iii) To display Name, Class and total number of students who have							
secured more than 450 marks, class wise							
(iv) To increase marks of all students by 20 whose class is "XII"							
SECTION-D							
Q.5 (a) It is an internet service for sending <u>written</u> messages electronically from one 1 computer to another. Write the service name.							
(b) As a citizen of india, What advise you should give to others for e-waste disposal?							
(c) What can be done to reduce the risk of identity theft? Write any two ways. 2							

(d)	From: Internal Revenue Service [mailto:admin@irs.gov] Sent: Wednesday, March 01, 2006 12:45 PM To: john.doe@jdoe.com Subject: IRS Notification - Please Read This. After the last annual calculations of your fiscal activity we have determined that you are eligible to receive a tax refund of \$63.80. Please submit the tax refund request and allow us 6-9 days in order to process it. A refund can be delayed for a variety of reasons. For example submitting invalid records or applying after the deadline. To access the form for your tax refund, please click here	2
	Ravi received a mail form IRS department (as shown above). On clicking " Click-Here", he was taken to a site designed to imitate an official-looking website, such as IRS.gov. He uploaded some important information on it. Identify and explain the cybercrime being discussed in the above scenario.	
(e)	Differentiate between open source and open data.	2
(f)	Enumerate any two disability issues while teaching and using computers	2

Marking Scheme SECTION - A (Macro Economics)

Ques.	Description	Marks
No		
1	Decreases	1
2	An intermediate good refers to that good which is purchased during the year by a firm from another for the purpose of further production/resale.	1
3	b) Zero	1
4	i) CRR, ii) SLR, iii) Bank Rate, iv) Repo rate, v) Reverse repo rate (any two)	1/2+ 1/2
	Demand deposits are the deposits which can be withdrawn on demand by the depositors from banks.	1
5	a) price stability in the economy.	1
6	Zero	1
7	True	1
8	Primary Deficit = Fiscal Deficit - Interest Payments	1
9	c) Remittances to relative staying abroad - (iii) Debit side of current Account of Balance of Payments	1
10	Revenue	1
11	Generally it is considered that an increase in the Gross Domestic Product (GDP)	3
	of any economy (India in this case) ensures increase in welfare of the people of	
	the country. However, this may not always be correct. Some of the prime reasons	
	for the same are:	
	a) unequal distribution and composition of GDP,	
	b) non-monetary transactions in the economy which are not accounted for in	
	GDP, and	
	c) occurrence of externalities in the economy (both positive and negative).	
12	We know that consumption function is: $C = \bar{c} + MPC.Y$	1/2
	At equilibrium level of Income in the economy $Y = C + I$	1/2
	Given, Autonomous Consumption (\bar{C}) = $\stackrel{?}{<}$ 500 crores and	
	Ex-ante Investments (I) = ₹ 4000 crores	
	18,000 = 500 + MPC(18,000) + 4,000	1/2
	MPC(18,000) = 18000 - 4500	1/2
	MPC = 13,500/18,000	1/2
	MPC = 0.75	1/2
	Or	
	MPS = $\left(\frac{\text{Change in Savings}}{\text{Change in Income}}\right) = \left(\frac{\Delta S}{\Delta Y}\right) = \frac{20}{100} = 0.20$	1
		1
	Investment Multiplier (K) = $\frac{1}{MPS} = \frac{1}{0.20} = 5$	1/2
	Investment Multiplier (K) = $\frac{\text{Change in Income}}{\text{Change in Investment}} = (\frac{\Delta y}{\Delta I})$	1/2
	$5 = \frac{\stackrel{?}{6,000}}{\text{Change in Investment } (\Delta I)}$	1/2
	Change in Investment $(\Delta I) = 1200$ crores	1/2
	Increase in investment by ₹ 1200 crores is required to attain additional income of	
	₹ 6000 crores.	

13	Central Bank as government's bank - The Central Bank acts as a banker to both central as well as state governments. The Central Bank accepts receipts and makes payments for the government and carries out exchange, remittance and other banking operations. It advances credit/loan to the government to meet its requirements in case of crisis. It also acts as an agent to buy and sell government securities & advises the government on various financial matters. Or	4
	Open Market Operations by Central Bank - Open Market Operations refers to buying and selling of government securities (bonds) by the Central Bank from/to the general public. It is an important step which may be undertaken to control money supply in the economy. The Central Bank may sell government securities to reduce the money supply in the hands of general public and vice-versa.	4
14	Selling of securities by Foreign Institutional Investors (FII's) in Indian capital market will lead to fall in the supply of foreign currency in the economy. This situation might lead to excess demand of foreign currency at the prevailing foreign exchange rate. As a result, a new equilibrium rate of foreign exchange will be determined which will be higher than the prevailing foreign exchange rate, leading to depreciation	4
	Or Investments by large multinational corporations (MNCs) in India will ensure greater inflow of foreign exchange, leading to an increase in the supply of foreign currency. This situation may result into excess supply of foreign currency in the economy at the prevailing foreign exchange rate. As a result, a new equilibrium rate of foreign exchange will be determined which will be lower than the prevailing foreign exchange rate, leading to appreciation of	4
15	domestic currency. Reallocation of resources - Government through its budgetary policies tries to reallocate resources to ensure fulfillment of various socio-economic objectives. The government may influence the allocation of resources through: (a) Taxation policy - Heavy taxes may be imposed on harmful products to discourage their production and subsidies may be provided on the production of socially useful products to encourage their production.	
	b) Government may directly undertake production of certain goods and services in the areas where private sector may not be willing to participate in production activities.	4
16	a) The given statement is correct. Real Gross Domestic Product (GDP) is a better indicator of economic growth than Nominal Gross Domestic Product (GDP) as it is not affected by changes in general price level.	1
	Numerical Example:	

Goods	Price of	Price of	Quantity of	Nominal	Real			
	Current Year	Base Year	Current Year	GDP	GDP			
$(P_1) \text{ (in } \overline{T}) \qquad (P_0) \text{ (in } \overline{T}) \qquad (Q_1) \text{ (in units)} \qquad (P_1Q_1) \qquad (P_0Q_1)$								
A	20	10	100	2,000	1,000			
B 10 5 200 2,000 1,000								
С	C 30 20 50 1,500 1,000							
				$\sum P_1Q_1$	$\sum P_0Q_1$			
=5,500 =3,000								
In the above example the difference between Real GDP ($\sum P_0Q_1$) and Nominal GDP ($\sum P_1Q_1$) is 5,500-3,000 = ₹2,500. This is only the monetary difference as the quantity sold in the market remains unchanged and the variation in the value of GDP is merely due to the change in the prices in the economy.								
b) Costofthe canital asset - Scran Value								
L	epreciation or	ı capitai ass	PI =	e of the capital		1		
		1000	0					
	Deprecia	$tion = \frac{1000 - 6}{20}$	<u>u</u>			1/2		
20								
Depreciation = ₹50 crores						1/2		
goods ar ncome of which wexpendit expendit	nd services and earned by the hould be equalure by the hou	make factors ouseholds wi I to income useholds in the and services	In a two sector ecos payments to the ll be used to buy of firms. The the economy is produced by the	households. the goods a aggregate c equal to the	The factor and services onsumption aggregate	3		
b) Compensation of Employees $= (iii) - (v) - (iv) - (vi+ii+i+vii)$ = $200 - 50 - 10 - (25 + 45 + 20 + 5)$ = ₹45 crores.						1 ½ 1 ½ 1 ½		
An economy is said to be operating at under employment equilibrium level, if the planned aggregate expenditure falls short of available output in the economy, corresponding to the full employment level. It results into excess of output available over the anticipated aggregate demand at full employment level. To tackle such a situation the aggregate demand has to be increased up to the level that the stocks can be cleared.						2		
Following measures may be taken for the same: i) Decrease in taxes: The government under its fiscal policy may decrease the rate of taxes (both direct and indirect taxes). This will ensure greater purchasing						2		

	ii) Increase in money supply: Central bank through its expansionary monetary policy can increase the money supply in the economy. Central bank can use tools like bank rate, cash reserve ratio, repo and reverse repo rates etc. to ensure greater money in the hands of general public which would in turn increase the aggregate demand in the economy and be helpful in reducing/removing the deflationary gap.	2
	SECTION-B (Indian Economic Development)	
18	Value added tax, service tax, excise duty, sales tax. (any two correct alternatives)	1/2 + 1/2
19	True	1
20	b) iii, iv, i, ii	1
21	d) Credit taken to meet agriculture expenditure.	1
22	Disguised	
	Or	
	Work force participation rate	1
23	Development of small scale industries	1
24	d) ii , iv , i, iii	1
25	Photovoltaic cell	1
26	b) iv, ii, i, iii	1
27	c)1988	1
28	The given statement is quite appropriate. Indian traditional practices were	
	controller. The traditional agriculture system, healthcare system, housing, transport etc. were intrinsically environment friendly. The traditional practices used natural products and processes which are more or less free from side effects. For example by adopting medicinal plants/products we can conserve the resources and achieve the objective of sustainable development. Or	3
	The given statement states about the insufficiency of the installed capacity of production of power in India. If the Indian economy wants to touch the GDP growth rate between 7-8% it must target to produce electricity with a growth rate of 7% which is not possible with the present production capacity in the power sector. Thus, we need to work in two directions to improve installed capacity: i. increased investments (by both public and private players) in the power generation sector. ii. better utilization of the present infrastructure.	3
29	Investment in education system in India has been a woeful failure. The fact of the matter is that, in 1952 we were spending a meager 0.6% of our GDP on education that rose to only 4% in 2014. This has fallen well short of 6% target as proposed by the Education Commission, 1964. Moreover, throughout this period the increase in education expenditure has not been uniform and there has been irregular rise and fall. This shows the apathy of the government towards investment in the education system. One can imagine, if the recommended 6% p.a. of the GDP would have been spent properly the present education system would have reached unforeseen heights.	3

30	The given statement is true to its character. The foreign investments, both Foreign Direct Investment (FDI) and Foreign Institutional Investment (FII), have increased from about US \$100 million in 1990-91 to US \$ 74 billion recently. This has changed the status of India from a 'begging bowl' in 1990's to a 'self-dependent' economy in the present ages.	2
	Due to the opening up of the Indian Economy, she has become one of the largest foreign exchange reserve holders in the world. India been able to register an increase in the foreign exchange reserves from about US \$ 6 billion in 1990-91 to about US \$ 321 billion in 2014-15.	2
31	a) Disinvestment: Privatisation of the public sector enterprises (PSEs) by selling off a part/whole of the equity to the general public or any private sector player is known as disinvestment.	2
	b) Outsourcing: Hiring of regular service from external sources, mostly from foreign countries, which was previously provided internally or from within the country is known as outsourcing.	2
	OR	
	a) Import Substitution: The policy aimed at replacing or substituting imports with domestic production by protecting the domestic industries from foreign competition is known as Import Substitution.	2
	b) Quota : Quantitative restrictions on imports for the protection of the domestic firms from foreign competition. Under this quantity of goods which can be imported is specified by the state.	2
32	a) The given data shows that the annual growth rate of population is maximum in Pakistan standing at 2.1%, whereas; the same stands at a meager 0.5% in case of China (might be a direct result of the One Child Policy adopted). The annual population growth rate of India is in the danger zone of more than 1% p.a. India will be overtaking China as the most populous country in the world in near future.	3
	b) Amongst the three countries stated above, India has most skewed data sex ratio (929 female per 1000 male). This is one of the major concerns for the demographers in India.	1
33	Mahatma Gandhi had always maintained that the real growth of India lies in the growth of villages. The importance of rural development in India lies in the fact that $2/3^{rd}$ of the population still (directly or indirectly) depends on agriculture and around $1/3^{rd}$ of the rural population still lives in abject poverty. Some of the prime areas for the development of the rural India may be quoted as follows:	
	• Infrastructure development – is the key to any development process. Basic infrastructure requirement like electricity, irrigation, credit availability, transport facilities, construction of village roads and feeder	2

roads to nearby highways, etc. are the area which still need attention of the government so as to gain commanding heights. Alleviation of poverty - poverty in rural India is an area that should be taken up as a mission for improvement in the living conditions of particularly those living at the bottom of pyramid. This problem may be tackled by emphasizing on greater access to productive employment opportunities. Development of Human Capital - Rural human capital must be developed by taking sincere steps in the direction of education and health. The health system in India has undoubtedly improved over the years but the pace 34 of improvement has been unreasonably slow and truly we carry an unhealthy health system. Following may be the most important concerns ailing Indian health system: Low Public Expenditure - In India the health expenditure as a percentage of GDP is abysmally low as compared to some of the major developing countries. It stood at around 4.7% of the total GDP in the year 2014-15. **Urban Rural Divide** – People living in rural India do not have sufficient medical infrastructure. Nearly 70% of the population lives in rural areas which have only 20% of the total hospitals of the country. Women and child health issues - More than 50 per cent of married women in the age group of 15-49 years have iron deficiency, which has contributed to maternal deaths. Infant Mortality Rate per 1,000 live births in India is 34. Malnutrition and inadequate supply of vaccines lead to the death of millions of children every year. The period between 1990 to 2012 had been a significant one. Introduction of Economic Reforms in India has changed everything in India. Variables shown in the given graph show that GDP growth rate has taken an upwards tread over the years whereas the situation of Employment growth rate has seen major fluctuations while going down in overall trend. GDP growth rate has increased from a meager 3.4% in 1991 to 7.8% in 2012. However the employment growth rate has shown declining trends from 1.5% in 1991 to 1.12% in 2012. Between the period 1999-2005 the employment generation rate was at peak since independence i.e. 2.28% p.a. with the corresponding GDP growth rate standing at a decent 6.1% p.a. The gap between the two variables is maximum between the period 2005-10 when the employment growth rate hit the lowest in history of Independent India i.e. 0.28%. In the same period the GDP growth rate had hit the highest level since independence to the tune of 8.7% p.a. Indian economy has witnessed the peculiar phenomena of 'jobless growth' over all these years. Learning from the situation government had put in serious efforts on employment front and brought it to a level of 1.12% p.a. between the period 2010-12. In all the period between 1990-2012 has been a real roller coaster ride for the India economy on the two front of GDP and Employment Growth rate.

Blue Print

Section-A Macro Economics					
Unit name	1 mark	3 Marks	4 Marks	6 marks	Total
National Income	1(R)	1(U)		1(A)	10
Money and Banking	1(U),1(A)		1(U)		6
Income determination	1(R), 1(U), 1(E)	1(A),		1(U)	12
Government Budget	1(U), 1(E)		1(R)		6
Balance of Payment	1(A), 1(E)		1(E)		6
Section A	10*1=10	2*3=6	3*4=12	2*6=12	40
Section- B Indian Economic Development					
Development Experience	1(R), 1(U), 1(A),		1(R),		12
and Economic Reforms	1(E)		1(U)		
Current Challenges facing	1(R), 1(U), 1(A),	1(U), 1(A)		1(R),	22
Indian Economy	1(E)			1(E)	
Development Experience	1(U), 1(E)		1(A)		6
of India					
Section B	10*1=10	2*3=6	3*4=12	2*6=12	40
Total	20*1=20	4*3=12	6*4=24	4*6=24	80

Creative Answer Type Questions: Q.No. – 29, 32, 34

Change in Questions:

Marks Category	2018-19	2019-20	Changes
1 mark	8	20	Increased by 12
3 marks	4	4	No change
4 marks	6	6	No change
6 marks	6	4	Decreased by 2
Total Questions	24	34	

SAMPLE QUESTION PAPER (2019-20)

ECONOMICS (030)

Time allowed: 3 hours Maximum Marks: 80

General instructions:

i.	All the questions in both the sections are compulsory. Marks for questions are indicated against
	each question.
ii.	Question number 1 - 10 and 18 - 27 are very short-answer questions carrying 1 mark each. They
	are required to be answered in one word or one sentence each.
iii.	Question number 11 - 12 and 28 - 29 are short-answer questions caring 3 marks each. Answers to
	them should not normally exceed 60-80 words each.
iv.	Question number 13 - 15 and 30 - 32 are also short-answer questions carrying 4 marks each.
	Answers to them should not normally exceed 80-100 words each.
v.	Question number 16 - 17 and 33 - 34 are long answer questions carrying 6 marks each. Answers
	to them should not normally exceed 100-150 words each.
vi.	Answer should be brief and to the point and the above word limit be adhered to as far as possible.

SECTION - A (Macro Economics)

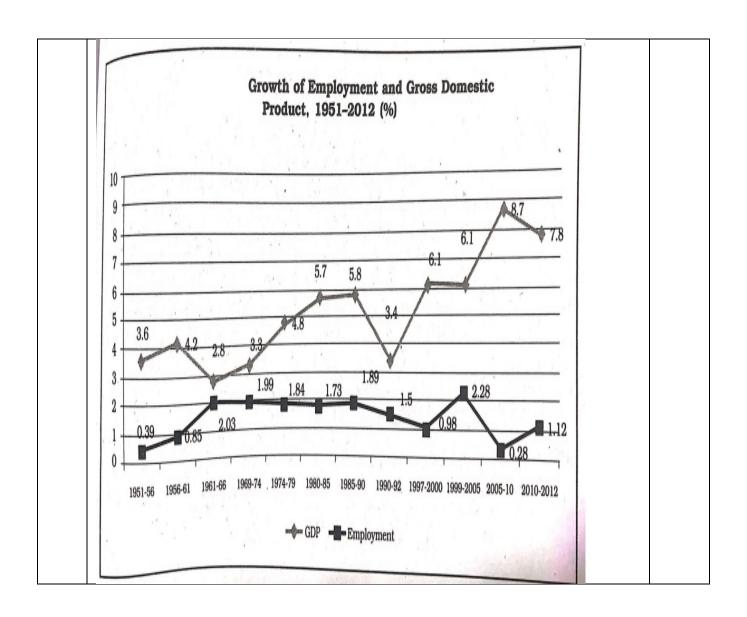
Q.No	QUESTION	Marks
1	Value of Money Multiplier(increases/decreases/remains unchanged)	
	with an increase in Cash Reserve Ratio.	1
	(Fill up the blank with correct alternative)	
2	Define an intermediate good.	1
3	Average Propensity to Consume can never be	
	(choose the correct alternative)	
	a) positive b) zero	
	c) more than one d) less than one	1
4	Name any two quantitative tools to control credit creation in an economy.	
	Or	
	What are demand deposits?	1
5	The monetary policy generally targets to ensure	
	(Choose the correct alternative)	
	a) price stability in the economy	1
	b) employment generation in the country.	
	c) stable foreign relations.	
	d) greater tax collections for the government.	
6	In an economy, break-even point and equilibrium point may lie at the same level of	
	income, if ex-ante investments are	1
	(Fill up the blank with correct answer)	
7	State whether the given statement is true or false:	1
	'Managed Floating Exchange Rate is decided by market forces but remains within a	
	specific range as decided by central bank'.	
8	The formula to calculate Primary deficit is	
	(Fill up the blank with correct answer)	1

	Column I	Column II	
	a) Export of software to France	(i) Debit side of current account	
	b) Import of Machinery from	(ii) Capital Account of Balance of	
	China	Payments	
	c) Remittances to relative	(iii) Debit side of Current Account of	
	staying abroad	Balance of Payments	1
	d) Investment by Apple	(iv) Credit side of Current Account of	
	phones firm in India	Balance of Payments	
)		Meal scheme running in government (state	
	7	expenditure in government budget.	1
	(Fill up the blank with correct answer		
["India's GDP is expected to expand 7.59		3
		- The Economic Times.	
	_	elfare of people of India increase at the same	
	rate? Comment with reason.		
2		nsity to Consume (MPC), if in an economy,	
	_	res, ex-ante investments are ₹ 4000crores and	_
	equilibrium level of Income of the econ	•	3
	0	· -	
	1 11 1	the savings increase by ₹ 20 crores when	
	-	crores. Compute the additional investments	
	needed to attain an increase in national	income by ₹ 6,000 crores?	
	0.1 0.11	0 11 1	3
3	Discuss any one of the following function		4
	a) As government's bank	b) Open market operations.	
1		remained net seller in the Indian capital	
	markets over the last few weeks".	- The Economic Times.	_
		the given statement on foreign exchange rate	4
	with reference to the Indian Economy.		
	Or	' (ADIC) 1	
		ions (MNCs) have recently shifted their	
		ed their production in India, thereby boosting	
	the Make in India plans of the Governm		,
		, discuss the effects of the given statement on	4
	Foreign Exchange rates with reference t		
5	Elaborate the objective of reallocation	of resources' in the government budget.	4
5	a) 'Paul Gross Domostia Product is a ba	atter indicator of acanomic growth than	7
j	a) 'Real Gross Domestic Product is a be Nominal Gross Domestic Product'.	ther mateator of economic growth than	
		S	
	I I IO UOU ACCA WITH THE CITION STATEMENT!		
	Do you agree with the given statement? numerical example.	Support your answer with a suitable	4

	1	S.no	Particulars		Amount (i	n ₹crores)		
		i.	Capital value	of the asset	1,000	ii (crores)		
		ii.	Estimated life		20 years			2
		iii.	Scrap Value	or the asset	Nil			_
		111.	Scrap varae		1111			
				Or				
	a) 'Circi	ılar flo	w of income in		conomy is bas	sed on the axi	om that one's	
	1 1		other's income'				9111 91100 911 0 9	
			with the given st		oort vour ansv	ver with valid	reasons.	3
		8	8	11	J			
	b) Calcu	late co	mpensation of e	employees from	n the following	ng data:		
		S.no	Particulars			Amount]	
						(in ₹crores)		
		i.	Profits after ta	X		20		
		ii.	Interest			45		
		iii.	Gross Domest	ic Product at I	Market Price	200		
		iv.	Goods and Se	rvices Tax		10		2
		v.	Consumption	of Fixed Capi	tal	50		3
		vi.	Rent			25		
		vii.	Corporate Tax			5		
17			s operating at u					
			nent? Discuss o	one fiscal meas	sure and one	monetary mea	sure to tackle	6
	the situa	tion.						
				B (Indian Eco				
18			taxes which we			Services Tax ((GST).	1
19			the following s					1
			nonetization of	currency was	undertaken b	y the Govern	ment of India	
•	on Nove		•	2.1				
20	_		rect sequence o		given in Colu	ı mn II by mat	ching them	
	with res		terms in Colur	nn 1:		· ·		
			mn – I	• т	Column – 1			
	A.	Land C	Ceiling		ase in produc		_	
				_		ielding variety	/	
	D	Land r	a farma	seeds ii. Porti				
	B.	Land r	eiorms		on of agricult in the market	urai produce		1
	<u> </u>	Graan	Revolution			ım limit of lar	<u>, d</u>	1
		Green	Kevolution		ng the maximit ng for an indi		iu	
	D	Marke	ted Surplus			ership of land		
		11141 KC	cea barpias		to tillers)	cromp of faile	•	
				(Iuiiu				
21	Agricult	ure ma	rketing does no	t comprise of				
			_			rrect alterna	tive)	
	a)	<u> </u>	Transportation	of the produce	to the marke	t place for sale	2.	
			-					

	b) Grading of the produce according to	* •	1
	c) Storage of the produce for sale in f		
22	d) Credit taken to meet expenditure of		
22	Undertype of unemployr	nent, marginal product gained t	
	employing one additional unit of labour is zero.		1
	·	ank with correct answer)	
	Or	1.6 1 1 1	
	an indicator which is u	ised for analyzing the employme	nt
	situation of a country. (Fill up the blank with corre	ect answer)	
23	In 1955, Karve committee was constituted for aim	,	
	·	ank with correct answer)	1
24	Identify the correct sequence of alternatives given		1
27	with respective terms in Column I	in Column 11 by matering them	
	Column – I	Column -II	
		i. 2005	
	A. Study Group formed by Planning Commission for Poverty	1. 2003	
	<u> </u>	ii. 1962	
	B. 'Task Force on Projections of the	11. 1902	
	Minimum Needs and Effective		
	Consumption Demand'	2014	
	C. Mahatma Gandhi National Rural	iii. 2014	
	Employment Guarantee Act	1272	1
	D. Jan DhanYojana	iv. 1979	
	Choose the correct alternative:		
	a) ii, iii, iv, i		
	b) iii, ii, i, iv		
	c) i, ii, iii, iv		
	d) ii , iv , i, iii		
25		· · ·	of 1
	(Photovoltaic cell/Li	thium cells).	
	(Fill up the blank with con	,	
26	Arrange the following events of China in chronolo	ogical order and choose the correct	t
	alternative:		1
	i. Great Proletarian Cultural Revolution		
	ii. Great Leap Forward campaign		
	iii. Introduction of Economic Reforms		
	iv. First five year plan		
	Choose the correct alternative:		
	a) ii, iv, iii, i		
	b) iv, ii, i, iii		
	c) ii, iv, i, iii		
	d) iv, i, ii, iii		
	,		
27	Introduction of Economic Reform in Pakistan too	•	1
	(Choose the correct s	,	
	a) 1978 b) 1980 c)198	88 d) 1991	

28			away from the tradit	ional knowleds	ge and practices	3
	and caused large scale damage to environment". Explain how, adopting the traditional practices can be helpful in achieving the					
	_	f sustainable develop	-	i de neipiui i	n acmeving me	
	objective o	i sustamable develop	Or			
	'Power sec	tor in India has maio	r issues with its install	ed conneity. F	liceuse the given	
	statement.	toi ili ilidia ilas iliajo	i issues with its ilistan	cu capacity. L	riscuss the given	
29		Commission 1964-6	66 had recommended to	that at least 6 i	per cent of GDP	
	must be sp	ent on education'. Ho	w far India has been a	ble to achieve t	the said goal?	3
30			Economy has led to a r			
	Investment	s and Foreign Excha	ange Reserves of the	country'. Defe	nd or refute the	4
	given state					
31		following terms				
	a) Dis	investment		port Substitution	on	4
		O	R			
		following terms				
		tsourcing	b) Qu			
32	Answer the following questions on the basis of the following data:					
	a) Comment upon the population growth rates among the three					
	countries.					
			ost skewed in sex ratio		1	1
	Country	Estimated	Annual Growth of	Sex Ratio		
		Population	Population (in %)			
	7 11	(in million)	1.0	0.00		
	India	1311	1.2	929		
	China	1371	0.5	941		
	Pakistan	188	2.1	947		
2.2			dicators, 2015, www.w			
33		-	is essential for Indian		-	6
2.4			ent? Support your answ			
34			blic health expenditur			6
			d the statement citing	g any three ma	jor problems of	
	Health sect	tor in India.	0			
	Ct 1 41 C	.11	Or		D	
			the Growth of Employs		Domestic Product	
	and analyse	me trend of the two va	riables from 1990-2012.			



SAMPLE QUESTION PAPER (2019-20) ENGLISH (CORE) (Code – 301) CLASS XII

Time allowed: 3 Hrs. Maximum Marks: 80

General Instructions:

- 1. This paper is divided into three sections: A, B and C. All the sections are compulsory.
- 2. Separate instructions are given with each section and question, wherever necessary. Read these instructions very carefully and follow them faithfully.
- 3. Do not exceed the prescribed word limit while answering the questions.

SECTION-A READING: 20 Marks 1. Read the passage given below: LIFE BEYOND ACADEMICS

- 1. Academics has always been an essential part of human development. It prepares us to survive in the outside world and establish an identity of our own. But, is an individual's development restricted to merely academics? In India, from an early age, we have been taught that education is limited to the boundaries of academics only; the idea of getting out into the field, for gaining practical experience, is always considered a hoax. This has hindered students' development. But, the truth is that education represents a considerably broader field than we know of it. Our teaching, from the basics, has been focused on getting good grades and job offers, rather than being creative and unique.
- 2. In the 21stcentury, the pure academic type of education is slowly paving way for a whole new type. The paradigm shift in the whole education system is evident. People have now come to understand that education is a 360 degree activity that should focus on students' overall development, rather than restricting him/her to the classroom.
- 3. Co-curricular activities that take place outside the classroom but reinforce or supplement classroom curriculum, in some way, have become a point of focus today. These activities help in the growth of the child, in more than one way. Participating in such activities helps youngsters grow mentally, socially and individually. Intellectual development of a student is developed in the classroom, but for the aesthetic development such as team-building, character-building, and physical growth, students must step out into the outside world. For instance, if a student is a part of school football team, he/ she will learn team- work and coordination, in a practical manner, which cannot be taught in the class.
- 4. Similarly, in colleges and institutions, there is a need for practical exposure so that the students can experience the actual working of an industry. For example, taking a student to a manufacturing firm will give him/ her the real insight and better learning of the industry. Catering to this change, most professional colleges including B-schools, have started providing practical exposure to students through regular guest lectures, industrial visits, conferences, seminars, cultural festivals, and so on. With industry visits, students are able to better identify their prospective areas of work in the overall organizational function. Moreover, they help enhance interpersonal skills and communication techniques. In addition, guest lectures are equally important for

- all round development of students. It is a great way for students to gain maximum exposure, as guest speakers talk about their real- life experiences and not what is there in the text books.
- 5. Through such events, students are made to participate and coordinate different events wherein, they get to know how exactly things are managed. Classroom teaching provides the foundation, and co-curricular or extra- curricular activities provide practical exposure and opportunities to implement what students learn in the classroom. This helps in developing the overall personality of the students, inculcating various soft skills in them, which otherwise are difficult to teach. Clearly, life beyond academics creates creative and empowered professionals. (507 Words)

1.1 On the basis of your understanding of the above passage, answer any five of the questions given below by choosing the most appropriate option:

- a. Students' development is hindered by
- i. limiting education to academic boundaries.
- ii. getting out to the field.
- iii. being creative and unique.
- iv.gaining practical knowledge.
- b. The shift in the education system means
- i. to restrict to classroom activities.
- ii. to focus on academic development.
- iii.to ignore 360 degree activity.
- iv.to focus on overall development.
- c. Co- Curricular activities that take place outside the classroom do not help in
- i. teamwork and co-ordination.
- ii. mental and social growth.
- iii. intellectual development.
- iv. character building.
- d. Guest speakers talk about
- i. all round development.
- ii. their real life experiences.
- iii. what is in text books.
- iv. gaining exposure.
- e. Classroom teaching provides
- i. practical exposure
- ii. opportunities to implement what is learnt in classroom
- iii. chance to learn soft skills
- iv. the foundation
- f. Life beyond academics facilitates
- i. organizational functions
- ii. creativity
- iii. professional fields
- iv. industrial visits

1.2 Answer the following questions briefly:

- a. From earlier times what has not been the focus of education?
- b. Where should students go for aesthetic development?

1x5=5

1x5=5

- c. What kind of co- curricular activities have become points of focus today?
- d. What will give children a better insight into industry?
- e. Why are soft skills difficult to teach in the classroom?

1.3 Pick out the words/phrases from the passage which are similar in meaning to the following:

- i. untrue (Para 1)
- ii. cooperative effort (Para 3)

2. Read the passage given below:

8

1x2=2

BALANCING THE SCALES

Artificial intelligence (AI) is making a difference to how legal work is done, but it isn't the threat it is made out to be. AI is making impressive progress and shaking up things all over the world today. The assumption that advancements in technology and artificial intelligence will render any profession defunct is just that, an assumption and a false one. The only purpose this assumption serves is creating mass panic and hostility towards embracing technology that is meant to make our lives easier.

Let us understand what this means explicitly for the legal world. The ambit of Al includes recognizing human speech and objects, making decisions based on data, and translating languages. Tasks that can be defined as 'search-and-find' type can be performed by Al.

Introducing AI to this profession will primarily be for the purpose of automating mundane, tedious tasks that require negligible human intelligence. The kind of artificial intelligence that is employed by industries in the current scene, when extended to law will enable quicker services at a lower price. AI is meant to automate a number of tasks that take up precious working hours lawyers could be devoting to tasks that require discerning, empathy, and trust- qualities that cannot be replicated by even the most sophisticated form of AI. The legal profession is one of the oldest professions in the world. Thriving over a 1000 years; trust, judgement, and diligence are the pillars of this profession. The most important pillar is the relationship of trust between a lawyer and clients, which can only be achieved through human connection and interaction.

While artificial intelligence can be useful in scanning and organizing documents pertaining to a case, it cannot perform higher-level tasks such as sharp decision-making, relationship-building with valuable clients and writing legal briefs, advising clients, and appearing in court. These are over and above the realm of computerization.

The smooth proceeding of a case is not possible without sound legal research. While presenting cases lawyers need to assimilate information in the form of legal research by referring to a number of relevant cases to find those that will favour their client's motion. Lawyers are even required to thoroughly know the opposing stand and supporting legal arguments they can expect to prepare a watertight defense strategy. AI, software that operates on natural language enables electronic discovery of information relevant to a case, contract reviews, and automation generation of legal documents.

Al utilizes big-data analytics which enables visualization of case data. It also allows for creation of a map of the cases which were cited in previous cases and their resulting verdicts, as per the website Towards Data Science. The probability of a positive outcome of a case can be predicted by leveraging predictive analytics with

	machine learning. This is advantageous to firms as they can determine the return on investment in litigation and whether an agreement or arbitration should be considered. (484 Words) (https://www.thehindu.com/education/balancing-the-scales/article26895865.ece)	
	(a) On the basis of your understanding of the above passage, make notes on it using headings and sub-headings. Use recognizable abbreviations (wherever necessary-minimum four) and a format you consider suitable. Also supply an appropriate title to it.	4
	(b) Write a summary of the passage in about 80 words.	4
	SECTION : B	
	WRITING SKILLS : 30 Marks	4
3.	Your institute, Golden Care Hospital, has decided to organise an 'Organ Donation Camp' to generate awareness about the cause. Draft a Poster giving all the necessary details. (50 words) OR	4
	Your school is planning to organise a talk on the 'Importance of Promoting Art Education' at all levels. You plan to invite The Director, Delhi School of Art, as a Key Note Speaker. As CCA Coordinator of Vidya Mandir Vidyalaya, draft an invite for the same giving all the necessary details. (50words)	
4.	You feel that India will face a severe water crisis by the year 2020. Write a letter to the Editor of The National Daily expressing your concern about it and requesting individuals and authorities to take steps to avert this crisis. You are Shalini/Shaheen. (120-150 words) OR Your school has decided to add a few books to the library. The school wants to	6
	encourage reading habit amongst students. As the Librarian of the Venkateshwar International school place an order with Pearl Publishers for books for all age levels. Give all necessary details. (120-150 words)	
5.	Taking selfies has become a rage and is a global phenomenon. It has cost us several lives and also immortalised several moments. Write an article for a National Daily on the trend of taking selfies and its impact on people. You are Aditi/ Aditya. (150-200 words)	10
	OR A massive fire due to short circuit gutted 50 odd shops in the congested area of SadarBazar in Delhi leading to loss of life and property. As a reporter with The Tribune write the report for the newspaper (150-200 words)	
6.	Several Environment Activists have recently stopped several development projects due to their impact on the environment. Progress will naturally result in some destruction and harm. As Geeta/ Girish write a Speech to be given in the assembly on how both might be possible. (150-200 words)	10
	OR	
	'Aggression and sledging are an essential part of Sports.'Write a debate in 150-200 words either for or against the motion. You are Shivam/Shivani.	

	SECTION: C (LITERATURE: TEXT BOOKS)	
	(Marks: 30)	
7.	Read the extract given below and briefly answer the questions that follow each:	1x4=4
	a. The little old house was out with a little new shed, In front at the edge of the road where the traffic sped, A roadside stand that too pathetically pled	
	 Why had a new shed been put up? Which traffic is referred to here? Why is the stand's existence said to be 'pathetic? 'That too pathetically pled' .Name the figure of speech used. 	
	b. I laughed and said, "Well, Mr. Terror, what do you think you can do to me?" It fled and I swam on.	1x4=4
	1.Who is 'I' here? Who is being addressed to as Mr. Terror?2.Why has Mr. Terror been addressed so?3 Why did the narrator laugh?.4.Why did Mr. Terror leave?	
8.	Answer any five of the following questions in 30 -40 words each:	2x5=
	Who did M. Hamel blame when Franz was unable to answer a question on French participles?	10
	b. Why does Anees Jung say that the bangle makers are caught in a vicious web?	
	c. What was the content of the letter written by the peddler to Edla?d. How are Aunt Jennifer's tigers different from her?	
	e. How did 'The World' help Charley to confirm his doubts regarding the existence of a third level?	
	f. How did the woodland creatures react to the skunk's new smell?g. What happened on the seventh day after Dr Sadao had typed the letter?	
9.	Answer the following question in 120-150 words: How did Gandhiji succeed in getting justice for the Indigo sharecroppers? OR	6
	Author has used gentle and subtle humour to point out human foibles and idiosyncrasies in the lesson ' Poets and Pancakes'. Elucidate.	
10.	Answer the following question in 120-150 words:	6
	Compare and contrast the characters of Mr. Lamb and Derry.	
	OR How did the mistakes committed by the prison authorities help Evans in escaping from the prison?	

ENGLISH ELECTIVE MARKING SCHEME 2019-20 CODE NO 001 CLASS XII

General Instructions:

- 1. The answers given below are suggestive. Give credit to the students if they have made a relevant point which may not have been included in the answers listed below.
- 2. No marks may be deducted for exceeding word limit.
- 3. Suggested break up of marks has been indicated against each question. Award marks accordingly.

Time allowed: 3 hours Maximum Marks: 80

	CECTION	
	SECTION – A	
	READING – 20 MARKS	
Q.1.	On the basis of your reading of the above excerpt, answer the	12 marks
	following questions briefly.	
	(a) felt that Valodaya was far superior to him in everything – in	
	arguments, manners and lessons	
	(b) Nicky thought Valodaya understood what was going on inside him	
	but he tried to hide it.	
	(c) felt guilty of breaking the precious things, didn't know how to	
	reconcile with his brother, embarrassed about his bad conduct	
	(d) overwhelmed with onslaught of emotion, eyes filled with tears, he	
	cried out his apology	
	(e) yes, scared, uncomfortable, guilt ridden, ashamed to be alone with	
	his brother	
	(f) large hearted, avoided getting into fights, generous, well mannered,	
	forgiving	
	(g) (iii) He was reckless with money	
	(h) (ii) was impulsive and volatile, but loved his brother	
	(i) (i) vanity	
	(j) (iv) tormented	
	(k) (iii) For good reason	
	(l) (iv) He felt choked with emotions	
Q.2	Attempt any two of the following three question in 120-150 words	8 marks
	each.	
	(a) the bird has no freedom, its feet are tied, wings are clipped, its	
	dreams are unachievable, it has given up on the dream of flying freely,	
	its dreams are now 'dead'hence, it stands on its dead dreams now.	
	(b) tight cage, with bars, heavily guarded, can hardly view the outside of	
	the cage, due to its anger and frustration at being imprisoned, it doesn't	
	see beyond the cage.	

	(c) free bird - free individual, free to live life on own terms	
	caged bird – oppressed, subjugated individuals, deprived of freedom	
	(d) yes, victims of political and social injustice, women not allowed full	
	freedom to pursue dreams and ambitions, people ill treated based on	
	social class and ethnicity.	
	SECTION – B	
	CREATIVE WRITING SKILLS – 20 MARKS	
Q.3	Attempt any two of the following three question in 120-150 words	12 marks
	each.	
	(a) Credit to be given to the candidate's creativity in presentation of	
	ideas, appropriate use of language and skills of reasoning.	
	The marks may divided as –	
	• Content – 3 marks	
	Organisation – 1 marks (fluency, coherence, logical flow) Fraggerian – 2 marks (translation originality of ideas	
	• Expression – 2 marks (vocabulary, originality of ideas,	
	grammatical accuracy)	
	(b) Format 1 (heading + name of contributor)	
	The marks may divided as –	
	• Content – 3 marks	
	• Expression – 2 marks (grammatical accuracy, vocabulary,	
	coherence, fluency)	
	• Value Points - Reason for water shortage, global concern,	
	reckless use and misuse of scarce resource, conservation should	
	be everybody's concern (local & global), steps that can be taken	
	by individual and community	
	(c) Format 1 (heading + name of contributor)	
	The marks may divided as –	
	• Content – 3 marks	
	• Expression – 2 marks (grammatical accuracy, vocabulary,	
	coherence, fluency)	
	• Value Points – Advent of technology in private and public lives,	
	after effects of social isolation, cases of depression and maladjustment, effect of family lives	
Q. 4	Attempt any one of the following two questions in 150-200 words.	10 marks
~	The state of the state in the s	
	(a) The marks may divided as –	
	• Format - 1 mark (opening address, salutation, conclusion)	
	• Content – 5 marks	
	• Expression – 4 marks (2 marks for grammatical accuracy,	
	spelling, vocabulary + 2 marks for coherence, relevance,	
	fluency)	
	• Value Points – Huge investment in public amenities, pride of a	

	nation, involvement of all stakeholders for its upkeep and	
	ownership, global image, etc.	
	(b) The marks may divided as –	
	• Format - 1 mark (heading, name of contributor)	
	• Expression – 4 marks (2 marks for grammatical accuracy,	
	spelling, vocabulary + 2 marks for coherence, relevance,	
	fluency)	
	• Value Points – Communication gap, peer pressure, increase in	
	financial status, family bonds weakening	
Q. 5	(a) The book I am reading at the moment is very interesting.	8 marks
Q. 3	' '	o mai ks
	(b) He sounded the fire alarm.	
	(c) The teacher asked angrily what did he mean by those words.	
	(d) He was powerful, but he was lonely.	
	(e) The teacher insists on the students writing neatly.	
	(f) Would you please open the window.	
	(g) The victorious soldiers were honoured by the President.	
	(h) She was too tired to finish the task.	
	(ii) she was to she to shirt the tash.	
	SECTION – C	
	Literature 20 MARKS	
0.6		2-1 2 Ml
Q. 6	Answer any one of the following two questions in 50-60 words. Deduct ½ mark for two or more spelling errors.	2x1=2 Marks
	(a) symbol of beauty, energy and permanence, also remind the poet of	
	the pains of getting old and the inevitability of death.	
	(b) a strange relationship, suggesting a difference of class, there seems	
	to be an emotional gap too, Eveline views Frank as a rescue her from	
	her abusive father.	
Q. 7	Answer any two of the following three questions in 60-80 words	4x2=8 marks
	each. Deduct ½ mark for two or more spelling errors.	
İ		
	(a) central idea is the blossoming relationship between two people	
	(a) central idea is the blossoming relationship between two people,	
	which at first, flourishes, but as the day proceeds shadows and enshroud	
	which at first, flourishes, but as the day proceeds shadows and enshroud the characters idealistic vision, taunting their honesty – disillusion with	
	which at first, flourishes, but as the day proceeds shadows and enshroud the characters idealistic vision, taunting their honesty – disillusion with one another. Light is parallel with love and truth, darkness with	
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	which at first, flourishes, but as the day proceeds shadows and enshroud the characters idealistic vision, taunting their honesty – disillusion with one another. Light is parallel with love and truth, darkness with infidelity. Shadows are metaphorical, representing emotional detachment, their flaws, secrets distrust – conflict is internal, originating from the characters themselves – the lovers high expectations cast a shadow on the actual practical approach. (b) Use of diction and imagery transforms poem – first stanza introduces	

	of imagination - poet discusses issues of war/tyranny and contrast that which exists in paradise.	
	(c) her conversations made it clear that, dream by dream, she had taken over the entire fortune of her patrons in Vienna. Author knew that they were no more than a stratagem as she said that she sold them for a living and he realized the reality behind her interpretations – interpreted dreams of the religious family – finally asked them to go away for five years – bequeathed a part of their estate – the author believe in her dreams as he left Vienna and never returned.	
Q. 8	Answer any two of the following three questions in 80-100 words	5x2=10
	each. Deduct ½ mark for two or more spelling errors.	marks
	(a) Novel provides guidance in this matter, it helps to see when a man is alive and when he is dead in life, helps to develop an instinct for life, does not advocate a right or wrong path which varies according to circumstances. Novel portrays varying nature of life thus making readers realize that life itself is the reason for livingend result – whole man alive.	
	(b) Science and technology help produce machines – increase in production of food grains – helps in equal distribution of wealth – we can now cultivate the sky as well as the earth – improve quality of grass, improve cattle, butter, poultry – it might prove risky – Shaw talks about ecological disturbance – harsh reality of modern world.	
	(c) Psychological repression of an inverted kind, television screen image is more honest version of Manjula than her own self – he exposes the pathetic mess a person's psyche can be reduced to over years of suppressed bitterness and lying to oneself – Pseudo Modern World – virtual reality – all forced to believe only that – TV presentation unravels the real story of Manjula's book.	
	SECTION-D	
	Fiction – 10 Marks	
Q. 9	Answer any one of the two questions in 60-80 words. Deduct $^{1/2}$ mark for two or more spelling errors.	4x1=4 marks
	Content=3 marks, Expression=1 mark (vocabulary, grammatical accuracy)	
	(a) Reveals Captain's self importance, Madan approaches him about having Raja perform in a film – Madan forced to draft and redraft agreement – gives opportunity to manipulate others – both play power games.	

OR

(b) Expounds spiritual profundity – understands God's scheme of things – has overcome limitations of his past life – advises villagers to control their pride and arrogance – doesn't surround himself with prisons of his own making

OR

(c) Combines traditional values and wave of westernization – bears no remorse in illegal sale of forms – obsession with money leads to neglect of only son – stoops low in immoral literature – suffers no guilt or qualms – devoid of love and compassion – ignores domestic life

OR

(d) Sold the manuscripts of Bed Life by Dr. Pal for whatever cash Margayya has – is assured that the book named Domestic Harmony will sell in thousands if the right publisher is found – Madan Lal agrees to publish it on a 50-50 partnership – book is popular and Margayya hits a fortune.

Q 10 Answer any one of the two questions in 120-160 words. Deduct ½ mark for two or more spelling errors.

6x1=6 marks

Content=4 marks, Expression=2 marks (grammatical accuracy, fluency, coherence, vocabulary)

(a) Ugly demeaning words coined by man in his arrogance – it is man's pride that lies at the roots of his sufferings and delusion – mankind surrounds himself with prisons of his own making – lives under false fallacy that all creatures other than himself are awful beasts – the words portray his pride and ego centricity

OR

(b) Sudden information about his early life – satisfied selfish appetites – has inordinate demands for food – left wife and family without warning – labeled for desertion

OR

(c) Modern town man always struggling to change his social position – experiences ups and downs of life – attains self knowledge only when he gives up his chase for money – lack of insight contributes to his failure

OR

(d) Balu, his spoiled child threw his account books in the gutter which destroyed all transactions – could not SSLC inspite of admitting him in school in great style and private tutor - seized school leaving book, tears it and throws it in the gutter – runs away from home – befriends Dr. Pal and falls into evil ways – refuses to restart the business of his father – spread false rumors about his death.

ENGLISH ELECTIVE SAMPLE QUESTION PAPER 2019-20 CODE NO. 001 CLASS XII

Time allowed: 3 Hrs. Maximum Marks: 80

General Instructions:

- 1. This paper is divided into four sections: A, B, C and D. All sections are compulsory.
- 2. Separate instructions are given with each section and question, wherever necessary. Read these instructions very carefully and follow them.
- 3. Do not exceed the prescribed word limit while answering the questions.

	CECTION	-
	SECTION – A Reading – 20 Marks	
Q.1	Read the passage given below and answer the questions that follow:	12 Marks
Ų.I	1. I was only a year and some months younger than Valodya; we grew up, studied and played together. No distinction of elder and younger was made between us. But just about the time I am speaking of I began to realize that I was no companion for him, either in age, in interests or in ability. It even seemed to me that Valodya himself was aware of his superiority and was proud of it. This idea (it may have been a wrong one) was inspired by my vanity which suffered every time I came in contact with him. He was better than me in everything; at lessons, in arguments and in manners, and all this took me farther from him and caused me moral anguish which I could not understand. When Valodya was given a tucked linen shirt for the first time I was unhappy for not having a shirt like that. I am sure I would have felt happier if I was convinced that every time he arranged his collar it was not done to annoy me.	(1 x 12)
	2. What tormented me most was that it sometimes seemed to me Valodya understood what was going on inside me but tried to hide it. But perhaps my sensitiveness and tendency to analyse deceived me in this case. It may be Valodya did not feel at all as I did. He was impulsive and his enthusiasm in different hobbies did not last long.	
	3. He would suddenly develop a passion for pictures, himself take up painting, spend all his money buying them and beg them of his drawing-master, of papa and of grandmamma. Then it would be a craze for curios to decorate his table, collecting them from every room in the house, or a mania for novels which he obtained on the sly and read all day and night. I could not help being impressed by his hobbies but I was too proud to imitate him and too young and not independent enough to choose a hobby for myself. But there was nothing I envied so much as Valodya's happy large heartedness which showed itself most strikingly when we quarreled. I always felt that he was behaving well but I could not do likewise.	
	4. Once when his passion of ornaments was at its height, I went up to his table and accidentally broke an empty bright-coloured little scent bottle.	

"Who asked you to touch my things?" demanded Valodya coming into the room and seeing how I had upset the symmetry of the different treasures on his table. "And where is the scent bottle? You must have....."

5. "I knocked it over by accident and it broke. What does it matter?"

"Do me the favour-never dare touch my things again", he said, putting the pieces of broken flask together and looking at theme sorrowfully.

"And you please don't issue orders" I retorted, "that's all." And I smiled, though I did not feel in the least like smiling.

"Yes, its nothing to you but it does matter to me," pursued Valodya, jerking his shoulder, a gesture he had inherited from pap. "He goes and breaks it and then laughs, the nasty little brat!"

"I am a little brat; and you're big but you're stupid."

"I am not going to quarrel with you," said Valodya, giving me a slight push, "go away."

"Don't push!"

"Get away!"

"Don't push, I tell you!"

Valodya took my word and tried to drag me away from the table; but I was beside myself by now; I got hold of the leg of the table and tipped it over. "There now!" And all his china and glass ornaments crashed to the floor. "You disgusting little boy!" cried Valodya, trying to save some of his falling treasures.

"Well, now it is all over between us," I thought as I left the room, "we have quarreled for good."

- 6. As soon as afternoon lessons were over I left the room. I was too scared, uncomfortable and ashamed to be alone with my brother. After our history lesson in the evening I took my exercise books and started towards the door. As I passed Valodya, though I wanted to go up to him and make friends I scowled and put on an angry expression. At that moment Valodya raised his head and, with a meaningful smile, looked me full in the face. Our eyes met and I knew that he understood me; but some irresistible feeling made me turn away.
- 7. "Nicky!" he said in a most natural voice without a scrap of pathos. "Don't be cross any more. Forgive me if I offended you." And he held out his hand. Something that came higher and higher seemed to be pressing my chest and stopping my breath but this only lasted a second; tears came to my eyes and I felt better. "Forgive....m-me, Val-dya," I stammered, squeezing his hand. Valodya looked at me as if he could not make out at all why there should be tears in my eyes.

Leo Tolstoy

(Excerpts from his autobiographical novel 'Boyhood' originally written in Russian, translation by C.J. Haqar)

	On the basis of your reading of the above excerpt, answer the following	
	questions briefly:-	
1	(a) Why did Nicky feel that he was not an apt companion for Valodaya?	
	(b) About which aspect of Valodya's personality was Nicky most upset?	1
	(c) Why did Nicky feel uncomfortable and ashamed to be alone with his brother?	1
	(d) What did Nicky do to show that he was sorry for all that he had done in	1
	the morning?	
	(e) Was the narrator repentent for his behavior? How do you know?	1
	(f) What does Valodaya's behavior show about his character?	1
	(g) Choose the correct option: Which of the following is NOT true for Valodaya?	1
	(i) He was fond of reading.	1
	(ii) He was inclined towards painting.	
	(iii) He was reckless with money.	
	(iv) He liked collecting curios and works of art.	1
	(h) "I am a little brat, and you're big but you are stupid." This line highlights that Nicky –	1
	(i) was disrespectful towards his brother	
	(ii) was impulsive and volatile, but loved his brother	1
	(iii) was jealous of his brother	
	(iv) was unapologetic towards his brother	
	(i) Choose the synonym of <i>pride</i> (para 1)(i) vanity	
	(ii) superiority	
	(iii) anguish	
	(iv) distinction	
	(j) Choose the antonym of <i>comforted</i> (para 2)	1
	(i) deceived (ii) tormented	
	(iii) impulsive	
	(iv) enthusiasm	
	(k) Choose the right answer which explains the underlined phrase:	
	We have quarreled <u>for good</u>	1
	(i) It is very good(ii) Forever	1
	(iii) For good reason	
	(iv) For good things to follow	
	(1) "Something that came higher and higher seemed to be pressing my	
	chest," implies	
	(i) his brother towered over him.(ii) he was in a state of confusion.	1
	(iii) his brother tried to overpower him.	1
	(iv) he felt choked with emotions.	
Q.2	Read the poem given below and answer the questions that follow:	8 marks
~· -	The poem given below and answer the questions that follows	(2 x 4)
	I Know Why The Caged Bird Sings	, ,
	By Maya Angelou	
	• • •	
	The free bird leaps	
	on the back of the wind	
	and floats downstream	

till the current ends and dips his wings in the orange sun rays and dares to claim the sky. But a bird that stalks down his narrow cage can seldom see through his bars of rage his wings are clipped and his feet are tied so he opens his throat to sing. The caged bird sings with fearful trill of the things unknown but longed for still and his tune is heard on the distant hill for the caged bird sings of freedom The free bird thinks of another breeze and the trade winds soft through the sighing trees and the fat worms waiting on a dawn-bright lawn and he names the sky his own.	
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and the fat worms waiting on a dawn-bright lawn and he names the sky his own.	
and he names the sky his own.	
But a caged bird stands on the grave of dreams	
his shadow shouts on a nightmare scream his wings are clipped and his feet are tied	
so he opens his throat to sing	
The caged bird sings with a fearful trill	
of things unknown but longed for still and his tune is heard on the distant hill	
for the caged bird sings of freedom.	
On the basis of your reading of the poem, answer the following questions in 50-60 words each.	
a) What is the grave of dreams and why does a caged bird stand on it?	
b) Why does a bird that stalks down his narrow cage can seldom see 2	
through his bars of rage?	
c) Who are referred to as free bird and caged bird in the poem? Why?d) Is the situation of the caged bird relevant to the contemporary times?	
d) is the situation of the caged of different to the contemporary times?	
SECTION - B	
Creative Writing Skills and Applied Grammar – 30 Marks	
Q. 3 Attempt any two of the following three questions in 120-150 words each. 12 mark (6 x 2)	
a) Describe an influential person and explain why you feel this person is a positive role model.	
b) Water is the force behind agriculture, industries, trade and commerce. Lately, India has been facing severe scarcity of this vital resource. Write an article for your school magazine on the need for water conservation. You are Rajiv/Ragini.	
c) Technology appears to create global network, bringing people together. But, it also replaces real life communication, thus bringing social isolation. Write your views on the impact of technology on human connections for an e-journal. You are Sourabh/Surabhi.	

Q. 4	Attempt any one of the following two questions in 150-180 words.	10 marks
	a) It is seen that public property is often defaced and damaged. The infrastructure (public transport, subways, roads, gardens) provided by the government helps the nation develop and it's the responsibility of each citizen to ensure that it remains unharmed. Write a speech voicing your concerns over the need to have a sense of ownership and national pride. You are Rati/Rahul.	(10 x 1)
	b) You are Malini/Manoj. Write an article to be published in a leading daily urging all parents to give their time and moral support to their children, especially the adolescents who face multiple pressures in this crucial phase of their lives. Many of your friends are getting expensive gifts from their parents, but not their attention and time.	
Q. 5	Transform the following sentences as per the given instructions.	8 marks (1 x 8)
	a) I am reading a book at the moment. It is very interesting. (combine the sentences using the beginning given) The book	(1 x 6)
	b) The fire alarm has been sounded by him. (transform to active voice)	
	c) "What do you mean by these words?", asked the teacher angrily.	
	(transform to indirect speech)	
	d) Though he was powerful, he was lonely. (rewrite as a compound	
	sentence)	
	e) The teacher insists that the students write neatly. (Rewrite the sentence	
	using 'writing')	
	f) Open the window. (rewrite using the beginning given)	
	Would	
	g) The soldiers who were victorious were honoured by the President.	
	(rewrite as a simple sentence)	
	h) She was so tired that she could not finish the task. (rewrite the sentence	
	using 'too')	
	SECTION – C	
Q. 6	Literature (20 Marks) Answer any one of the following two questions in 50-60 words.	2 marks
~· ·		(2 x 1)
	(a) What do the swans in the poem, 'The Wild Swans at Coole' symbolize?(b) What type of relationship does Eveline have with Frank?	
Q.7	Answer any two of the following three questions in 60-80 words each.	8 marks (4 x 2)
	 (a) Comment on the use of the shadows for the idea that the poet wants to convey in the poem – (A Lecture Upon the Shadow) (b) How can the poem Kubla Khan by Coleridge be read as an illustration of 	
	the power of imagination? (c) Why did the author think that Frau Frieda's dreams were a stratagem for	
	surviving? Did he believe in her prophetic ability? (I Sell My Dreams)	
Q.8	Answer any two of the following three questions in 80-100 words each.	10 marks (5 x 2)
	(a) How does D.H. Lawrence assert that the novel is a book that can touch	

	the life of a whole man alive and that is why the novel matters?	
	(b) Nature may have tricks up her sleeves to check us if the chemists exploit	
	her too greedily. Critically comment on the statement. (Freedom)	
	(c) Girish Karnad's 'Broken Images' explores the crisis of identity and rips	
	the mask of a celebrity. Comment.	
	SECTION-D	
	Fiction (10 marks)	
Q.9	Answer any one of the following questions in 60-80 words	4 marks (4 x 1)
	(a) Describe the business agreement between Captain and Madan.	
	(b) The creation of the role of Master is intended to serve as an ideal. Justify.	
	(c) Margayya's rise and fall in life makes the readers introspect on various	
	notions of ethics and integrity. Elaborate.	
	(d) Describe briefly Margayya's new found career in the publishing house.	
Q.10	Answer any one of the following questions in 120-160 words.	6 marks
		(6 x 1)
	(a) Why does the Master advise the frightened villagers not to use the words 'beast' or 'brute'?	
	(b) The Master's early life is a total contrast to his present philosophical leanings. Comment.	
	(c) Margayya, the hero of The Financial Expert is probably Narayan's greatest single comic creation. Justify.	
	(d) In what way is Margayya ruined through his own son?	

MARKING SCHEME

GEOGRAPHY (029)

CLASS-XII

Time: 3hours Max.marks 70

General Instructions:

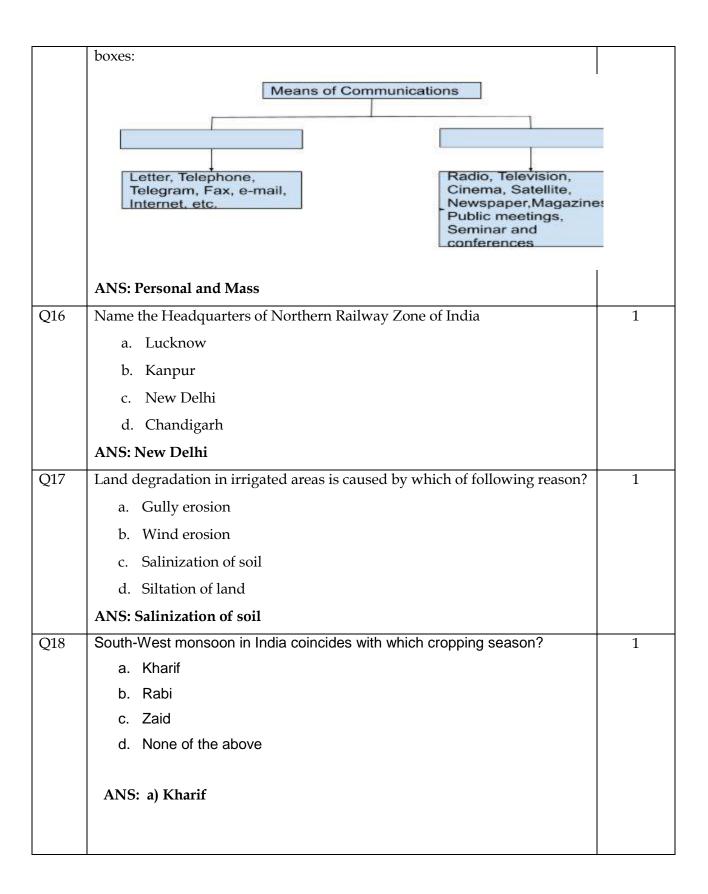
- i. There are 30 questions in all.
- ii. All questions are compulsory.
- iii. Question numbers 1 to 18 are Multiple Choice Questions (MCQs) carrying 1 mark each. Write only the correct answer in you answer sheets.
- iv. Question numbers 19 to 22 are short answer questions carrying 3 marks each. Answer to each of these questions should not exceed 80-100 words.
- v. Question numbers 23 to 28 are long answer questions carrying 5 marks each. Answer to each of these questions should not exceed 150 words.
- vi. Question numbers 29 and 30 are related to identification or location and labeling of geographical features on maps, carrying 5 marks each.
- vii. Outline map of India and World are provided to you must be attached within your answer book.
- viii. Use of template or stencils for drawing outline maps is allowed.

	SECTION A	
Q1	Which one of the following is the largest linguistic group of India?	1
	a. Sino – Tibetan	
	b. Indo - Aryan	
	c. Austric	
	d. Dravidian	
	ANS: b) Indo Aryan	
	OR	
	C Which one of the following periods had witnessed rapid growth of	
	population.	
	a. Before 1921	
	b. 1921 - 1951	
	c. 1951 – 1981	
	d. After 1981	
	ANS: c) 1951 - 1981	

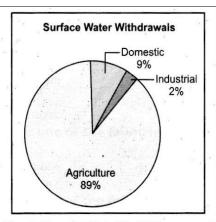
Q2	Which one of the following is the main reason for male migration in India?	1
	a. Education	
	b. Business	
	c. Work and employment	
	d. Marriage	
	ANS: c) Work and employment.	
Q3	Identify the country with the highest sex ratio in the world	1
	a. Latvia	
	b. United Arab Emirates	
	c. Japan	
	d. France	
	ANS: Latvia	
	OR	
	Which one of the following figures represents the working age group of the	
	population?	
	a. 15 to 65 years	
	b. 15 to 64 years	
	c. 15 to 66 years	
	d. 15 to 59 years	
	ANS: 15 to 59 years	
Q4	Which one of the following group of cities have been arranged in the	1
	sequence of their ranks i.e., 1,2,3 and 4 in size ?	
	a. Greater Mumbai, Bangaluru, Kolkata, Chennai.	
	b. Delhi, Greater Mumbai, Chennai, Kolkata.	
	c. Kolkata, Greater Mumbai, Chennai, Delhi.	
	d. Greater Mumbai, Kolkata, Delhi, Chennai.	
	ANS: d) Greater Mumbai, Kolkata, Delhi and Chennai	
	OR	
	Palli and nagla belong to which one of the following rural settlements-	
	a. Clustered	

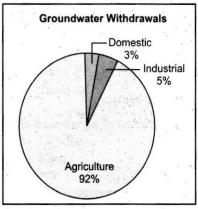
	b. Semi-clustered	
	c. Hamleted	
	d. Dispersed or isolated.	
	ANS: c) Hamleted	
Q5	Which one of the following is not a Push factor?	1
	a. Water Shortage	
	b. Medical/Educational facilities	
	c. Unemployment	
	d. Epidemics	
	ANS: Medical/Educational facilities	
Q6	Which one of the following best describes Development?	1
	a. An increase in size	
	b. A constant in size	
	c. A positive change in quality	
	d. A simple change in quality	
	ANS: A positive change in quality	
Q7	Which one of the following is not a Plantation Crop?	1
	a. Coffee	
	b. Sugarcane	
	c. Wheat	
	d. Rubber	
	ANS: Wheat	
Q8	ANS: Kolkhoz	1
Q9	Which one of the following does not follow Monoculture?	1
	ANS: Mixed Farming does not follow Monoculture	
	OR	
	Plantation Agriculture follows Monoculture	
	(Anyone of the above option is correct)	
Q10	Which one of the following forms of settlement develops along either side	1
	of roads, rivers or canals?	
	1	

	a. Circular	
	b. Linear	
	c. Cross Shaped	
	d. Square	
	ANS: Linear	
Q11	Which one of the following types of economic activities dominates in all	1
	rural settlements?	
	a. Primary	
	b. Tertiary	
	c. Secondary	
	d. Quaternary	
	ANS: Primary	
Q12	The first urban settlement to reach a population of one million was:	1
	a. Paris	
	b. New York	
	c. London	
	d. Canberra	
	ANS: London	
Q13	Which one of the following is a land locked harbor?	1
	a. Vishakhapatnam	
	b. Mumbai	
	c. Ennor	
	d. Haldia	
	ANS: Vishakhapatnam	
Q14	Which one of the following is the longest national highway of India?	1
	a. NH-1	
	b. NH-7	
	c. NH-6	
	d. NH-8	
	ANS: NH-7	
Q15	Complete the following table by writing appropriate names in the blank	1



	SECTION B	
Q19	"The chief gateways of the world of international trade are the harbours and ports". Justify the statement with examples.	3
	ANS: 1. Ports provide facilities of docking, loading and unloading of cargo. 2. Ports provide storage facilities for cargo 3. Labour and managerial services are provided at the ports.	
Q20	How is Possibilism different from Environmental Determinism? Explain with suitable Examples. ANS: Possibilism: With passage of time, humans developed better and efficient technology. This gave him many choices and possibilities to use resources offered by the environment. They become free to use natural resources according to their convenience and necessities. Man has created health resorts on highlands, huge urban sprawls, fields, orchards and pastures in the plains, ports on the coasts and satellites in space. This was termed Possibilism by earlier scholars. Determinism: In the earlier stages of Human evolution, There was no technology to modify environment by man. Thus, the human beings adapted to the dictates of the nature. The naturalised human was afraid of nature and worshipped the forces of nature such as fire, floods, rains, etc.	3
Q21	Study the pie-chart given below and answer the questions that follow-	3





Source: Earth Trend 2001, World Resource Institute, as given in Govt. of India (200 Fig. : Sectoral Usage of Surface Water Fig. Sectoral Usage of Groundwart

- 1. Which sector's share is the maximum in the usage of surface and ground water?
- 2. What is the percentage of agricultural sector in the usage of surface water and Ground water?
- 3. Why the development of irrigation was assigned a very high priority in the Five years plans and how?

ANS:

- 1. Agricultural sector share is the maximum in the usage of surface water and groundwater.
- 2. Surface water- 89% and Groundwater- 92%. India has traditionally been an agrarian economy with two-third of its population depends on agriculture.
- 3. Multipurpose river valley projects were launched to meet the irrigational needs of the country in five years plans.

How poor people are more affected in this process?

ANS. The development has direct bearing on the deteriorating human conditions due to environmental degradation and ecological crisis. Air, soil, water and noise pollution have threatened our existence.

Consequently, the poor are subjected to three interrelated processes of declining capabilities as given below-

- 1. Social capabilities due to displacement and weakening social ties.
- 2. Environmental capabilities due to pollution.
- 3. Personal capabilities due to increasing incidence of diseases and accidents.

This has adverse effects on their quality of life and human development

(Any other point highlighting creativity)

OR

Describe the concept of Human Development as defined by United Nations Development Programme (UNDP)

ANS. As per the World Human Development Report, Human Development is a process of enlarging the range of people's choices, increasing their oppurtunities for education, health care, income and empowerment and covering the full range of human choices from a sound environment to economic, social and political freedom.

Thus enlarging the range of people's choices is the most significant aspect of human development. It is just opposite the western or euro-centric view of development. People should be able to live a long and healthy life. They should be educated and have access to resources needed for a decent standard of living. These are necessary and non-negotiable aspects of the human development.

	SECTION C	
Q23	The challenge of sustainable development requires integration of quest for	1x5=5
	economic development with environmental concerns. Comprehend the	
	statement in relation to the development of non conventional sources of	
	energy in India by giving suitable example.	
	ANS:	
	1. The sustainable development is important because it calls for the	
	protection of resources for future generations.	
	2. Sustainable energy resources are only the renewable energy	
	resources like solar, wind, hydro, geothermal and biomass.	
	3. These energy sources are more equitably distributed and	
	environmental friendly.	
	4. Non-conventional energy sources will provide more sustained, eco	
	friendly cheaper energy after the initial cost is taken care of.	
	5. Traditional methods of resource use result into generating	
	enormous quantity of waste as well as create other environmental	
	problems. Hence, sustainable development calls for the protection	
	of resources for the future generation. There is an urgent need to	
	conserve the resources.	
	(Any other relevant point)	
	OR	
	Nuclear energy is replacing the conventional sources in India. Do you think	
	it as a viable energy source of energy in future keeping in view the	
	availability of nuclear minerals in India.	
	ANS: Nuclear energy has emerged as a viable source in recent	
	times. Important minerals used for the generation of nuclear energy are	
	Uranium and Thorium. Uranium deposits occur in Dharwar rocks. It is	
	found in several locations along the Singhbhum copper belt. It is also	
	found in Udaipur, Alwar and Jhunjhunu district of Rajasthan, Durg	

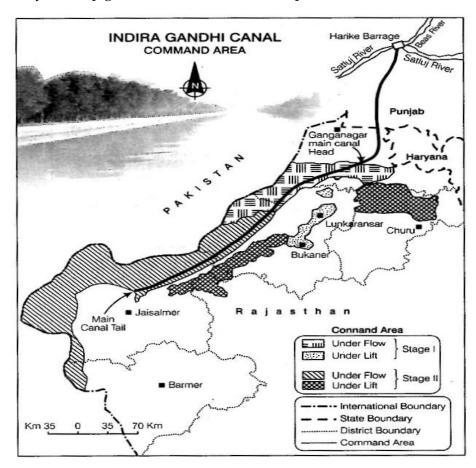
district of Chhattisgarh, Bhandara district of Maharashtra and Kullu district of Himachal Pradesh. Thorium is mainly obtained from the monazite and limonite in the beach sand along the cost of Kerala and Tamilnadu. World's richest monazite deposits occur in Palakkad and Kollam districts of Kerala, near Visakhapatnam in Andhra Pradesh and Mahanadi river delta in Odisha.

Atomic energy commission was established in 1948. The important nuclear power projects are Tarapur (Maharashtra) Rawatbhata near Kota (Rajasthan), Kalpakkam (Tamilnadu), Narora (Uttar Pradesh) Kaiga (Karnataka) and Kakrapara (Gujarat)

Collaboration with France, Germany, Russia and U.S.A. in developing the required technology is a positive step in this direction.

(Any other relevant point)

Q24 Study the map given below and answer the questions that follows-



a. What is the difference between the two areas shown as 'Under Flow'

	and	
	'Under Lift' system of irrigation.	
	b. Name the districts that are benefited by the command area of the	
	canal in	
	stage I and stage II.	
	ANS:	
	1. The canal has two irrigation system such as Flow system	
	(underflow) and lift system (underlift). Around 70% land of the	
	command area is irrigated by flow system and rest 30% Land by	
	lift system. All the lift channels of Indira Gandhi Canal system	
	originate at the left Bank of main canal while the canals on the	
	right Bank of main canal are Flow canals.	
	2. Stage 1- Ganganagar, Hanumangarh and northern parts of	
	Bikaner and Jaiselmer district.	
	Stage 2- Bikaner, Jaisalmer, Barmer, Jodhpur, Nagaur and Churu	3+2=5
	districts.	
	Main characteristics of the area are:	
	For Visually Impaired Candidates only a) i- The availability of soil moisture for a longer period of time and various afforestation and pasture development programs under CAD have resulted in greening the land. ii- It has also helped in reducing wind erosion and siltation of canal. iii- Canal irrigation has brought a perceptible transformation in the agricultural economy of the region because it has led to increase in cultivated areas and intensity of cropping. The traditional crops – gram, bajra and jowar – have been replaced by wheat, cotton, groundnut and rice. b) Ganganagar, Bikaner, Jaiselmer, Barmer, Churu, Lunkaransar (Any four)	
Q25	How are industries classified on the basis of the raw material used?	5
	ANS: 1. Agro-based industries: These industries process the raw material	

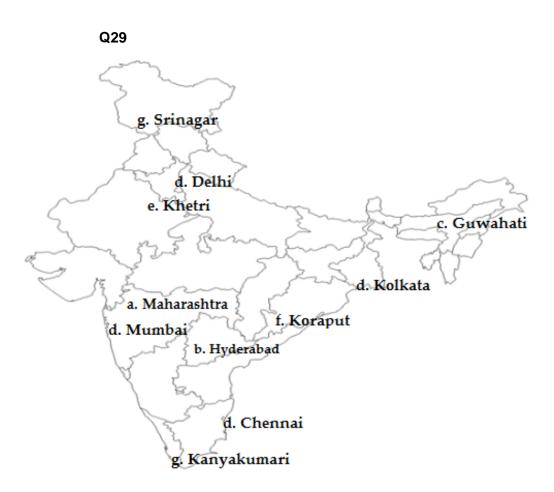
	from the equipulational field into finished and deste to be accounted	
	from the agricultural field into finished products to be consumed	
	in the market. Major agro based industries are food processing,	
	sugar, fruit juices, etc.	
	2. Mineral based industries: These industries use minerals such as	
	iron, copper, cement as raw material.	
	3. Chemical based industries: These industries use natural chemical	
	minerals such as Petroleum, salts, sulphur, etc.	
	4. Forest based industries: These industries use material provided by	
	the forest such as, timber for furniture industry, wood, grass,	
	bamboo for paper industry, etc.	
	5. Animal based industries: Raw material in these industries is	
	obtained from animals. For example, wool for woollen textiles,	
	ivory from elephant tusks and leather from animal hide.	
	OR	
	Explain why high-tech industries in many countries are being attracted to	
	the peripheral areas of major metropolitan centres?	
	1. Land is generally cheap in the peripheral areas of the cities and is	
	available in abundance. Single story buildings can be built.	
	2. The peripheral areas can be well connected with roadway and	
	railway network used by high tech industries.	
	3. Cheap and skilled labour is easily available from the nearby areas.	
	4. Highly skilled specialists and professionals are available in major	
	metropolitan centres.	
	5. The features of high tech industrial landscape are neatly spaced,	
	low, modern, dispersed office plant-lab buildings for which the	
	peripheral areas of the cities are most suited.	
Q26	"Modern economic development in the world is mainly the result of the	5
	development of Quaternary services." Explain the statement with suitable	
	examples."	
	ANS: Following are the points which explain the statement:	

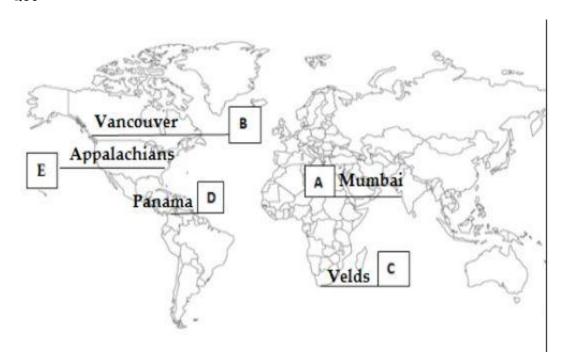
	a. The economic activities have become specialized and complicated and has resulted in a new group of activities, like the Quaternary activities.	
	b. The Quaternary activities are related to knowledge and education,	
	information, research and development.	
	c. The people of the Quaternary activities are innovative and	
	contribute to the research and development.	
	d. Only a few people are engaged in Quaternary activities in	
	economically developed countries.	
	e. It is characterized by the highest income and higher degree of	
	mobility in the process of career development.	
Q27	What are the modes by which cyber space will expand the contemporary	5
	economic and social space of humans?	
	-	
	ANS: Cyber Space is very important in today's life. It enables us to	
	communicate or access any information without physical movement of	
	the sender and the receiver. It has brought the world closer to each other.	
	One can now communicate with any person in any part of the world. It	
	can be used in an office, sailing boat, flying plane and virtually	
	everywhere.	
	Cyber space has expanded the contemporary economic and social space of	
	humans through e-mail, e-commerce, e-learning and e-governance. It will	
	be accessible to more and more people cutting across space and time	
	under these circumstances. These modern communication systems have	
	made the concept of 'Global Village' a reality.	
	OR	
	Which are the major regions of the world having a dense network of	
	airways?	
	ANS: Dense network of airways exists in Eastern USA, Western Europe	
	and South East Asia. USA alone accounts for 60% of the world airways.	
	New York, London, Paris, Amsterdam, Frankfurt, Rome, Moscow,	

	Karachi, New Delhi, Mumbai, Bangkok, Singapore, Tokyo, San Francisco,	
	Los Angeles and Chicago are the nodal points where air route coverage is	
	maximum.	
Q28	Land degradation caused by human made processes are more harmful than	5
	natural processes in India. Analyse the statement with suitable examples.	
	Ans. Land Degradation is generally understood either as a temporary for	
	a permanent decline in productive capacity of the land. The causes	
	or factor responsible for land degradation in India are given below:	
	1. Soil erosion.	
	2. Water logging	
	3. Salinisation	
	4. Alkalinisation of land	
	Land is constantly used without managing its fertility, it is degraded and	
	its productivity decline. Deforestation, overgrazing, mining and	
	quarrying too are responsible for land degradation in India. Land	
	Degradation caused by human processes are more harmful than natural	
	processes in India. Man-made degraded wasteland such as degraded	
	shifting cultivation area, degraded land under plantation crops, degraded	
	forest, mining and industrial waste land are 5.8 % of the total	
	geographical area. In states like Jharkhand, Chhattisgarh, Madhya	
	Pradesh and Odisha deforestation due to mining have caused severe Land	
	Degradation. In states like Gujarat, Rajasthan, Madhya Pradesh, and	
	Maharashtra overgrazing is one of the main reasons for the land	
	degradation	
	OR	
	How has Noise pollution become hazardous in many big cities of India?	
	Explain giving suitable examples.	
	Ans. Noise pollution has become hazardous in many big cities of India	
	like Delhi, Mumbai due to following factors-	
	1. With the increase in population, the volume of traffic and	
	passenger has increased. This has led to more noise	

2. More people have become prosperous in result of this, number of private vehicles increased significantly. This has led to the peak hours, i.e. in the morning and in the people go and come from office. This has pollution on the roads. 3. Rapid industrialisation in and around the Colony has also increased noise pollution cottage industries are set up in the areas. 4. The construction activities have increased the ever increasing population in the big activities become hazardous as too much them. 5. Religious activities, social functions, rall noise pollution particularly in the late had noise pollution particularly.	such as cars have affic jams during e evening when s increased noise e residential a. Small and hear the market.	
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d. Eastern terminal point of Golden quadrila e. Copper mine located in Rajasthan		
e. Copper mine located in Rajasthan		
f. Bauxite mines in Odisha	eral	
	eral	
g. Southern terminal of North-South corrido	eral	
Q30 On the given political map of the world, following five fe		
Identify these features with the help of the given key and		1x5=5
blanks marked A , B , C , D and E	atures are shown.	1x5=5
A. A Mega city	atures are shown.	1x5=5
B. A major sea-port	atures are shown.	1x5=5

- C. Grasslands of Africa with extensive commercial grain farming
- D. An important Shipping Canal
- E. Industrial region of the US.





SAMPLE QUESTION PAPER (2019-2020)

GEOGRAPHY (029)

CLASS-XII

Time: 3hours Max. Marks 70

General Instructions:

- i. There are 30 questions in all.
- ii. All questions are compulsory.
- iii. Question numbers 1 to 18 are Multiple Choice Questions (MCQs) carrying 1 mark each. Write only the correct answer in your answer sheets.
- iv. Question numbers 19 to 22 are short answer questions carrying 3 marks each. Answer to each of these questions should not exceed 80-100 words.
- v. Question numbers 23 to 28 are long answer questions carrying 5 marks each. Answer to each of these questions should not exceed 150 words.
- vi. Question numbers 29 and 30 are related to identification or location and labeling of geographical features on maps, carrying 5 marks each.
- vii. Outline map of India and World provided to you must be attached within your answer book.
- viii. Use of template or stencils for drawing outline maps is allowed.

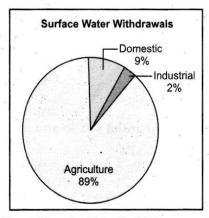
	SECTION A	
Q1	Which one of the following is the largest linguistic group of India?	1
	a. Sino – Tibetan	
	b. Indo – Aryan	
	c. Austric	
	d. Dravidian	
	OR	
	Which one of the following periods had witnessed rapid growth of population.	
	a. Before 1921	
	b. 1921 - 1951	
	c. 1951 – 1981	
	d. After 1981	
Q2	Which one of the following is the main reason for male migration in India?	1
	a. Education	
	b. Business	
	c. Work and employment	
	d. Marriage	

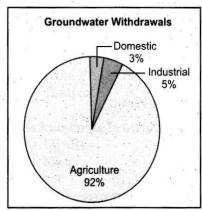
Identify the country with the highest sex ratio in the world a. Latvia b. United Arab Emirates c. Japan d. France OR			
b. United Arab Emirates c. Japan d. France OR Which one of the following figures represents the working age group of the population? a. 15 to 65 years b. 15 to 64 years c. 15 to 66 years d. 15 to 59 years Q4 Which one of the following group of cities have been arranged in the sequence of their ranks i.e., 1,2,3 and 4 in size? a. Greater Mumbai, Bangaluru, Kolkata, Chennai. b. Delhi, Greater Mumbai, Chennai, Kolkata. c. Kolkata, Greater Mumbai, Chennai, Delhi. d. Greater Mumbai, Kolkata, Delhi, Chennai. OR Palli and nagla belong to which one of the following rural settlements- a. Clustered b. Semi-clustered c. Hamleted d. Dispersed or isolated. Q5 Which one of the following is not a Push factor? a. Water Shortage b. Medical/Educational facilities c. Unemployment d. Epidemics Q6 Which one of the following best is the best description of Development? 1 a. An increase in size b. A constant in size c. A positive change in quality	Q3	Identify the country with the highest sex ratio in the world	1
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d. Epidemics Q6 Which one of the following best is the best description of Development? a. An increase in size b. A constant in size c. A positive change in quality		b. Medical/Educational facilities	
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a. An increase in size b. A constant in size c. A positive change in quality		·	
b. A constant in size c. A positive change in quality	Q6		1
c. A positive change in quality		a. An increase in size	
		b. A constant in size	
d. A simple change in quality			
ı ı		d. A simple change in quality	

Q7	Which one of the following is not a Plantation Crop?	1
	a. Coffee	
	b. Sugarcane	
	c. Wheat	
	d. Rubber	
Q8	Which one of the following types of cultivation was developed by European	1
	colonists?	
	a. Kolkhoz	
	b. Mixed Farming	
	c. Viticulture	
	d. Plantation	
Q9	Which one of the following does not follow Monoculture?	1
	a. Commercial Grain Farming	
	b. Plantation Agriculture	
	c. Mixed Farming	
	d. Dairy Farming	
Q10	Which one of the following forms of settlement develops along either side of roads,	1
	rivers or canals?	
	a. Circular	
	b. Linear	
	c. Cross Shaped	
	d. Square	
Q11	Which one of the following types of economic activities dominates in all rural	1
	settlements?	
	a. Primary	
	b. Tertiary	
	c. Secondary	
	d. Quaternary	
Q12	The first urban settlement to reach a population of one million was:	1
	a. Paris	
	b. New York	
	c. London	
	d. Canberra	

Q13	Identify the land locked harbor from the followings-	1
	a. Vishakhapatnam	
	b. Mumbai	
	c. Ennor	
	d. Haldia	
Q14	Which one of the following is the longest national highway of India?	1
	a. NH-1	
	b. NH-7	
	c. NH-6	
	d. NH-8	
Q15	Complete the following table by writing appropriate answer:	1
	Means of Communications	
	Letter, Telephone, Telegram, Fax, e-mail, Radio, Television, Cinema, Satellite,	
	Internet, etc. Newspaper, Magazines, Public meetings,	
	Seminar and conferences	
Q16	Name the Headquarters of Northern Railway Zone of India	1
	a. Lucknow	
	b. Kanpur	
	c. New Delhi	
	d. Chandigarh	
Q17	Land degradation in irrigated areas is caused by which of following reason?	1
	a. Gully erosion	
	b. Wind erosion	
	c. Salinization of soil	
	d. Siltation of land	
Q18	South-West monsoon in India coincides with which cropping season?	1
, ,		
	a. Kharif	

	c. Zaid	
	d. None of the above	
	SECTION B	
Q19	"The chief gateways of the world of international trade are the harbours and ports".	3
	Justify the statement with examples.	
Q20	How is Possibilism different from Environmental Determinism? Explain with suitable	3
	Examples.	
Q21	Study the pie-chart given below and answer the questions that follow-	3





Source: Earth Trend 2001, World Resource Institute, as given in Govt. of India (2002) Reporting:: Sectoral Usage of Surface Water Fig. Sectoral Usage of Groundwarter.

- a. Which sector's share is the maximum in the usage of surface and ground water?
- b. What is the percentage of agricultural sector in the usage of surface water and Ground water?
- c. Why the development of irrigation was assigned a very high priority in the Five years plans?

For visually impaired candidates (in place of Q. No. 21)

- a. Name the two sources where water is available for irrigation.
- b. Which sector of economy uses the maximum amount of water in our country?
- c. Why is development of irrigation was assigned a very high priority in five years plans?

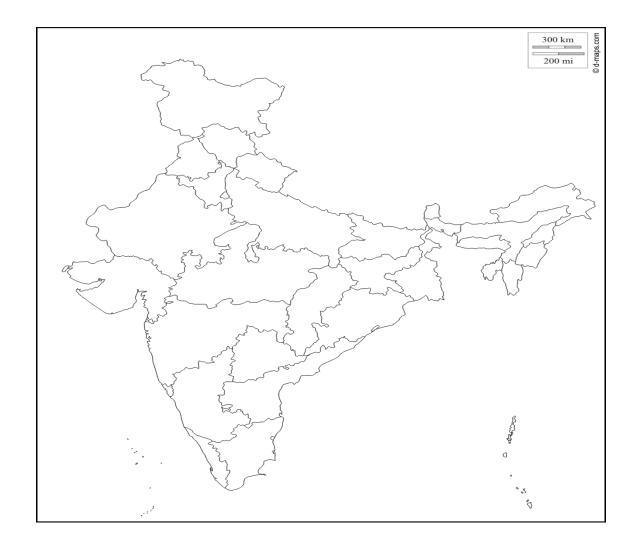
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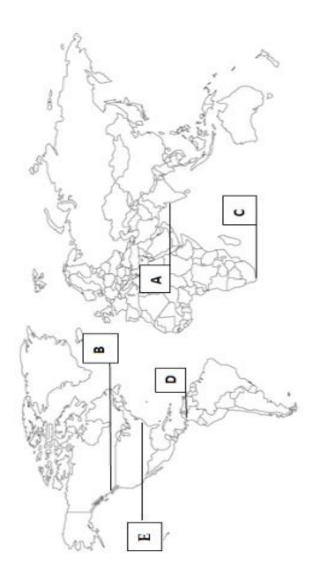
Q22	'Development has direct bearings on the deteriorating human conditions'. How	3
	poor people are more affected in this process?	
	OR	
	Describe the concept of Human Development as defined by United Nations	
	Development Programme (UNDP)	
	SECTION C	
Q23	The challenge of sustainable development requires integration of quest for	5
	economic development with environmental concerns. Comprehend the statement in	
	relation to the development of non conventional sources of energy in India by giving	
	suitable example.	
	OR	
	Nuclear energy is replacing the conventional sources in India. Do you think it as a	
	viable energy source of energy in future keeping in view the availability of nuclear	
	minerals in India.	
Q24	Study the map given below and answer the questions that follows-	3+2=5
	INDIRA GANDHI CANAL COMMAND AREA Ganganagar main canal Head Haryana Head Haryana Jaisalmer Rajasthan Connand Area Emil Under Flow	

	a. What is the difference between the two areas shown as 'Under Flow' and	
	'Under Lift' system of irrigation.	
	b. Name any four districts that are benefited by the command area of the canal	
	in stage I and stage II	
	For visually impaired candidates (in place of Q. No. 24)	
	a. How has the introduction of Indira Gandhi Canal irrigation in the dry lands of Rajasthan influenced the environmental conditions of the region positively? Explain in three points.	3
	 Name any four districts benefitted by the Indira Gandhi Canal irrigation system. 	2
Q25	Classify industries on the basis of the raw material used. Explain each of them with	5
	examples.	
	OR	
	Explain why high-tech industries in many countries are being attracted to the peripheral areas of major metropolitan centres?	
Q26	"The modern economic development in the world is mainly the result of the	5
	development of Quaternary Service." Explain the statement with suitable examples.	
Q27	What are the modes by which cyber space will expand the contemporary economic	5
	and social space of humans?	
	OR	
	Which are the major regions of the world having a dense network of airways?	
	Explain with examples.	
Q28	Land degradation caused by human made processes are more harmful than natural	5
	processes in India. Analyse the statement with suitable examples.	
	OR	
	How has Noise pollution become hazardous in many big cities of India? Explain by	
	giving suitable examples.	
Q29	On the outline map of India mark and indicate the following features (any five)	5
	a. State having highest urban population	
	b. Software technology park of Telangana	
	c. International airport located in Assam	
	d. Eastern terminal point of Golden Quadrilateral	
	e. Copper mine located in Rajasthan	
	f. Bauxite mines in Odisha	
	g. Southern terminal station of North-South corridor.	
	g. Coddion tominal station of North Coddi Comdon.	

	For visually impaired candidates (in place of Q. No. 29)Attempt any five a. Which state in India has highest urban population? b. Name the Software technology park of Telangana. c. Name the international airport located in Assam. d. Which is the eastern terminal of Golden Quadrilateral? e. Name the copper mines of Rajasthan. f. Write the name of Bauxite mine of Odisha. g. Which is the southern terminal of North South Corridor?	1x5=5
Q30	On the given political map of the world, following five features are shown. Identify	5
	these features with the help of the given key and write them on the blanks marked	
	A,B,C,DandE	
	A. A Mega city	
	B. A major sea-port	
	C. Grasslands of Africa with extensive commercial grain farming	
	D. An important Shipping Canal	
	E. Industrial region of the US.	
	For visually impaired candidates (in place of Q. No. 30) a. Write the name of Mega City located in Western India. b. Name the major seaport located on the Pacific coast of Canada. c. Name the Grasslands of Africa with extensive Commercial grain farming. d. Which is the important waterway of Central America? e. Name the Industrial region of Eastern U.S.A.	1x5



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प्रतिदर्श प्रश्न पत्र - 2019-20 हिंदी (आधार) (कोड-302) कक्षा - XII अंक योजना

निर्धारित समय - 3 घंटे

अधिकतम अंक - 80

सामान्य निर्देश:

- अंक योजना का उद्देश्य मूल्यांकन को अधिकाधिक वस्तुनिष्ठ बनाना है। अंक-योजना में दिए गए उत्तर-बिंदु अंतिम नहीं है। ये सुझावात्मक एवं सांकेतिक हैं। यदि परीक्षार्थी ने इनसे भिन्न, किंतु उपयुक्त उत्तर दिए हैं तो उसे उपयुक्त अंक दिए जाएँ।
- मूल्यांकन-कार्य निजी व्याख्या के अनुसार नहीं, बल्कि अंक-योजना में निर्दिष्ट निर्देशानुसार ही यथासंभव किया जाए।
- प्रश्नों के उत्तर यदि बिंदुओं में अपेक्षित हों और परीक्षार्थी अपेक्षा से अधिक बिंदुओं का उल्लेख करे तो सही बिंदु/बिंदुओं पर अंक दें और शेष/अनुपयुक्त बिंदुओं को अनदेखा करें।
- एक ही प्रकार की अशुद्धि के लिए बार-बार अंक न कार्ट जाएं।

		
		विभाजन
	खंड - क	
1 (1)	भारतीय सिनेमा एवं हिन्दी (अन्य उपयुक्त शीर्षक भी स्वीकार्य)	1
(2)	गैर-हिंदी भाषी कलाकारों को हिन्दी माध्यम से ही पहचान, प्रतिष्ठा एवं	1
	धन-संपत्ति मिली है।	
(3)	छोटा परदा यानि टेलीविज़न । इस कारण हिंदी आम भारतीयों के	2
	उपयोग की भाषा बन गई ।	
(4)	हिंदी की रचनात्मकता और उर्वरता के प्रमाण हैं	2
(5)	सदी का महानायक से लेखक का तात्पर्य श्री अमिताभ बच्चन से है।	2
	इनकी हिंदी हर दिल की धडकन और हर धडकन की भाषा बन गई।	
(6)	हिंदी उच्चारण की मिठास और गुणवत्ता अद्भुत, प्रभावी और ग्राहय है।	2
	हिंदी संप्रेषणीय भाषा है।	
(7)	उपसर्गः उत् ।	2
	प्रत्यय: ईय	
2. (1)	सुरक्षा की भावना के कारण	1
(2)	माँ की छत्र छाया में वह सुरक्षित महसूस करता है ।	1
(3)	विषम परिस्थितियों में माँ का ही सहारा मिलता है ।	1
(4)	ऋतु-चक्रों की हर वेला में तू ही पुष्प-लड़ी है माँ !	1

	अथवा	
(1)	कवि ने उन ज्ञानियों पर कटाक्ष किया है जो जीवन की सच्चाई को	
	नहीं समझ पाते हैं।	
(2)	जीवन व्यर्थ करना	
(3)	कवि संसार को सच्चा मानकर यह संदेश देना चाहता हैं कि हमें	
	कर्त्तव्य का पालन करना चाहिए।	
(4)	यह संसार भगवान को इसलिए प्रिय है क्योंकि यह संसार उसी ने रचा	
	है।	
	खंड-ख	
3.	दिए गए विषयों में से किसी एक विषय पर रचनात्मक लेखन	5
	(शब्द सीमा 120-150 शब्द)	
	विषय वस्तु - 3 अंक	
	भाषा - 1 अंक	
	कल्पनाशीलता - 1 अंक	
4.	(शब्द सीमा 80-100 शब्द)	5
	आरम्भ एवं अंत की औपचारिकताएँ - 1 अंक	
	विषय वस्तु - 3 अंक	
	भाषा - 1 अंक	
5.क)	अमीरों की पार्टियाँ, फ़िल्मी गप-शप इत्यादि ।	1
ख)	तुरन्त घटी घटना की सूचना देना ।	1
ग)	ख़बरों को ठीक कर छपने लायक बनाना ।	1
ਬ)	बहुत अल्प समय के लिए किसी समाचार संगठन में कार्यरत ।	1
ਤ)	किन्हीं दो समाचार पत्रों के नाम।	1
6.	(शब्द सीमा 80-100 शब्द)	5
	कहानी से नाटक बनाते हुए संवाद, मूल कथावस्तु, भाषा-शैली, मंच	
	सज्जा, ध्वनि, प्रकाश चरित्र चित्रण, पात्रों की भाव-भंगिमा,	
	दृश्यात्मकता आदि का ध्यान रखना चहिए ।	
	अथवा	
	आलेख लेखन	
	विषय वस्तु - 3 अंक	
	भाषा - 1 अंक	
	प्रस्तुति - 1 अंक	
	अथवा	
	फीचर लेखन	
	विषय वस्तु - 3 अंक	

	भाषा - 1 अंक	
	प्रस्तृति - 1 अंक	
	उंड-ग	
7.	(शब्द सीमा 30-40 शब्द)	2+2+2=6
	क) कैमरे में बंद अपाहिज-रघ्वीर सहाय	
	ख) आप अपाहिज क्यों हो, आप को अपाहिज होकर कैसा लगता है	
	ग) वह अपाहिज तथा दर्शक दोनों को साथ रुलाना चाहता है।	
	अथवा	
	क) लक्ष्मण मूर्छा और राम का विलाप, तुलसीदास	
	ख) आप के प्रताप को हृदय में धारण कर हे! प्रभु में तुरंत चला	
	जा <u>ऊ</u> ँगा ।	
	ग) बाह्बल, शील, श्रीराम के प्रति प्रेम ।	
8.	(शब्द सीमा 30-40 शब्द)	2×2=4
	क) बाल क्रीडाओं का चित्रण, माँ का वात्सल्य	
	ख) बाल मनोविज्ञान के अनुरूप भाषा, अनुप्रास अलंकार, लोक-भाषा ।	
	अथवा	
	क) उषाकाल का मानवीकरण I	
	ख) बिम्बात्मक भाषा का प्रयोग, उत्प्रेक्षा अलंकार, मानवीकरण ।	
9.	(शब्द सीमा 60-70 शब्द)	3×2=6
क)	• बात को सहज रूप से प्रकट करने के लिए सहज स्वाभाविक भाषा	
	का प्रयोग करना ।	
	• सही बात को सही शब्द से जोड़ना ।	
	• सीधी और सरल बोलचाल की भाषा प्रयोग से कथ्य प्रभावपूर्ण ।	
ख)	• कागज और खेत दोनों ही रचना / सृजन के आधार ।	
	• खेत में जैसे फसल उगती है उसी प्रकार कागज़ पर नई रचना ।	
	• कागज पर लिखे क्षण भर के अनुभव जीवन भर के लिए स्थायी हो	
	जाते हैं - जैसे क्षण भर की रोपाई अनंतता की कटाई हो ।	
ग)	निर्मलता, कोमलता, पवित्रता आदि के आधार पर कपास और बच्चे के	
	मन की तुलना की गई है ।	
10.	(शब्द सीमा 60-70 शब्द)	2×3=6
क)	• कारागार का नाम सुनते ही डर जाना	
	• उँची दीवार देखकर बेहोश हो जाना	
ख)	• डरपोक	
	• लेखिका के प्रतिनिष्ठा और प्रेम	
ग)	नौकर को अकेले छोड़ देना ।	

	अथवा	
क)	बाजार के आकर्षण को, क्योंकि बाजार में सामान की चकाचौंध हमें	
	लुभाती है और खरीदने पर विवश करती है।	
ख)	जब जेब भरी हो और मन खाली हो तो सर्वाधिक असर करता है ।	
	जब जेब खाली, पर मन भरा न हो तब भी जादू चलता है।	
ग)	जिन चीजों को ग्राहक ने जादू के प्रभाव में आराम बढ़ाने के लिए यो	
	ही खरीद लिया था, वे व्यर्थ प्रतीत होते हैं ।	
	आराम में मदद नहीं विघ्न पड़ता है ।	
11.		4+4+2=10
क)	(शब्द सीमा 80-100 शब्द)	4
	• लोक आस्था और विज्ञान के द्वंद्व का सुन्दर चित्रण । विज्ञान का	
	अपना तर्क है और आस्था का अपना विश्वास है ।	
	 देशभक्ति जगाना एवं भ्रष्टाचार का विरोध करना । 	
ख)	(शब्द सीमा 80-100 शब्द)	4
	• दंगल में चाँद सिंह से कुश्ती के समय ।	
	• नए राजकुमार के आने से ।	
	अथवा	
	• चार्ली की अधिकांश फ़िल्में मूक थीं । इसलिए लोगों को निकट	
	लाने के लिए उन्हें अधिक से अधिक मानवीय होना पड़ा ।	
	• चार्ली ने अपनी फिल्मों में सामान्य आदमी को स्थान दिया ।	
	• उन्होंने स्नेह, करूणा और मानवीय जीवन मूल्यों को साकार	
	किया ।	
ग)	(शब्द सीमा 30-40 शब्द)	2
	• शिरीष के फूल कालजयी अवधूत के समान मस्त, बेपरवाह, फक्कड़	
	और अनासक्त जीवन जीने की प्रेरणा देता है ।	
12.	(शब्द सीमा 80-100 शब्द)	4×3=12
(क)	यशोधर बाबू के प्रति बच्चों का व्यवहार उचित नहीं था ।	
	युवा पीढ़ी के घटते मूल्य :	
	• बच्चे बड़ों के प्रति आदर-सम्मान का भाव नहीं रखते ।	
	• परम्पराओं एवं संस्कारों का पालन नहीं करते ।	
	• मानवीय मूल्यों का निरादर करते हैं ।	
	परिवार में बड़ों के प्रति स्नेह, सम्मान और आदर प्रदर्शित करने के	
	विभिन्न तरीके : सटीक उत्तर पर अंक प्रदान करें ।	
(ख)	जूझ शीर्षक का अर्थ है "संघर्ष"- जो कथानायक के जीवन पर भी लागू	
	होता है ।	

(ग)	• ऐन फ्रैंक भावुक पर बुद्धिमान बालिका थी ।	
	• फिल्मों की शौक़ीन ।	
	• परिश्रमी ।	
	• प्रकृति प्रेमी ।	
	• नारी के अधिकारों के प्रति सचेत ।	
	• चिंतन-मननशील स्वभाव ।	
(ঘ)	• जूझ का अर्थ है संघर्ष ।	
	• कथानक आनंदा ने पाठशाला जाने के लिए संघर्ष किया ।	
	• कवि बनने के लिए संघर्ष ।	
	• संघर्ष के बल पर कथानायक को अपने उद्देश्य की प्राप्ति ।	
(ङ)	शानदार नगर-नियोजन, जल-प्रणाली, तकनीक प्रयोग के प्रमाण, स्व-	
	अनुशासित आदि ।	